

# Converting Colors

RGB(202, 198, 231)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(202, 198, 231) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(202, 198, 231)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CAC6E7
RGB	202, 198, 231
RGB Percent	79%, 78%, 91%
CMY	0.2078, 0.2235, 0.0941
CMYK	0.13, 0.14, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	247°, 41%, 84%
HSV	247°, 14%, 91%
XYZ	58.9750, 58.7142, 83.8260
YIQ	202.9580, -8.2090, 11.1110

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

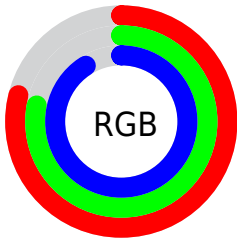
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	202, 198, 231
Decimal	13289191
CIE Lab	81.13, 7.78, -15.83
CIE LCh	81, 17.638, 296.171
Yxy	58.7142, 0.2927, 0.2914
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291479271 (0xFFCAC6E7)
YUV	202.9580, 13.8247, -0.8402
Hunter-Lab	76.6252, 3.2893, -11.2240

# Details

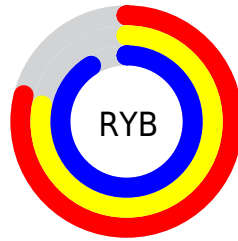
The RGB color **202, 198, 231** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **227, 231, 198**, and the grayscale version is **203, 203, 203**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **148, 144, 175** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **182, 175, 231**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **222, 221, 231**.

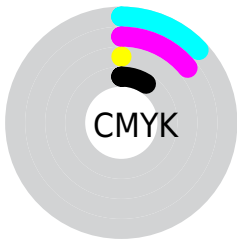
# Distribution



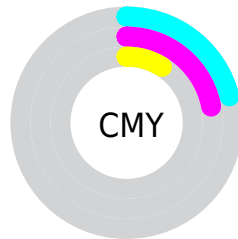
- Red (79%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (14%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (9%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 202, 198, 231 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 202, 198, 231 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



■ 202, 198, 231

255, 255, 255

255, 255, 255

■ 202, 198, 231

■ 174, 171, 203

■ 148, 144, 175

■ 122, 119, 149

■ 97, 94, 123

■ 73, 70, 98


■ 50, 48, 74


■ 28, 27, 51

■ 6, 0, 31


■ 0, 0, 1

 202, 198, 231


 202, 198, 231

 182, 175, 231


 222, 221, 231


 161, 152, 231

 243, 244, 231

 141, 129, 231


 255, 255, 231


 121, 106, 231

 101, 83, 231

 80, 59, 231

 60, 36, 231

 40, 13, 231

 28, 0, 231

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181, 204, 234



202, 198, 231



221, 193, 220

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



202, 198, 231



230, 194, 175



165, 211, 199

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



202, 198, 231



227, 231, 198

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



180, 209, 183



202, 198, 231



217, 200, 169

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



202, 198, 231



236, 191, 188



199, 205, 172



158, 211, 215

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



202, 198, 231



230, 191, 210



199, 205, 172



169, 211, 193



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



202, 198, 231



246, 245, 255



198, 227, 231



122, 121, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



202, 198, 231



217, 212, 255



218, 198, 231



105, 103, 115



22, 0, 179



6, 0, 51



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



231, 198, 227



255, 212, 250



211, 231, 198



115, 103, 113



179, 0, 157

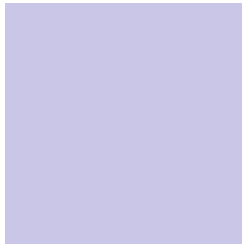


51, 0, 45



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 202, 198, 231 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

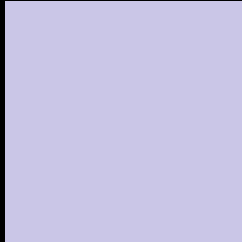
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 202, 198, 231 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

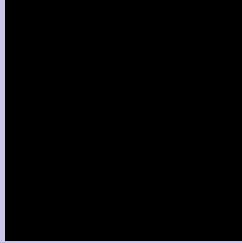
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

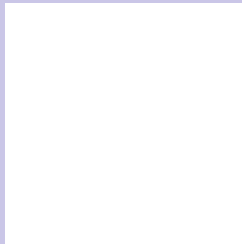
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 202, 198, 231 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 202, 198, 231.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 202, 198, 231.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
202, 198, 231

**Protanopia**  
196, 200, 232

**Deuteranopia**  
207, 196, 231



**Tritanopia**  
200, 200, 216

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

202, 198, 231

**Protanomaly**

198, 199, 232

**Deuteranomaly**

205, 197, 231

**Tritanomaly**

201, 199, 221

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

202, 198, 231

**Achromatopsia**

203, 203, 203

**Achromatomaly**

203, 201, 213

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 202, 198, 231 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 198, 231)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 198, 231)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 198, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 198, 231) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 202, 198, 231 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 198, 231) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 198, 231) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 198, 231) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 198, 231); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 198, 231);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 198,  
231) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 202, 198, 231 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 198, 231) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
198, 231) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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