

Converting Colors

RGB(204, 157, 101)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(204, 157, 101) contains.

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Color

RGB(204, 157, 101)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CC9D65
RGB	204, 157, 101
RGB Percent	80%, 62%, 40%
CMY	0.2000, 0.3843, 0.6039
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.50, 0.20
HSL	33°, 50%, 60%
HSV	33°, 50%, 80%
XYZ	39.3078, 37.8909, 17.5538
YIQ	164.6690, 45.9880, -7.4520

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

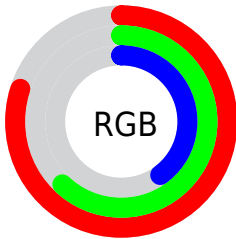
Format	Color
RYB	187, 204, 101
Decimal	13409637
CIELab	67.94, 10.71, 35.87
CIELCh	68, 37.437, 73.378
Yxy	37.8909, 0.4148, 0.3999
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291599717 (0xFFCC9D65)
YUV	164.6690, -31.3888, 34.4933
Hunter-Lab	61.5556, 6.2631, 26.1811

Details

The RGB color **204, 157, 101** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **101, 148, 204**, and the grayscale version is **165, 165, 165**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 212, 153**, and **147, 106, 52** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **204, 148, 81**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204, 166, 121**.

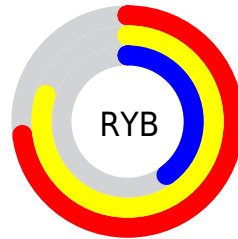
Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (62%)

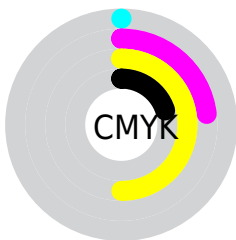
Blue (40%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (40%)

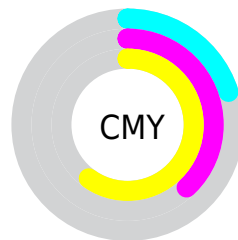


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (50%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (38%)


Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 204, 157, 101 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 204, 157, 101 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 204, 157, 101

 204, 157, 101

255, 255, 255

 175, 131, 76

 255, 212, 153

 147, 106, 52

 255, 240, 180

 120, 82, 29

 255, 255, 208

 93, 59, 5


 255, 255, 236


 67, 37, 0

 42, 17, 0

 5, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 204, 157, 101

 204, 157, 101

204, 148, 81

204, 166, 121

204, 138, 60

204, 176, 142

204, 129, 40

204, 185, 162

204, 120, 19

204, 194, 183

204, 111, 0

204, 204, 203

204, 213, 223

204, 222, 244

204, 231, 255

204, 241, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



225, 146, 121



204, 157, 101



173, 168, 99

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204, 157, 101



40, 184, 180



189, 151, 215

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204, 157, 101



101, 148, 204

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



141, 164, 231



204, 157, 101



15, 181, 211

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204, 157, 101



92, 182, 145



82, 174, 230



220, 142, 186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204, 157, 101



148, 175, 108



82, 174, 230



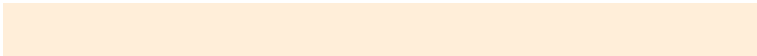
174, 155, 222

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



204, 157, 101



255, 238, 217



204, 101, 149



128, 117, 105



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204, 157, 101



255, 184, 99



201, 204, 101



102, 97, 92



166, 90, 0



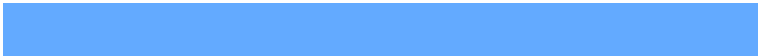
38, 21, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



101, 148, 204



99, 170, 255



104, 101, 204



92, 96, 102



0, 76, 166



0, 17, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 157, 101 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 157, 101 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

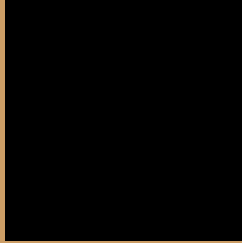
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 204, 157, 101 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 157, 101.


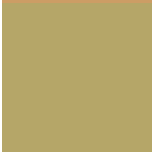



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 157, 101.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

	Original Color 204, 157, 101
	Protanopia 181, 166, 104
	Deuteranopia 201, 158, 101



Tritanopia
209, 150, 161

Trichromacy



Original Color
204, 157, 101

Protanomaly
189, 163, 103

Deuteranomaly
202, 158, 101

Tritanomaly
207, 153, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color
204, 157, 101

Achromatopsia
165, 165, 165

Achromatomaly
179, 162, 142

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 204, 157, 101 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 157, 101)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 157, 101)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 157, 101) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 157, 101) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 204, 157, 101 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 157, 101) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 157, 101) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 157, 101)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 157, 101); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 157, 101);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 157,  
101) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 204, 157, 101 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 157, 101) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
157, 101) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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