

Converting Colors

RGB(203, 176, 186)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(203, 176, 186) contains.

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Color

RGB(203, 176, 186)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBB0BA
RGB	203, 176, 186
RGB Percent	80%, 69%, 73%
CMY	0.2039, 0.3098, 0.2706
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.08, 0.20
HSL	338°, 21%, 74%
HSV	338°, 13%, 80%
XYZ	49.0169, 47.2923, 52.9992
YIQ	185.2130, 12.8820, 8.8340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

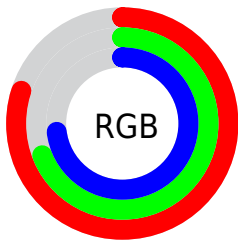
Format	Color
R _Y B	203, 176, 186
Decimal	13349050
CIE Lab	74.38, 11.41, -1.50
CIE LCh	74, 11.510, 352.489
Yxy	47.2923, 0.3283, 0.3167
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291539130 (0xFFCBB0BA)
YUV	185.2130, 0.3880, 15.5992
Hunter-Lab	68.7694, 6.8831, 2.4450

Details

The RGB color **203, 176, 186** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **176, 203, 193**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 232, 242**, and **149, 123, 133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **203, 156, 173**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **203, 196, 199**.

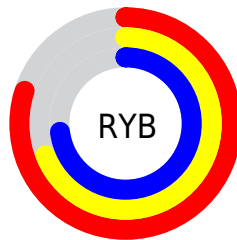
Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (69%)

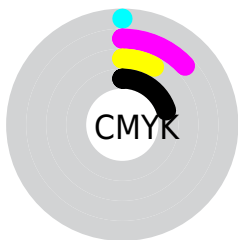
Blue (73%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (73%)

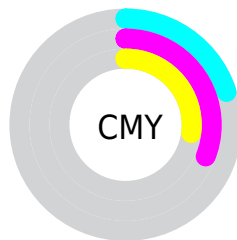


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (13%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 203, 176, 186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 203, 176, 186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 203, 176, 186

 203, 176, 186


255, 255, 255

 175, 149, 159


 255, 232, 242


 149, 123, 133

 123, 99, 108

 98, 75, 84

 74, 52, 60

 51, 30, 39

 31, 7, 18

 0, 0, 0

 203, 176, 186

 203, 176, 186

■ 203, 156, 173

■ 203, 196, 199

■ 203, 135, 160

■ 203, 217, 212

■ 203, 115, 148

■ 203, 237, 224

■ 203, 95, 135

■ 203, 255, 237

■ 203, 75, 122

■ 203, 255, 250

■ 203, 54, 109

■ 203, 255, 255

■ 203, 34, 97

■ 203, 14, 84

■ 203, 0, 75

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



194, 178, 196



203, 176, 186



206, 176, 175

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203, 176, 186



183, 185, 163



159, 188, 199

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203, 176, 186



176, 203, 193

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



156, 189, 191



203, 176, 186



171, 188, 170

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203, 176, 186



194, 181, 162



161, 189, 180



169, 185, 204

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203, 176, 186



204, 177, 169



161, 189, 180



157, 188, 197

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203, 176, 186



255, 245, 249



193, 176, 203



128, 121, 123



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203, 176, 186



255, 214, 229



203, 179, 176



102, 92, 96



166, 0, 61



38, 0, 14

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



203, 176, 186



255, 214, 229



176, 200, 203



102, 92, 96



166, 0, 61



38, 0, 14

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 176, 186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

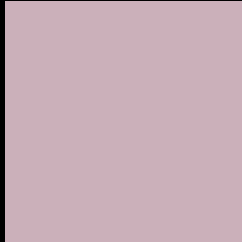
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 176, 186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

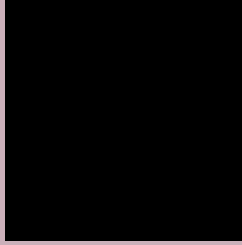
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 203, 176, 186 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 176, 186.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 176, 186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
203, 176, 186

Protanopia
184, 182, 190

Deuteranopia
199, 177, 186



Tritanopia
203, 175, 189

Trichromacy



Original Color

203, 176, 186

Protanomaly

191, 180, 189

Deuteranomaly

200, 177, 186

Tritanomaly

203, 175, 188

Monochromacy



Original Color

203, 176, 186

Achromatopsia

185, 185, 185

Achromatomaly

192, 182, 185

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 203, 176, 186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(203, 176, 186) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 176, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 176, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 176, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 203, 176, 186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 176, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 176, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 176, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 176, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 176, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 176,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 203, 176, 186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 176, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
176, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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