

# Converting Colors

RGB(203, 204, 184)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(203, 204, 184) contains.

|                                                |    |
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# **Color**

**RGB(203, 204, 184)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

| <b>Format</b> | <b>Color</b>              |
|---------------|---------------------------|
| Hex           | CBCCB8                    |
| RGB           | 203, 204, 184             |
| RGB Percent   | 80%, 80%, 72%             |
| CMY           | 0.2039, 0.2000, 0.2784    |
| CMYK          | 0.00, 0.00, 0.10, 0.20    |
| HSL           | 63°, 16%, 76%             |
| HSV           | 63°, 10%, 80%             |
| XYZ           | 54.8732, 59.3429, 53.9096 |
| YIQ           | 201.4210, 5.8240, -6.4320 |

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

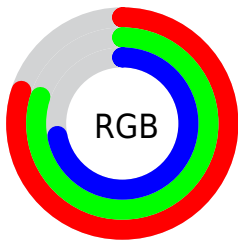
| <b>Format</b>                       | <b>Color</b>                 |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| <b>RYB</b>                          | 184, 204, 185                |
| Decimal                             | 13356216                     |
| CIELab                              | 81.48, -3.84, 9.85           |
| CIELCh                              | 81, 10.568, 111.280          |
| Yxy                                 | 59.3429, 0.3264,<br>0.3530   |
| Android<br>(android.graphics.Color) | 4291546296<br>(0xFFCBCCB8)   |
| YUV                                 | 201.4210, -8.5886,<br>1.3848 |
| Hunter-Lab                          | 77.0344, -7.6608,<br>12.4322 |

# Details

The RGB color **203, 204, 184** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **185, 184, 204**, and the grayscale version is **202, 202, 202**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 240**, and **149, 150, 131** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **202, 204, 164**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204, 204, 204**.

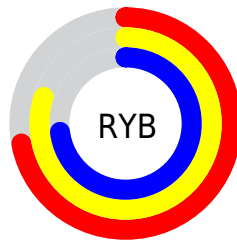
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (80%)

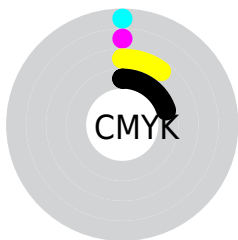
Blue (72%)



Red (72%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (73%)

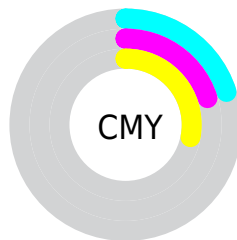


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (10%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (28%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 203, 204, 184 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 203, 204, 184 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 203, 204, 184

255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 240


 203, 204, 184


 176, 177, 157

 149, 150, 131

 123, 124, 106

 98, 99, 82

 74, 75, 59

 51, 53, 37

 30, 32, 16

 0, 8, 0


 0, 0, 0

 203, 204, 184

 203, 204, 184

 202, 204, 164

 204, 204, 204

 201, 204, 143

 205, 204, 225

 200, 204, 123

 206, 204, 245

 199, 204, 102


 207, 204, 255

 198, 204, 82

 208, 204, 255

 197, 204, 62

 209, 204, 255

 196, 204, 41

 210, 204, 255

 195, 204, 21

 211, 204, 255

 194, 204, 0

 212, 204, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



214, 201, 183



203, 204, 184



192, 207, 190

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203, 204, 184



180, 207, 217



221, 196, 206

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203, 204, 184



185, 184, 204

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



213, 198, 215



203, 204, 184



189, 204, 222

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203, 204, 184



178, 208, 209



201, 201, 221



224, 196, 196

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203, 204, 184



185, 208, 196



201, 201, 221



219, 196, 209



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203, 204, 184



255, 255, 247



204, 185, 184



127, 128, 122



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203, 204, 184



253, 255, 224



193, 204, 184



101, 102, 92



157, 166, 0



36, 38, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



185, 184, 204



226, 224, 255



195, 184, 204



92, 92, 102



8, 0, 166

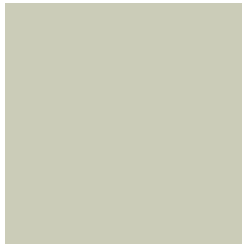


2, 0, 38



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 204, 184 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

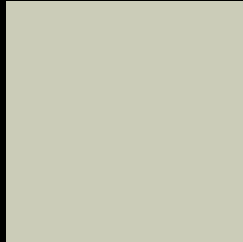
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 204, 184 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

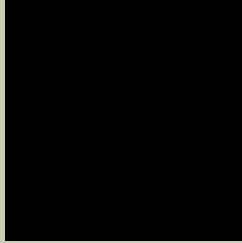
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

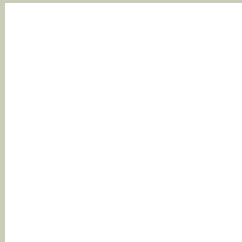
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 203, 204, 184 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 204, 184.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 204, 184.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
203, 204, 184

**Protanopia**  
211, 202, 183

**Deuteranopia**  
228, 195, 186



**Tritanopia**  
208, 199, 215

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

203, 204, 184

**Protanomaly**

208, 203, 183

**Deuteranomaly**

219, 198, 185

**Tritanomaly**

206, 201, 204

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

203, 204, 184

**Achromatopsia**

201, 201, 201

**Achromatomaly**

202, 202, 195

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 203, 204, 184 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(203, 204, 184) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 204, 184)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 204, 184) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 204, 184) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 203, 204, 184 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 204, 184) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 204, 184) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 204, 184)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 204, 184); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 204, 184); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 204, 184) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 203, 204, 184 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 204, 184) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203,  
204, 184) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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