

Converting Colors

RGB(204, 138, 12)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(204, 138, 12) contains.

RGB(204, 138, 12)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(204, 138, 12)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CC8A0C
RGB	204, 138, 12
RGB Percent	80%, 54%, 5%
CMY	0.2000, 0.4588, 0.9529
CMYK	0.00, 0.32, 0.94, 0.20
HSL	39°, 89%, 42%
HSV	39°, 94%, 80%
XYZ	34.0567, 31.0409, 4.5443
YIQ	143.3700, 79.7820, -25.1940

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

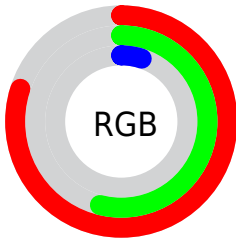
Format	Color
RYB	113, 204, 12
Decimal	13404684
CIELab	62.54, 16.59, 66.04
CIElCh	63, 68.095, 75.899
Yxy	31.0409, 0.4890, 0.4457
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291594764 (0xFFCC8A0C)
YUV	143.3700, -64.7654, 53.1725
Hunter-Lab	55.7143, 11.6122, 34.1641

Details

The RGB color **204, 138, 12** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **12, 78, 204**, and the grayscale version is **144, 144, 144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 191, 76**, and **144, 88, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **204, 134, 0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204, 145, 32**.

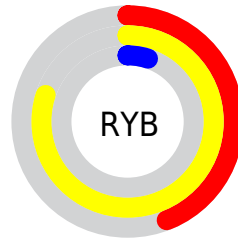
Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (54%)

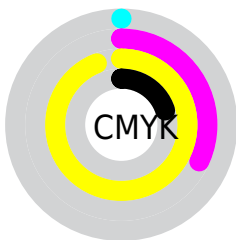
Blue (5%)



Red (44%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (5%)

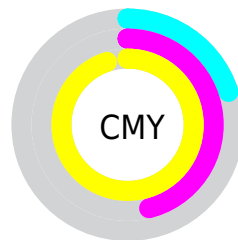


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (32%)

Yellow (94%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)


















Magenta (46%)

Yellow (95%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 204, 138, 12 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 204, 138, 12 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 204, 138, 12	 204, 138, 12
 255, 255, 255	 174, 113, 0
 255, 191, 76	 144, 88, 0
 255, 219, 103	 115, 65, 0
 255, 248, 131	 86, 43, 0
 255, 255, 158	 59, 22, 0
 255, 255, 186	 36, 0, 0
 255, 255, 215	 0, 0, 0
 255, 255, 244	

 204, 138, 12  204, 138, 12

■ 204, 134, 0

■ 204, 145, 32

■ 204, 152, 53

■ 204, 159, 73

■ 204, 166, 94

■ 204, 173, 114

■ 204, 180, 134

■ 204, 187, 155

■ 204, 194, 175

■ 204, 201, 196

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



243, 112, 66



204, 138, 12



150, 158, 0

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204, 138, 12



0, 179, 183



194, 120, 236

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204, 138, 12



12, 78, 204

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



87, 147, 255



204, 138, 12



0, 176, 237

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204, 138, 12



0, 178, 120



0, 166, 255



245, 95, 182

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204, 138, 12



106, 168, 41



0, 166, 255



167, 130, 250

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



204, 138, 12



255, 230, 184



204, 12, 79



128, 113, 84



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204, 138, 12



255, 167, 0



175, 204, 12



102, 98, 92



166, 109, 0



38, 25, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



12, 78, 204



0, 88, 255



41, 12, 204



92, 95, 102



0, 57, 166



0, 13, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 138, 12 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 138, 12 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 204, 138, 12 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 138, 12.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 138, 12.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
204, 138, 12

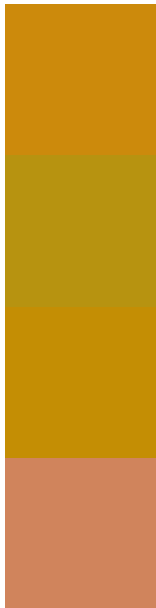
Protanopia
171, 152, 18

Deuteranopia
192, 144, 0



Tritanopia
210, 128, 138

Trichromacy



Original Color

204, 138, 12

Protanomaly

183, 147, 16

Deuteranomaly

196, 142, 4

Tritanomaly

208, 132, 92

Monochromacy



Original Color

204, 138, 12

Achromatopsia

143, 143, 143

Achromatomaly

165, 141, 95

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 204, 138, 12 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 138, 12)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 138, 12)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 138, 12) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 138, 12) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 204, 138, 12 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 138, 12) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 138, 12) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 138, 12)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 138, 12); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 138, 12);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 138,  
12) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 204, 138, 12 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 138, 12) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
138, 12) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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