

Converting Colors

RGB(202, 224, 224)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(202, 224, 224) contains.

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Color

RGB(202, 224, 224)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CAE0E0
RGB	202, 224, 224
RGB Percent	79%, 88%, 88%
CMY	0.2078, 0.1216, 0.1216
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.00, 0.12
HSL	180°, 26%, 84%
HSV	180°, 10%, 88%
XYZ	64.4673, 71.2497, 80.8758
YIQ	217.4220, -13.1120, -4.6640

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

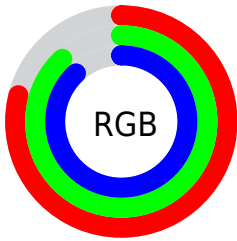
Format	Color
R_{YB}	202, 213, 224
Decimal	13295840
CIE _{Lab}	87.61, -7.27, -2.50
CIE _{LCh}	88, 7.685, 198.948
Yxy	71.2497, 0.2976, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291485920 (0xFFCAE0E0)
YUV	217.4220, 3.2430, -13.5251
Hunter-Lab	84.4095, -11.3883, 2.2788

Details

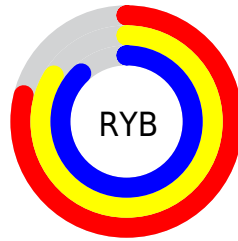
The RGB color `202, 224, 224` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `224, 202, 202`, and the grayscale version is `217, 217, 217`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255, 255, 255`, and `148, 169, 169` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `180, 224, 224`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `224, 224, 224`.

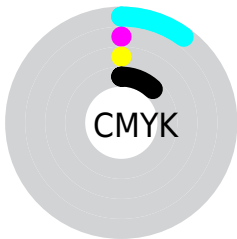
Distribution



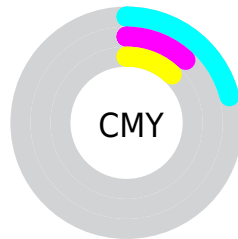
- Red (79%)
- Green (88%)
- Blue (88%)



- Red (79%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (88%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (12%)



- Cyan (21%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (12%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 202, 224, 224 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 202, 224, 224 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 202, 224, 224

255, 255, 255

■ 202, 224, 224

■ 175, 196, 196

■ 148, 169, 169

■ 122, 142, 142

■ 97, 117, 117

■ 73, 92, 92

■ 50, 69, 69

■ 28, 46, 47

■ 6, 26, 26

■ 0, 0, 0

 202, 224, 224

 202, 224, 224

 180, 224, 224

 224, 224, 224

 157, 224, 224

 247, 224, 224

 135, 224, 224

 255, 224, 224

 112, 224, 224

 90, 224, 224

 68, 224, 224

 45, 224, 224

 23, 224, 224

 0, 224, 224

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



205, 224, 217



202, 224, 224



203, 223, 230

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



202, 224, 224



227, 216, 229



229, 218, 205

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



202, 224, 224



224, 202, 202

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



234, 216, 209



202, 224, 224



233, 215, 223

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



202, 224, 224



218, 219, 233



236, 215, 215



221, 221, 206

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



202, 224, 224



207, 222, 233



236, 215, 215



231, 217, 206

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



202, 224, 224



247, 255, 255



202, 224, 202



122, 128, 128



0, 0, 0



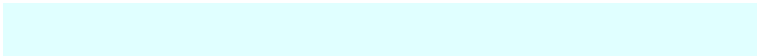
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



202, 224, 224



224, 255, 255



202, 213, 224



101, 112, 112



0, 176, 176



0, 48, 48

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



224, 202, 224



255, 224, 255



224, 213, 202



112, 101, 112



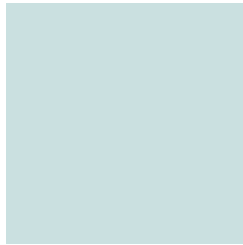
176, 0, 176



48, 0, 48

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 202, 224, 224 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

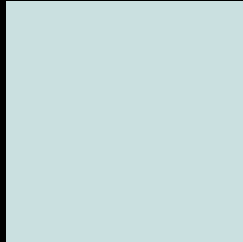
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 202, 224, 224 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

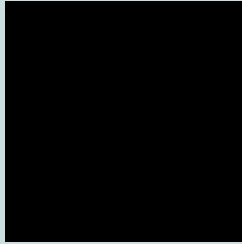
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

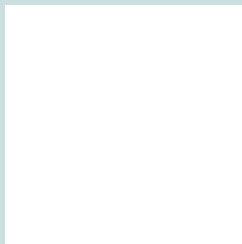
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 202, 224, 224 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 202, 224, 224.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 202, 224, 224.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

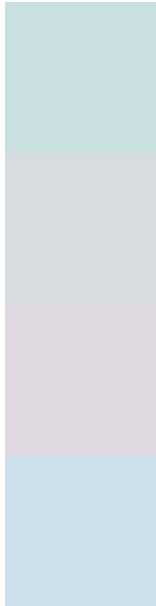
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
205, 222, 239

Trichromacy



Original Color

202, 224, 224

Protanomaly

215, 220, 222

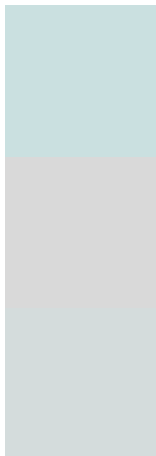
Deuteranomaly

224, 217, 225

Tritanomaly

204, 223, 234

Monochromacy



Original Color

202, 224, 224

Achromatopsia

217, 217, 217

Achromatomaly

212, 220, 220

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 202, 224, 224 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(202, 224, 224)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(202, 224, 224)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(202, 224, 224) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(202, 224, 224) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 202, 224, 224 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(202, 224, 224) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(202, 224, 224) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(202, 224, 224)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(202, 224, 224); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 224, 224);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(202, 224,  
224) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 202, 224, 224 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(202, 224, 224) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(202,  
224, 224) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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