

# Converting Colors

RGB(204, 168, 122)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(204, 168, 122) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(204, 168, 122)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	CCA87A
RGB	204, 168, 122
RGB Percent	80%, 66%, 48%
CMY	0.2000, 0.3412, 0.5216
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.40, 0.20
HSL	34°, 45%, 64%
HSV	34°, 40%, 80%
XYZ	42.4173, 42.2478, 24.3314
YIQ	173.5200, 36.2220, -6.6740

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

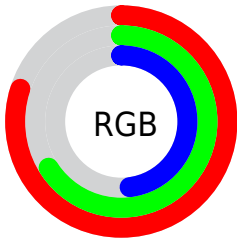
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	186, 204, 122
Decimal	13412474
CIELab	71.04, 6.92, 28.70
CIELCh	71, 29.526, 76.452
Yxy	42.2478, 0.3892, 0.3876
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291602554 (0xFFCCA87A)
YUV	173.5200, -25.3994, 26.7310
Hunter-Lab	64.9983, 2.7406, 23.3043

# Details

The RGB color **204, 168, 122** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **122, 158, 204**, and the grayscale version is **174, 174, 174**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 223, 175**, and **148, 116, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **204, 159, 102**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204, 177, 142**.

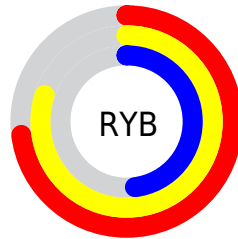
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (66%)

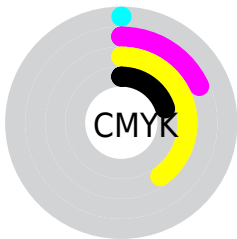
Blue (48%)



Red (73%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (48%)

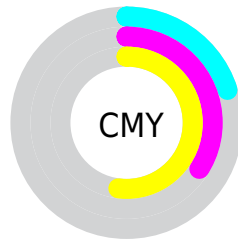


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (40%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (34%)

Yellow (52%)


# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 204, 168, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 204, 168, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 204, 168, 122

 204, 168, 122


255, 255, 255

 176, 142, 97

 255, 223, 175

 148, 116, 73

 255, 252, 202

 121, 92, 49

 255, 255, 231


 95, 68, 27

 70, 46, 3


 46, 25, 0


 21, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 204, 168, 122

 204, 168, 122


 204, 159, 102

 204, 177, 142

 204, 150, 81

 204, 186, 163

 204, 141, 61

 204, 195, 183

 204, 132, 40

 204, 204, 204

 204, 123, 20

 204, 213, 224

 204, 114, 0

 204, 222, 244

 204, 231, 255

 204, 240, 255

 204, 249, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



222, 159, 136



204, 168, 122



178, 177, 122

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204, 168, 122



93, 189, 188



196, 162, 211

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204, 168, 122



122, 158, 204

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



161, 171, 225



204, 168, 122



93, 186, 212

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204, 168, 122



117, 188, 160



122, 180, 226



219, 155, 187

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204, 168, 122



158, 182, 130



122, 180, 226



185, 165, 217



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



204, 168, 122



255, 242, 224



204, 122, 159



128, 120, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204, 168, 122



255, 201, 133



200, 204, 122



102, 98, 92



166, 93, 0



38, 21, 0

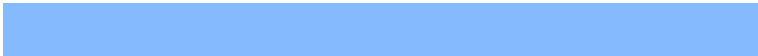


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



122, 158, 204



133, 186, 255



126, 122, 204



92, 96, 102



0, 73, 166



0, 17, 38



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 168, 122 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 168, 122 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

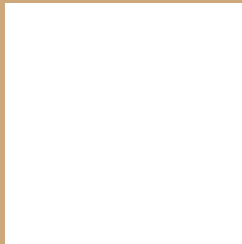
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 204, 168, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 168, 122.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 168, 122.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
204, 168, 122

**Protanopia**  
187, 174, 125

**Deuteranopia**  
207, 167, 122



**Tritanopia**  
209, 161, 174

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

204, 168, 122

**Protanomaly**

193, 172, 124

**Deuteranomaly**

206, 167, 122

**Tritanomaly**

207, 164, 155

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

204, 168, 122

**Achromatopsia**

174, 174, 174

**Achromatomaly**

185, 172, 155

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 204, 168, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 168, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 168, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 168, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 168, 122) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 204, 168, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 168, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 168, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 168, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 168, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 168, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 168,  
122) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 204, 168, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 168, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
168, 122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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