

Converting Colors

RGB(203, 144, 122)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(203, 144, 122) contains.

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Color

RGB(203, 144, 122)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CB907A
RGB	203, 144, 122
RGB Percent	80%, 56%, 48%
CMY	0.2039, 0.4353, 0.5216
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.40, 0.20
HSL	16°, 44%, 64%
HSV	16°, 40%, 80%
XYZ	38.1147, 34.0482, 22.9754
YIQ	159.1330, 42.2260, 5.6660

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

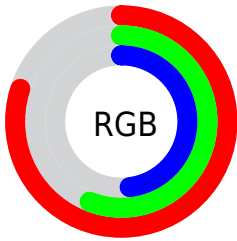
Format	Color
R_{YB}	203, 152, 122
Decimal	13340794
CIE _{Lab}	65.00, 19.57, 20.59
CIE _{LCh}	65, 28.406, 46.450
Yxy	34.0482, 0.4006, 0.3579
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291530874 (0xFFCB907A)
YUV	159.1330, -18.3066, 38.4714
Hunter-Lab	58.3508, 14.4822, 17.5003

Details

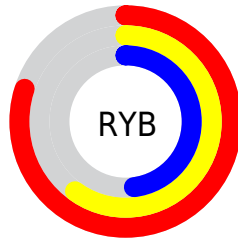
The RGB color **203, 144, 122** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **122, 181, 203**, and the grayscale version is **159, 159, 159**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 198, 175**, and **147, 93, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **203, 129, 102**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **203, 159, 142**.

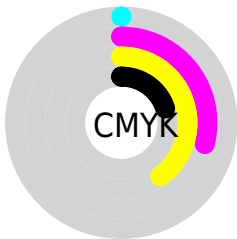
Distribution



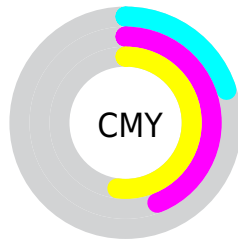
- Red (80%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (60%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (40%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (52%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 203, 144, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 203, 144, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 203, 144, 122

255, 255, 255

 255, 198, 175

 255, 226, 202


 255, 255, 230

 203, 144, 122

 175, 118, 97

 147, 93, 73

 120, 69, 50

 93, 46, 29

 68, 25, 5


 43, 2, 0


 0, 0, 0

 203, 144, 122


 203, 129, 102


 203, 144, 122

 203, 159, 142

 203, 114, 81

 203, 174, 163

 203, 100, 61

 203, 188, 183

 203, 85, 41

 203, 203, 203

 203, 70, 21

 203, 218, 224

 203, 55, 0

 203, 233, 244

 203, 55, 0

 203, 248, 255

 203, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



209, 139, 145



203, 144, 122



186, 152, 109

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203, 144, 122



103, 171, 145



145, 155, 206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203, 144, 122



122, 181, 203

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



108, 164, 207



203, 144, 122



80, 172, 171

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203, 144, 122



133, 167, 122



80, 169, 194



179, 146, 193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203, 144, 122



170, 158, 107



80, 169, 194



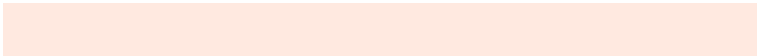
133, 158, 208

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203, 144, 122



255, 233, 224



203, 122, 181



128, 114, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203, 144, 122



255, 166, 133



203, 184, 122



102, 95, 92



166, 45, 0



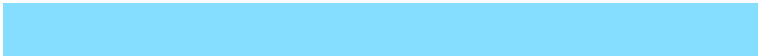
38, 10, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122, 181, 203



133, 222, 255



122, 141, 203



92, 99, 102



0, 121, 166



0, 28, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 144, 122 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

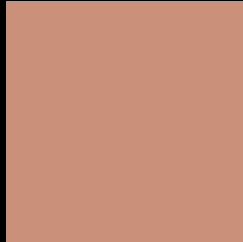
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 144, 122 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

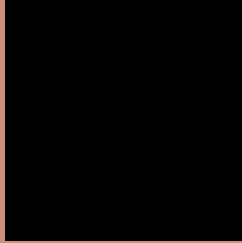
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 203, 144, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 144, 122.

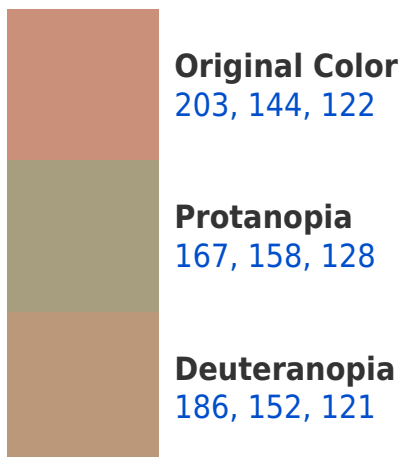



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 144, 122.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
206, 140, 151

Trichromacy



Original Color
203, 144, 122

Protanomaly
180, 153, 126

Deuteranomaly
192, 149, 121

Tritanomaly
205, 141, 140

Monochromacy



Original Color
203, 144, 122

Achromatopsia
159, 159, 159

Achromatomaly
175, 154, 146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 203, 144, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 144, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 144, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 144, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 144, 122) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 203, 144, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 144, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 144, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 144, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 144, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 144, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 144,  
122) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 203, 144, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 144, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
144, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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