

Converting Colors

RGB(203, 172, 148)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(203, 172, 148) contains.

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Color

RGB(203, 172, 148)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBAC94
RGB	203, 172, 148
RGB Percent	80%, 67%, 58%
CMY	0.2039, 0.3255, 0.4196
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.27, 0.20
HSL	26°, 35%, 69%
HSV	26°, 27%, 80%
XYZ	44.7264, 44.3397, 34.2181
YIQ	178.5330, 26.1800, -0.8920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

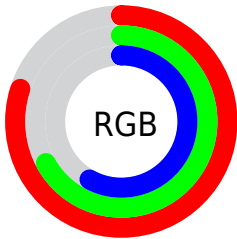
Format	Color
R _Y B	203, 191, 148
Decimal	13347988
CIE Lab	72.45, 7.64, 16.53
CIE LCh	72, 18.211, 65.211
Yxy	44.3397, 0.3628, 0.3597
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291538068 (0xFFCBAC94)
YUV	178.5330, -15.0528, 21.4576
Hunter-Lab	66.5880, 3.3673, 16.1439

Details

The RGB color **203, 172, 148** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **148, 179, 203**, and the grayscale version is **179, 179, 179**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 227, 202**, and **148, 120, 97** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **203, 161, 128**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **203, 183, 168**.

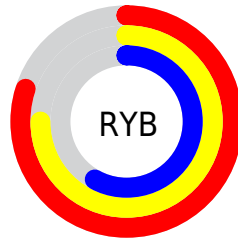
Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (67%)

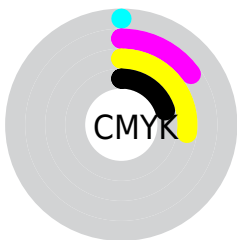
Blue (58%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (75%)

Blue (58%)

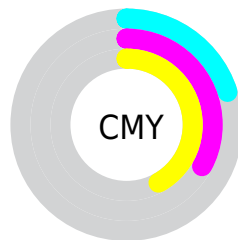


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (15%)

Yellow (27%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 203, 172, 148 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 203, 172, 148 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 203, 172, 148

 203, 172, 148

255, 255, 255

 175, 145, 122

 255, 227, 202

 148, 120, 97

 255, 255, 230

 122, 95, 73

 96, 71, 51

 72, 49, 29

 48, 28, 5

 26, 3, 0

 0, 0, 0

 203, 172, 148


 203, 172, 148

 203, 161, 128


 203, 183, 168

 203, 149, 107


 203, 195, 189

 203, 138, 87


 203, 206, 209

 203, 126, 67

 203, 218, 229

 203, 115, 47

 203, 229, 250

 203, 103, 26

 203, 241, 255

 203, 92, 6

 203, 252, 255

 203, 89, 0

 203, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



212, 168, 159



203, 172, 148



188, 177, 145

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203, 172, 148



137, 187, 180



184, 173, 205

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203, 172, 148



148, 179, 203

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



163, 178, 211



203, 172, 148



133, 186, 196

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203, 172, 148



151, 186, 163



143, 183, 207



202, 168, 192

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203, 172, 148



176, 181, 147



143, 183, 207



177, 174, 208

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203, 172, 148



255, 244, 235



203, 148, 179



128, 120, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203, 172, 148



255, 208, 171



203, 199, 148



102, 96, 92



166, 72, 0



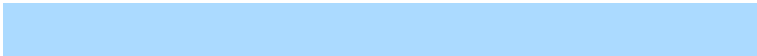
38, 17, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



148, 179, 203



171, 218, 255



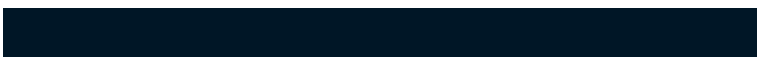
148, 152, 203



92, 98, 102



0, 93, 166



0, 22, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 172, 148 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 172, 148 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

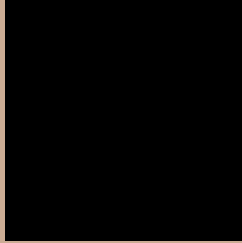
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 203, 172, 148 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 172, 148.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 172, 148.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
203, 172, 148

Protanopia
187, 177, 151

Deuteranopia
205, 171, 148



Tritanopia
207, 167, 180

Trichromacy



Original Color
203, 172, 148

Protanomaly
193, 175, 150

Deuteranomaly
204, 171, 148

Tritanomaly
206, 169, 168

Monochromacy



Original Color
203, 172, 148

Achromatopsia
179, 179, 179

Achromatomaly
188, 176, 168

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 203, 172, 148 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 172, 148)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 172, 148)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 172, 148) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 172, 148) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 203, 172, 148 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

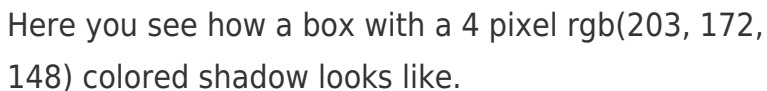
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 172, 148) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 172, 148) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 172, 148)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 172, 148); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 172, 148); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 172, 148) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 203, 172, 148 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 172, 148) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
172, 148) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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