

Converting Colors

RGB(204, 125, 138)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(204, 125, 138) contains.

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Color

RGB(204, 125, 138)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CC7D8A
RGB	204, 125, 138
RGB Percent	80%, 49%, 54%
CMY	0.2000, 0.5098, 0.4588
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.32, 0.20
HSL	350°, 44%, 65%
HSV	350°, 39%, 80%
XYZ	36.8229, 29.3396, 27.7671
YIQ	150.1030, 42.9110, 20.7910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

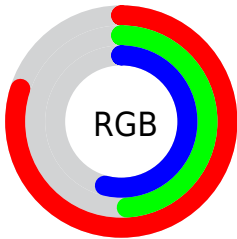
Format	Color
RYB	204, 125, 138
Decimal	13401482
CIELab	61.08, 32.26, 6.07
CIELCh	61, 32.823, 10.653
Yxy	29.3396, 0.3920, 0.3124
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291591562 (0xFFCC7D8A)
YUV	150.1030, -5.9668, 47.2677
Hunter-Lab	54.1660, 26.5565, 7.5224

Details

The RGB color **204, 125, 138** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **125, 204, 191**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 179, 191**, and **148, 74, 88** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **204, 105, 121**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204, 145, 155**.

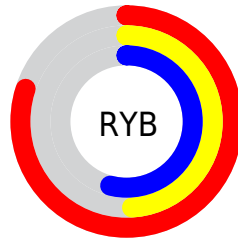
Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (49%)

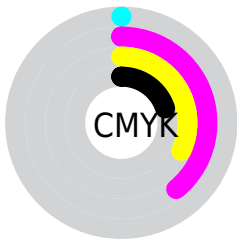
Blue (54%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (49%)

Blue (54%)

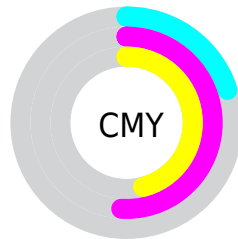


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (32%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)


Magenta (51%)

Yellow (46%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 204, 125, 138 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 204, 125, 138 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 204, 125, 138

255, 255, 255

 255, 179, 191

 255, 206, 219

 255, 235, 248

 204, 125, 138

 176, 99, 113

 148, 74, 88


 120, 50, 65


 94, 26, 43

 68, 0, 23


 46, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 204, 125, 138

 204, 105, 121

 204, 125, 138

 204, 145, 155

 204, 84, 104

 204, 166, 172

 204, 64, 87

 204, 186, 189

 204, 43, 70

 204, 207, 206

 204, 23, 53

 204, 227, 223

 204, 3, 36

 204, 247, 240

 204, 0, 34

 204, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



192, 128, 167



204, 125, 138



200, 130, 111

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204, 125, 138



125, 157, 102



74, 156, 201

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204, 125, 138



125, 204, 191

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



33, 161, 184



204, 125, 138



89, 162, 127

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204, 125, 138



157, 149, 90



50, 163, 157



123, 147, 204

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204, 125, 138



190, 136, 98



50, 163, 157



58, 158, 197

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



204, 125, 138



255, 224, 229



191, 125, 204



128, 110, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204, 125, 138



255, 138, 157



204, 151, 125



102, 92, 93



166, 0, 27



38, 0, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



204, 125, 138



255, 138, 157



125, 178, 204



102, 92, 93



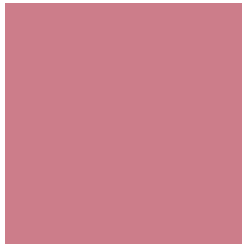
166, 0, 27



38, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 125, 138 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

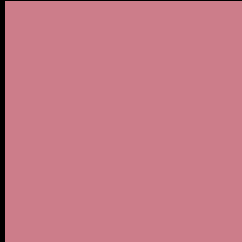
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 125, 138 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 204, 125, 138 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 125, 138.

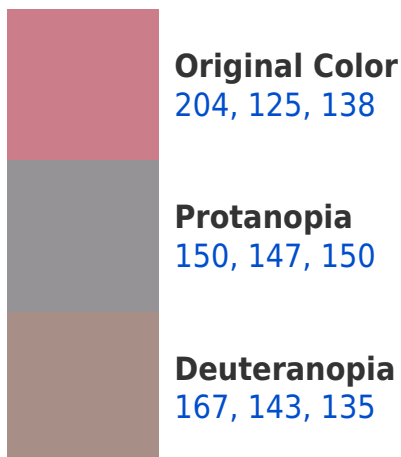


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 125, 138.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
204, 126, 135

Trichromacy



Original Color
204, 125, 138

Protanomaly
170, 139, 146

Deuteranomaly
180, 136, 136

Tritanomaly
204, 126, 136

Monochromacy



Original Color
204, 125, 138

Achromatopsia
150, 150, 150

Achromatomaly
170, 141, 146

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 204, 125, 138 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(204, 125, 138) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 125, 138)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 125, 138) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 125, 138) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 204, 125, 138 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 125, 138) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 125, 138) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 125, 138)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 125, 138); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 125, 138); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 125, 138) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 204, 125, 138 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 125, 138) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
125, 138) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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