

Converting Colors

RGB(203, 132, 201)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(203, 132, 201) contains.

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Color

RGB(203, 132, 201)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CB84C9
RGB	203, 132, 201
RGB Percent	80%, 52%, 79%
CMY	0.2039, 0.4824, 0.2118
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.01, 0.20
HSL	302°, 41%, 66%
HSV	302°, 35%, 80%
XYZ	43.4225, 33.4161, 59.4197
YIQ	161.0950, 20.1670, 36.5110

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

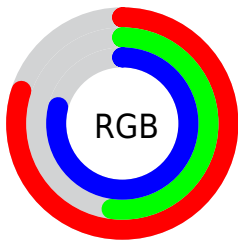
Format	Color
R_{YB}	203, 132, 201
Decimal	13337801
CIE _{Lab}	64.50, 38.12, -24.65
CIE _{LCh}	64, 45.398, 327.112
Yxy	33.4161, 0.3187, 0.2452
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291527881 (0xFFCB84C9)
YUV	161.0950, 19.6732, 36.7507
Hunter-Lab	57.8066, 32.9218, -20.4798

Details

The RGB color **203, 132, 201** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **132, 203, 134**, and the grayscale version is **161, 161, 161**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 186, 255**, and **148, 81, 147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **203, 112, 200**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **203, 152, 202**.

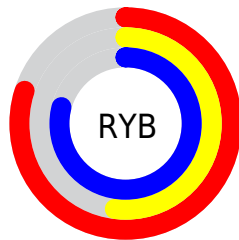
Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (52%)

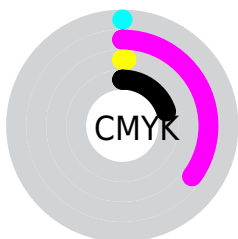
Blue (79%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (79%)

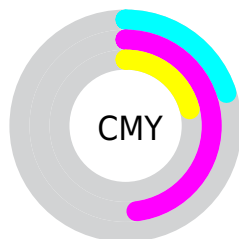


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (1%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (48%)


Yellow (21%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 203, 132, 201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 203, 132, 201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 203, 132, 201

 203, 132, 201


255, 255, 255

 175, 106, 174

 255, 186, 255

 148, 81, 147

 255, 214, 255


 121, 56, 121

 255, 243, 255

 95, 31, 96


 70, 3, 72

 46, 0, 49

 18, 0, 28


 0, 0, 0


 203, 132, 201


 203, 132, 201

 203, 112, 200


 203, 152, 202

 203, 91, 200


 203, 173, 202

 203, 71, 199


 203, 193, 203

 203, 51, 199

 203, 213, 203

 203, 31, 198

 203, 234, 204

 203, 10, 198

 203, 254, 204

 203, 0, 197

 203, 255, 205

 203, 255, 206

 203, 255, 206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153, 147, 229



203, 132, 201



229, 123, 162

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203, 132, 201



184, 153, 73



0, 177, 192

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203, 132, 201



132, 203, 134

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 177, 151



203, 132, 201



144, 165, 82

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203, 132, 201



215, 138, 89



94, 173, 111



0, 172, 224

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203, 132, 201



233, 123, 135



94, 173, 111



0, 177, 179

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203, 132, 201



255, 230, 254



133, 132, 203



128, 112, 127



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203, 132, 201



255, 148, 252



203, 132, 166



102, 92, 102



166, 0, 161



38, 0, 37

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



203, 132, 201



255, 148, 252



132, 203, 169



102, 92, 102



166, 0, 161



38, 0, 37

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 132, 201 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

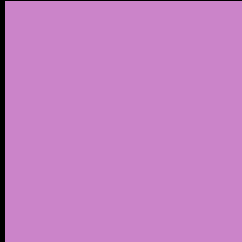
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 132, 201 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

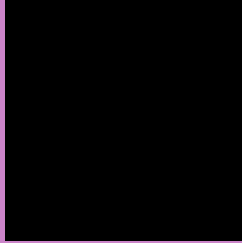
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 203, 132, 201 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 132, 201.

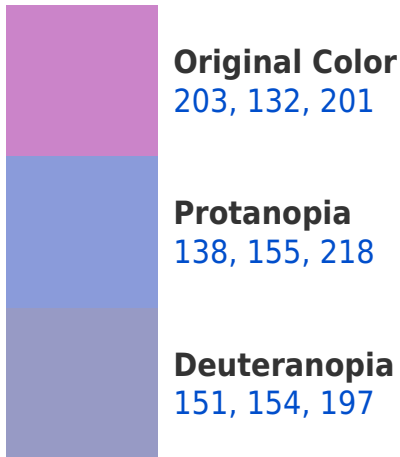



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 132, 201.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
197, 142, 153

Trichromacy



Original Color

203, 132, 201



Protanomaly

162, 147, 212



Deuteranomaly

170, 146, 198



Tritanomaly

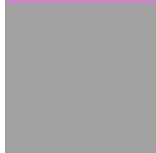
199, 138, 170

Monochromacy



Original Color

203, 132, 201



Achromatopsia

161, 161, 161



Achromatomaly

176, 150, 176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 203, 132, 201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(203, 132, 201) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 132, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 132, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 132, 201) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 203, 132, 201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 132, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 132, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 132, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 132, 201); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 132, 201); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 132, 201) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 203, 132, 201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 132, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
132, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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