

Converting Colors

RGB(203, 194, 203)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(203, 194, 203) contains.

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Color

RGB(203, 194, 203)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CBC2CB
RGB	203, 194, 203
RGB Percent	80%, 76%, 80%
CMY	0.2039, 0.2392, 0.2039
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.00, 0.20
HSL	300°, 8%, 78%
HSV	300°, 4%, 80%
XYZ	54.6999, 55.5919, 64.3472
YIQ	197.7170, 2.4750, 4.7070

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

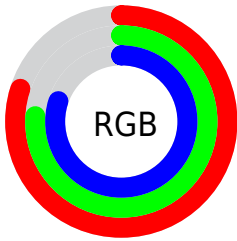
Format	Color
RYP	203, 194, 203
Decimal	13353675
CIELab	79.38, 4.77, -3.39
CIElCh	79, 5.852, 324.639
Yxy	55.5919, 0.3132, 0.3183
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291543755 (0xFFCBC2CB)
YUV	197.7170, 2.6045, 4.6332
Hunter-Lab	74.5600, 0.4741, 1.0231

Details

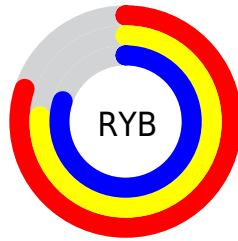
The RGB color **203, 194, 203** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **194, 203, 194**, and the grayscale version is **198, 198, 198**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 250, 255, and **149, 140, 149** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **203, 174, 203**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **203, 214, 203**.

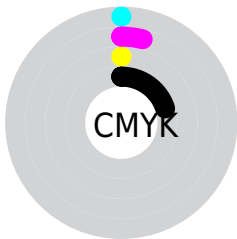
Distribution



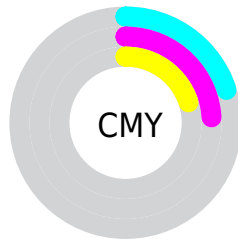
- Red (80%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 203, 194, 203 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 203, 194, 203 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 203, 194, 203

 203, 194, 203


255, 255, 255

 176, 167, 176

 255, 250, 255


 149, 140, 149

 123, 115, 123

 98, 90, 98

 74, 67, 75

 52, 45, 52


 31, 24, 31

 3, 0, 6

 0, 0, 0

 203, 194, 203

 203, 194, 203

 203, 174, 203


 203, 214, 203

 203, 153, 203


 203, 235, 203


 203, 133, 203


 203, 255, 203


 203, 113, 203


 203, 255, 203

 203, 93, 203

 203, 72, 203

 203, 52, 203

 203, 32, 203

 203, 11, 203

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197, 196, 206



203, 194, 203



207, 193, 198

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203, 194, 203



202, 196, 186



184, 200, 201

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203, 194, 203



194, 203, 194

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



185, 200, 195



203, 194, 203



196, 198, 187

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203, 194, 203



207, 194, 188



190, 199, 190



185, 199, 205

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203, 194, 203



209, 193, 194



190, 199, 190



184, 200, 199

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203, 194, 203



255, 252, 255



194, 194, 203



128, 126, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203, 194, 203



255, 242, 255



203, 194, 199



102, 96, 102



166, 0, 166



38, 0, 38

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



203, 194, 203



255, 242, 255



194, 203, 199



102, 96, 102



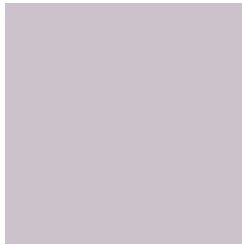
166, 0, 166



38, 0, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 194, 203 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

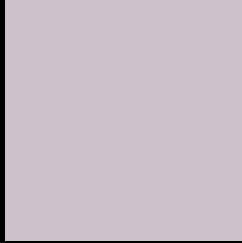
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 194, 203 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

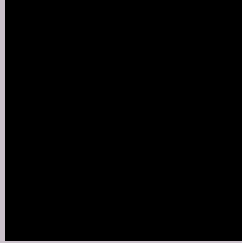
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

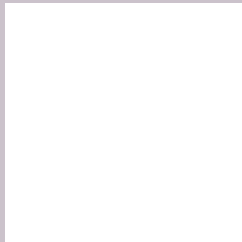
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 203, 194, 203 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 194, 203.

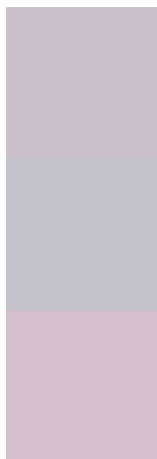


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 194, 203.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


203, 194, 203

Protanopia

198, 196, 204

Deuteranopia

212, 191, 204



Tritanopia
204, 193, 208

Trichromacy



Original Color

203, 194, 203

Protanomaly

200, 195, 204

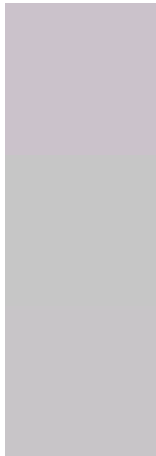
Deuteranomaly

209, 192, 204

Tritanomaly

204, 193, 206

Monochromacy



Original Color

203, 194, 203

Achromatopsia

198, 198, 198

Achromatomaly

200, 197, 200

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 203, 194, 203 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(203, 194, 203) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 194, 203)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 194, 203) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 194, 203) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 203, 194, 203 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 194, 203) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 194, 203) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 194, 203)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 194, 203); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 194, 203);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 194,  
203) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 203, 194, 203 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 194, 203) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
194, 203) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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