

Converting Colors

RGB(204, 163, 169)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(204, 163, 169) contains.

RGB(204, 163, 169)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(204, 163, 169)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCA3A9
RGB	204, 163, 169
RGB Percent	80%, 64%, 66%
CMY	0.2000, 0.3608, 0.3373
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.17, 0.20
HSL	351°, 29%, 72%
HSV	351°, 20%, 80%
XYZ	45.1605, 41.8963, 43.2427
YIQ	175.9430, 22.5100, 10.5580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

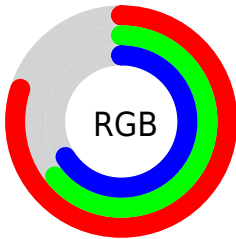
Format	Color
R _Y B	204, 163, 169
Decimal	13411241
CIE Lab	70.80, 16.03, 2.64
CIE LCh	71, 16.242, 9.368
Yxy	41.8963, 0.3466, 0.3215
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291601321 (0xFFCCA3A9)
YUV	175.9430, -3.4229, 24.6060
Hunter-Lab	64.7274, 11.2670, 5.6990

Details

The RGB color **204, 163, 169** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **163, 204, 198**, and the grayscale version is **176, 176, 176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 218, 224**, and **149, 111, 117** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **204, 143, 152**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204, 183, 186**.

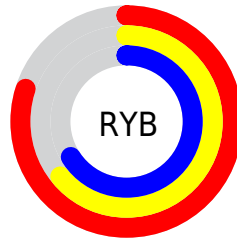
Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (64%)

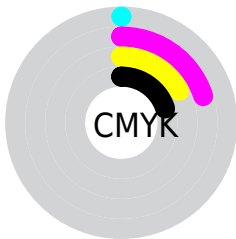
Blue (66%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (66%)

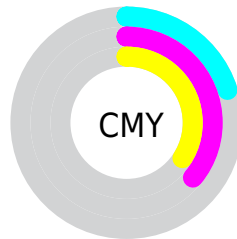


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)


Magenta (36%)


Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 204, 163, 169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 204, 163, 169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 204, 163, 169

 204, 163, 169

255, 255, 255

 176, 137, 143


 255, 218, 224


 149, 111, 117

 255, 247, 253

 123, 87, 92


 98, 63, 69


 73, 41, 47


 50, 20, 26

 31, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 204, 163, 169


 204, 163, 169

 204, 143, 152

 204, 183, 186

 204, 122, 134

 204, 204, 204

 204, 102, 117

 204, 224, 221

 204, 81, 99

 204, 245, 239

 204, 61, 82

 204, 255, 255

 204, 41, 65

 204, 20, 47

 204, 0, 30

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197, 164, 184



204, 163, 169



203, 165, 155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204, 163, 169



163, 178, 150



145, 178, 200

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204, 163, 169



163, 204, 198

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



135, 181, 191



204, 163, 169



147, 181, 162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204, 163, 169



180, 174, 144



136, 182, 177



163, 173, 202

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204, 163, 169



198, 167, 148



136, 182, 177



141, 179, 198

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



204, 163, 169



255, 240, 242



198, 163, 204



128, 119, 120



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204, 163, 169



255, 194, 203



204, 177, 163



102, 92, 93



166, 0, 24



38, 0, 6

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



204, 163, 169



255, 194, 203



163, 190, 204



102, 92, 93



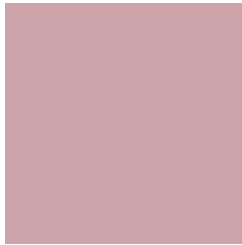
166, 0, 24



38, 0, 6

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 163, 169 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

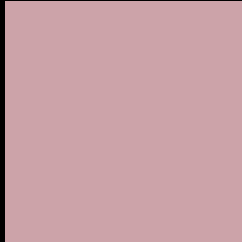
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 163, 169 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 204, 163, 169 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 163, 169.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 163, 169.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
204, 163, 169

Protanopia
176, 173, 174

Deuteranopia
192, 168, 168



Tritanopia
205, 162, 175

Trichromacy



Original Color

204, 163, 169

Protanomaly

186, 169, 172

Deuteranomaly

196, 166, 168

Tritanomaly

205, 162, 173

Monochromacy



Original Color

204, 163, 169

Achromatopsia

176, 176, 176

Achromatomaly

186, 171, 173

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 204, 163, 169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(204, 163, 169) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 163, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 163, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 163, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 204, 163, 169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 163, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 163, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 163, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 163, 169); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 163, 169);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 163,  
169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 204, 163, 169 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 163, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
163, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor