

Converting Colors

RGB(204, 151, 193)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(204, 151, 193) contains.

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Color

RGB(204, 151, 193)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CC97C1
RGB	204, 151, 193
RGB Percent	80%, 59%, 76%
CMY	0.2000, 0.4078, 0.2431
CMYK	0.00, 0.26, 0.05, 0.20
HSL	312°, 34%, 70%
HSV	312°, 26%, 80%
XYZ	45.5941, 38.8208, 55.5422
YIQ	171.6350, 18.1060, 24.2980

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

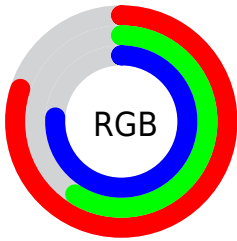
Format	Color
RYB	204, 151, 193
Decimal	13408193
CIELab	68.62, 26.66, -13.90
CIELCh	69, 30.066, 332.455
Yxy	38.8208, 0.3258, 0.2774
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291598273 (0xFFCC97C1)
YUV	171.6350, 10.5329, 28.3841
Hunter-Lab	62.3064, 21.5852, -9.2388

Details

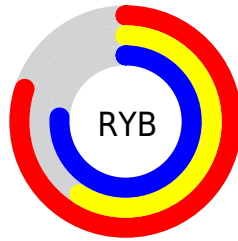
The RGB color `204, 151, 193` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CC99CC`. A complement of this color would be `151, 204, 162`, and the grayscale version is `172, 172, 172`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255, 206, 249`, and `149, 99, 139` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `204, 131, 189`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `204, 171, 197`.

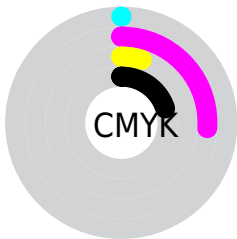
Distribution



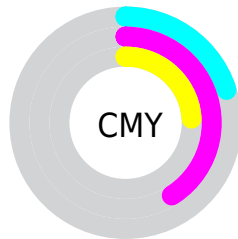
- Red (80%)
- Green (59%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (26%)
- Yellow (5%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (41%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 204, 151, 193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 204, 151, 193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 204, 151, 193

255, 255, 255


 255, 206, 249

 255, 234, 255

 204, 151, 193

 176, 125, 166

 149, 99, 139

 123, 75, 114


 97, 51, 89

 73, 29, 66

 49, 6, 44

 29, 0, 23

 0, 0, 0

 204, 151, 193

 204, 151, 193

■ 204, 131, 189

■ 204, 171, 197

■ 204, 110, 185

■ 204, 192, 201

■ 204, 90, 180

■ 204, 212, 206

■ 204, 69, 176

■ 204, 233, 210

■ 204, 49, 172

■ 204, 253, 214

■ 204, 29, 168

■ 204, 255, 218

■ 204, 8, 163

■ 204, 255, 223

■ 204, 0, 162

■ 204, 255, 227

■ 204, 255, 231

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



174, 160, 213



204, 151, 193



220, 147, 166

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204, 151, 193



184, 166, 113



79, 181, 196

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204, 151, 193



151, 204, 162

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



94, 182, 169



204, 151, 193



155, 174, 121

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204, 151, 193



207, 157, 120



123, 180, 141



97, 177, 215

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204, 151, 193



222, 148, 148



123, 180, 141



81, 182, 187

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



204, 151, 193



255, 235, 251



162, 151, 204



128, 115, 125



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204, 151, 193



255, 176, 239



204, 151, 167



102, 92, 100



166, 0, 131



38, 0, 30

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



204, 151, 193



255, 176, 239



151, 204, 188



102, 92, 100



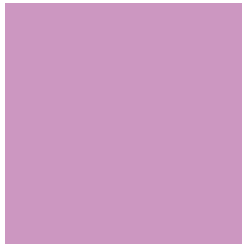
166, 0, 131



38, 0, 30

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 151, 193 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

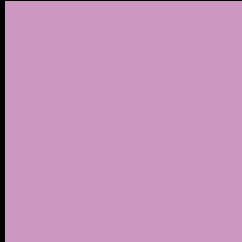
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 151, 193 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

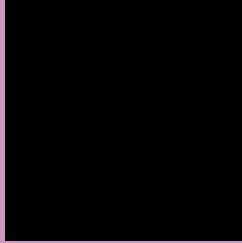
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 204, 151, 193 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 151, 193.

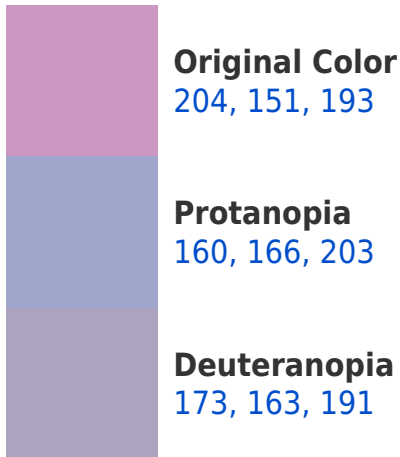


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 151, 193.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

201, 156, 168

Trichromacy



Original Color
204, 151, 193

Protanomaly
176, 161, 199

Deuteranomaly
184, 159, 192

Tritanomaly
202, 154, 177

Monochromacy



Original Color
204, 151, 193

Achromatopsia
172, 172, 172

Achromatomaly
184, 164, 180

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 204, 151, 193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(204, 151, 193) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 151, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 151, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 151, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 204, 151, 193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 151, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 151, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 151, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 151, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 151, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 151,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 204, 151, 193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 151, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
151, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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