

Converting Colors

RGB(204, 178, 121)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(204, 178, 121) contains.

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Color

RGB(204, 178, 121)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCB279
RGB	204, 178, 121
RGB Percent	80%, 70%, 47%
CMY	0.2000, 0.3020, 0.5255
CMYK	0.00, 0.13, 0.41, 0.20
HSL	41°, 45%, 64%
HSV	41°, 41%, 80%
XYZ	44.2734, 46.0586, 24.6459
YIQ	179.2760, 33.7930, -12.2150

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

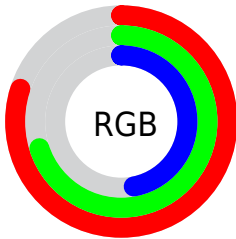
Format	Color
RYB	159, 204, 121
Decimal	13415033
CIELab	73.58, 1.45, 32.57
CIELCh	74, 32.600, 87.445
Yxy	46.0586, 0.3851, 0.4006
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291605113 (0xFFCCB279)
YUV	179.2760, -28.7301, 21.6829
Hunter-Lab	67.8665, -2.3201, 25.9752

Details

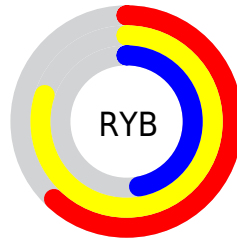
The RGB color **204, 178, 121** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **121, 147, 204**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 234, 174**, and **148, 126, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **204, 172, 101**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204, 184, 141**.

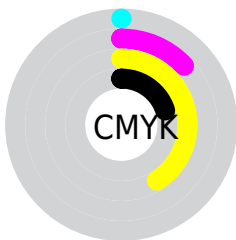
Distribution



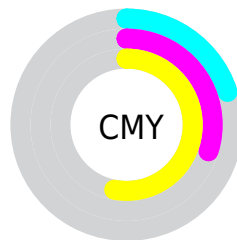
- Red (80%)
- Green (70%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (62%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (13%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (20%)




- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (30%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 204, 178, 121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 204, 178, 121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 204, 178, 121

 204, 178, 121


255, 255, 255

 176, 151, 96

 255, 234, 174

 148, 126, 71

 255, 255, 202


 121, 101, 48

 255, 255, 230


 95, 77, 25


 70, 54, 0

 46, 33, 0


 21, 11, 0

 0, 0, 0


 204, 178, 121


 204, 178, 121


 204, 172, 101


 204, 184, 141

 204, 165, 80


 204, 191, 162

 204, 159, 60

 204, 197, 182

 204, 152, 39

 204, 204, 203

 204, 146, 19

 204, 210, 223

 204, 140, 0

 204, 216, 243

 204, 223, 255

 204, 229, 255

 204, 236, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



228, 168, 131



204, 178, 121



173, 187, 127

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204, 178, 121



82, 197, 207



216, 164, 213

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204, 178, 121



121, 147, 204

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



181, 174, 234



204, 178, 121



96, 192, 230

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204, 178, 121



104, 197, 177



137, 184, 240



237, 159, 185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204, 178, 121



150, 192, 139



137, 184, 240



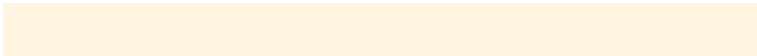
206, 167, 221

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



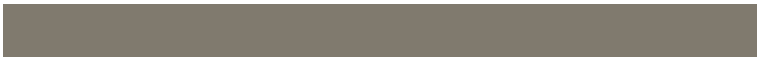
204, 178, 121



255, 245, 224



204, 121, 147



128, 122, 110



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204, 178, 121



255, 216, 130



189, 204, 121



102, 99, 92



166, 114, 0



38, 26, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



121, 147, 204



130, 169, 255



136, 121, 204



92, 95, 102



0, 52, 166



0, 12, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 178, 121 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 178, 121 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

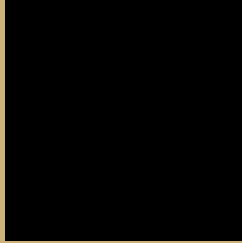
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 204, 178, 121 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 178, 121.

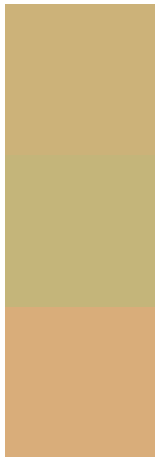


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 178, 121.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
204, 178, 121

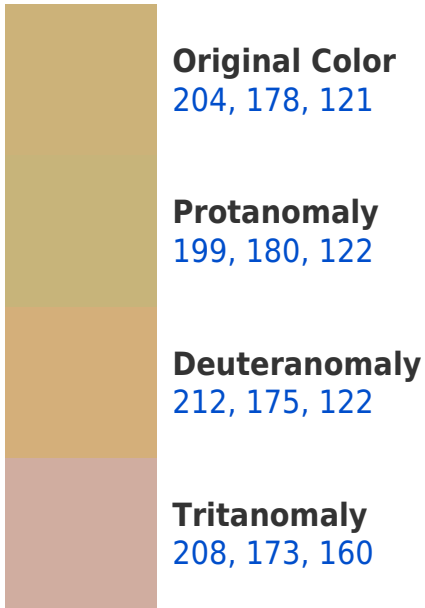
Protanopia
196, 181, 122

Deuteranopia
217, 173, 122



Tritanopia
210, 170, 183

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 204, 178, 121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(204, 178, 121)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 178, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 178, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 178, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 204, 178, 121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 178, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 178, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 178, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 178, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 178, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 178,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 204, 178, 121 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 178, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
178, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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