

Converting Colors

RGB(202, 211, 187)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(202, 211, 187) contains.

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Color

RGB(202, 211, 187)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CAD3BB
RGB	202, 211, 187
RGB Percent	79%, 83%, 73%
CMY	0.2078, 0.1725, 0.2667
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.11, 0.17
HSL	82°, 21%, 78%
HSV	82°, 11%, 83%
XYZ	56.6210, 62.7329, 56.1381
YIQ	205.5730, 2.3400, -9.3720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

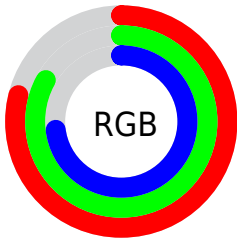
Format	Color
RYB	187, 211, 196
Decimal	13292475
CIELab	83.30, -7.31, 10.84
CIELCh	83, 13.075, 124.015
Yxy	62.7329, 0.3226, 0.3575
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291482555 (0xFFCAD3BB)
YUV	205.5730, -9.1565, -3.1335
Hunter-Lab	79.2041, -11.0021, 13.4195

Details

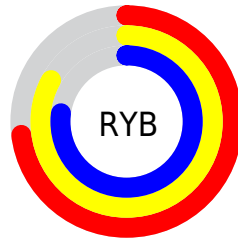
The RGB color **202, 211, 187** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **196, 187, 211**, and the grayscale version is **206, 206, 206**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 243**, and **148, 157, 134** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **194, 211, 166**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **210, 211, 208**.

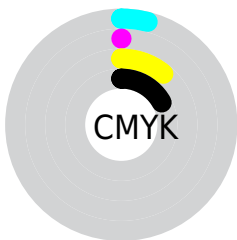
Distribution



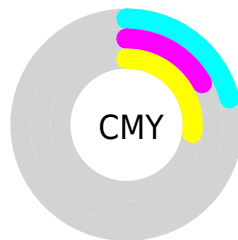
- Red (79%)
- Green (83%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (77%)



- Cyan (4%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (17%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 202, 211, 187 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 202, 211, 187 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 202, 211, 187

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 255, 243

■ 202, 211, 187

■ 175, 183, 160

■ 148, 157, 134

■ 122, 130, 109

■ 97, 105, 84

■ 73, 81, 61

■ 51, 58, 39

■ 29, 37, 19

■ 0, 16, 0

■ 0, 0, 0

 202, 211, 187

 202, 211, 187

 194, 211, 166

 210, 211, 208

 186, 211, 145

 218, 211, 229

 178, 211, 124


 226, 211, 250

 170, 211, 103


 234, 211, 255

 162, 211, 82

 242, 211, 255

 155, 211, 60

 249, 211, 255

 147, 211, 39

 255, 211, 255

 139, 211, 18

 132, 211, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



216, 207, 183



202, 211, 187



188, 214, 196

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



202, 211, 187



183, 212, 229



233, 199, 206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



202, 211, 187



196, 187, 211

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



225, 201, 219



202, 211, 187



197, 208, 232

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



202, 211, 187



177, 214, 221



212, 204, 228



234, 200, 194

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



202, 211, 187



181, 215, 205



212, 204, 228



231, 199, 210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



202, 211, 187



252, 255, 247



211, 196, 187



126, 128, 122



0, 0, 0



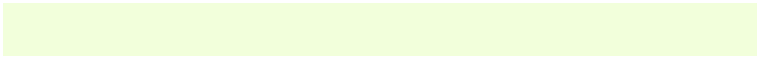
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



202, 211, 187



242, 255, 219



190, 211, 187



101, 105, 94



105, 168, 0



26, 41, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



196, 187, 211



233, 219, 255



208, 187, 211



98, 94, 105



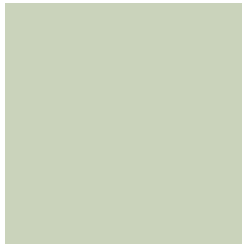
63, 0, 168



15, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 202, 211, 187 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 202, 211, 187 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

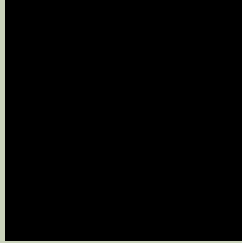
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

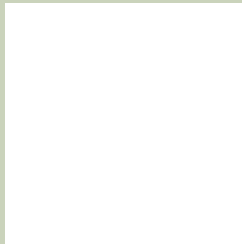
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 202, 211, 187 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 202, 211, 187.

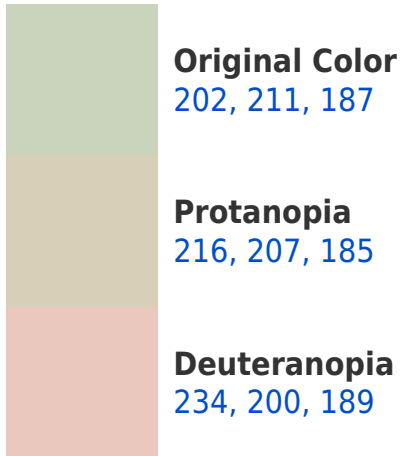


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 202, 211, 187.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

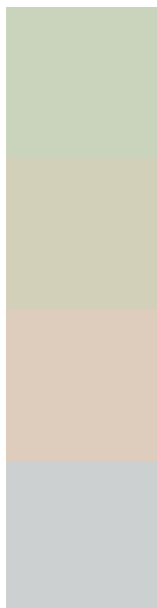
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
207, 206, 222

Trichromacy



Original Color

202, 211, 187

Protanomaly

211, 208, 186

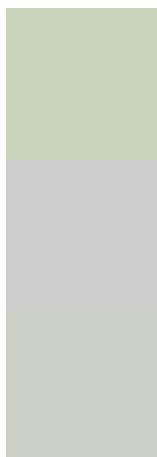
Deuteranomaly

222, 204, 188

Tritanomaly

205, 208, 209

Monochromacy



Original Color

202, 211, 187

Achromatopsia

206, 206, 206

Achromatomaly

205, 208, 199

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 202, 211, 187 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(202, 211, 187) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 211, 187)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 211, 187) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 211, 187) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 202, 211, 187 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 211, 187) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 211, 187) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 211, 187)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 211, 187); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 211, 187);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 211,  
187) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 202, 211, 187 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 211, 187) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
211, 187) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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