

# Converting Colors

RGB(203, 102, 142)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(203, 102, 142) contains.

<b>RGB(203, 102, 142)</b> .....	3
<i><b>Conversions</b></i> .....	4
<i><b>Details</b></i> .....	6
<i><b>Harmonies</b></i> .....	11
<i><b>Previews</b></i> .....	23
<i><b>Color Blindness Simulation</b></i> .....	26
<i><b>CSS Examples</b></i> .....	29

**Color**

**RGB(203, 102, 142)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CB668E
RGB	203, 102, 142
RGB Percent	80%, 40%, 56%
CMY	0.2039, 0.6000, 0.4431
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.30, 0.20
HSL	336°, 49%, 60%
HSV	336°, 50%, 80%
XYZ	34.2625, 24.1522, 28.4472
YIQ	136.7590, 47.3560, 33.8520

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

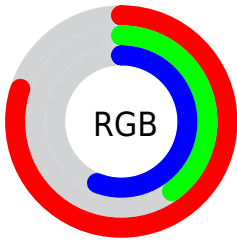
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
R <sub>Y</sub> B	203, 102, 142
Decimal	13330062
CIE Lab	56.24, 44.47, -3.31
CIE LCh	56, 44.591, 355.749
Yxy	24.1522, 0.3944, 0.2781
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291520142 (0xFFCB668E)
YUV	136.7590, 2.5838, 58.0934
Hunter-Lab	49.1449, 38.4415, 0.0818

# Details

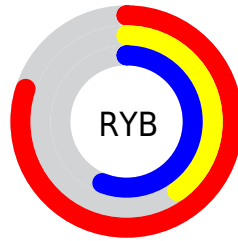
The RGB color **203, 102, 142** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **102, 203, 163**, and the grayscale version is **137, 137, 137**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 156, 196**, and **146, 50, 92** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **203, 82, 130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **203, 122, 154**.

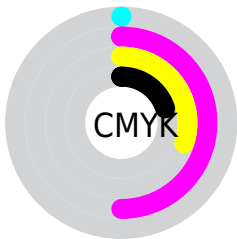
# Distribution



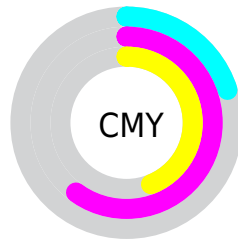
- Red (80%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (56%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (44%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 203, 102, 142 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 203, 102, 142 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 203, 102, 142

255, 255, 255

 255, 156, 196

 255, 183, 224

 255, 212, 252

 255, 241, 255

 203, 102, 142

 174, 76, 116

 146, 50, 92

 118, 21, 68

 91, 0, 46

 65, 0, 26

 41, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 203, 102, 142

 203, 82, 130

 203, 102, 142

 203, 122, 154

■ 203, 61, 117

■ 203, 143, 167

■ 203, 41, 105

■ 203, 163, 179

■ 203, 21, 93

■ 203, 183, 191

■ 203, 1, 81

■ 203, 204, 203

■ 203, 0, 80

■ 203, 224, 216

■ 203, 244, 228

■ 203, 255, 240

■ 203, 255, 252

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



177, 112, 179



203, 102, 142



206, 104, 103

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203, 102, 142



124, 143, 62



0, 150, 198

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203, 102, 142



102, 203, 163

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 154, 167



203, 102, 142



76, 150, 89

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203, 102, 142



162, 131, 55



0, 154, 128



40, 141, 212

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203, 102, 142



198, 112, 81



0, 154, 128



0, 152, 189



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203, 102, 142



255, 217, 232



163, 102, 203



128, 105, 114



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203, 102, 142



255, 102, 163



203, 112, 102



102, 92, 96



166, 0, 66



38, 0, 15



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



203, 102, 142



255, 102, 163



102, 193, 203



102, 92, 96



166, 0, 66

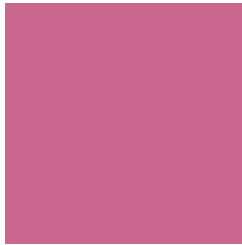


38, 0, 15



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 102, 142 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

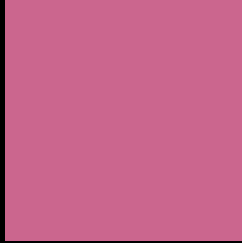
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 102, 142 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

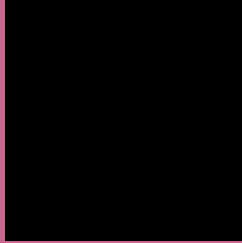
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 203, 102, 142 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 102, 142.

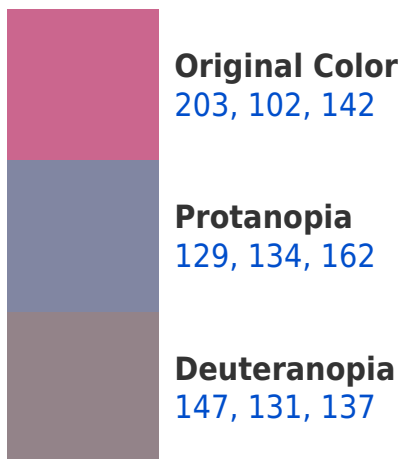


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 102, 142.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
201, 107, 115

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
203, 102, 142

**Protanomaly**  
156, 122, 155

**Deuteranomaly**  
167, 120, 139

**Tritanomaly**  
202, 105, 125

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
203, 102, 142

**Achromatopsia**  
137, 137, 137

**Achromatomaly**  
161, 124, 139

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 203, 102, 142 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 102, 142)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 102, 142)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 102, 142) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 102, 142) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 203, 102, 142 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 102, 142) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 102, 142) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 102, 142)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 102, 142); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 102, 142);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 102,  
142) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 203, 102, 142 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 102, 142) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
102, 142) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

**[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)**

**Follow me  
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor