

Converting Colors

RGB(203, 80, 76)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(203, 80, 76) contains.

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Color

RGB(203, 80, 76)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CB504C
RGB	203, 80, 76
RGB Percent	80%, 31%, 30%
CMY	0.2039, 0.6863, 0.7020
CMYK	0.00, 0.61, 0.63, 0.20
HSL	2°, 55%, 55%
HSV	2°, 63%, 80%
XYZ	28.8018, 18.9556, 8.9783
YIQ	116.3210, 74.5920, 24.8320

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

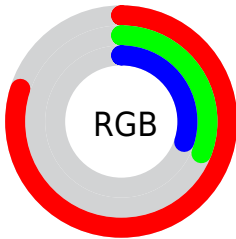
Format	Color
R_{YB}	203, 80, 76
Decimal	13324364
CIE _{Lab}	50.64, 48.62, 27.84
CIE _{LCh}	51, 56.023, 29.795
Yxy	18.9556, 0.5076, 0.3341
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291514444 (0xFFCB504C)
YUV	116.3210, -19.8783, 76.0175
Hunter-Lab	43.5381, 41.8916, 18.2501

Details

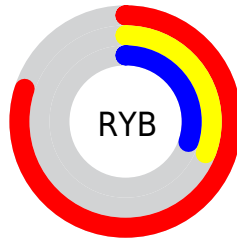
The RGB color **203, 80, 76** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **76, 199, 203**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 134, 125**, and **143, 22, 32** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **203, 60, 56**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **203, 100, 96**.

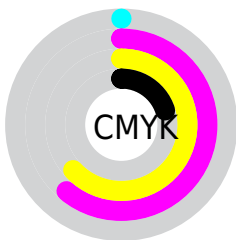
Distribution



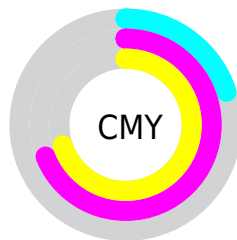
- Red (80%)
- Green (31%)
- Blue (30%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (31%)
- Blue (30%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (61%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (69%)
- Yellow (70%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 203, 80, 76 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 203, 80, 76 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 203, 80, 76  203, 80, 76

255, 255, 255  173, 53, 53

 255, 134, 125  143, 22, 32

 255, 161, 151  113, 0, 10

 255, 189, 178  84, 0, 0

 255, 218, 205  58, 0, 2

 255, 247, 233  19, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 203, 80, 76  203, 80, 76

 203, 60, 56  203, 100, 96

■ 203, 41, 35

■ 203, 119, 117

■ 203, 21, 15

■ 203, 139, 137

■ 203, 6, 0

■ 203, 159, 157

■ 203, 178, 178

■ 203, 198, 198

■ 203, 218, 218

■ 203, 237, 238

■ 203, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



204, 73, 123



203, 80, 76



181, 99, 35

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



203, 80, 76



0, 139, 70



0, 126, 216

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



203, 80, 76



76, 199, 203

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 137, 203



203, 80, 76



0, 143, 119

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



203, 80, 76



97, 131, 26



0, 142, 167



118, 108, 204

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



203, 80, 76



158, 112, 10



0, 142, 167



0, 131, 215

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



203, 80, 76



255, 208, 207



203, 76, 201



128, 99, 98



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



203, 80, 76



255, 70, 64



203, 142, 76



102, 92, 92



166, 5, 0



38, 1, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



76, 199, 203



64, 249, 255



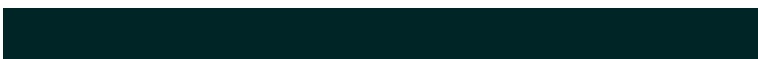
76, 137, 203



92, 102, 102



0, 161, 166



0, 37, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 203, 80, 76 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

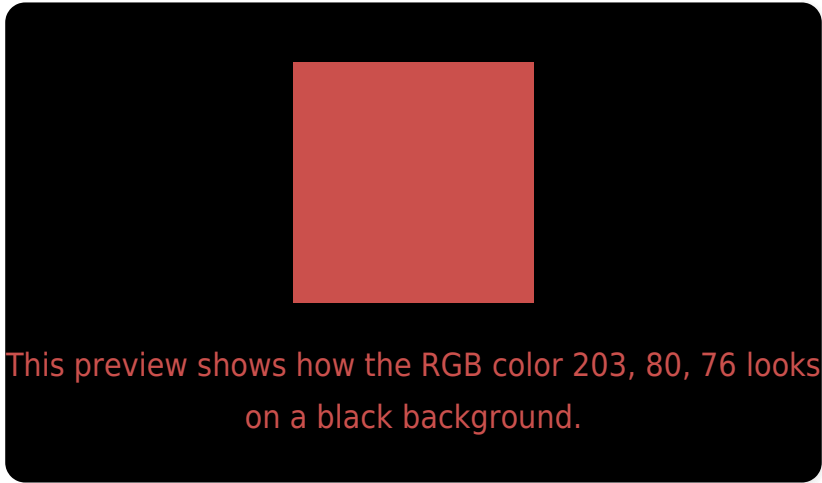
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 203, 80, 76 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 80, 76.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 203, 80, 76.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
203, 80, 76

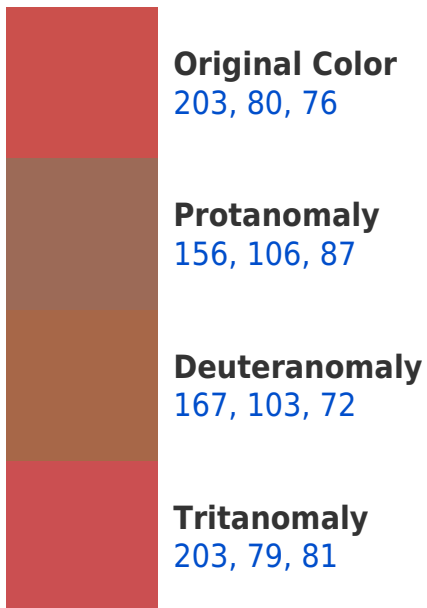
Protanopia
129, 121, 93

Deuteranopia
147, 116, 70

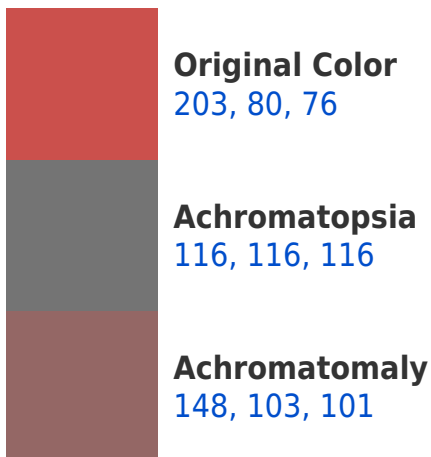


Tritanopia
203, 79, 84

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 203, 80, 76 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(203, 80, 76)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(203, 80, 76)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(203, 80, 76) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(203, 80, 76) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 203, 80, 76 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(203, 80, 76) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(203, 80, 76) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(203, 80, 76)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(203, 80, 76); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 80, 76);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(203, 80,  
76) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 203, 80, 76 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(203, 80, 76) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(203, 80,  
76) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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