

# Converting Colors

RGB(204, 179, 173)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(204, 179, 173) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(204, 179, 173)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCB3AD
RGB	204, 179, 173
RGB Percent	80%, 70%, 68%
CMY	0.2000, 0.2980, 0.3216
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.15, 0.20
HSL	12°, 23%, 74%
HSV	12°, 15%, 80%
XYZ	48.5648, 48.0947, 46.2587
YIQ	185.7910, 16.8260, 3.4340

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

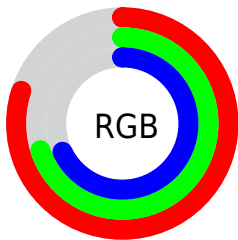
Format	Color
<a href="#">RYB</a>	<a href="#">204, 180, 173</a>
Decimal	<a href="#">13415341</a>
CIELab	<a href="#">74.88, 7.98, 6.35</a>
CIELCh	<a href="#">75, 10.199, 38.480</a>
Yxy	<a href="#">48.0947, 0.3398, 0.3365</a>
Android (android.graphics.Color)	<a href="#">4291605421 (0xFFCCB3AD)</a>
YUV	<a href="#">185.7910, -6.3060, 15.9693</a>
Hunter-Lab	<a href="#">69.3503, 3.6372, 8.9971</a>

# Details

The RGB color **204, 179, 173** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **173, 198, 204**, and the grayscale version is **186, 186, 186**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 235, 228**, and **150, 126, 121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **204, 163, 153**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204, 195, 193**.

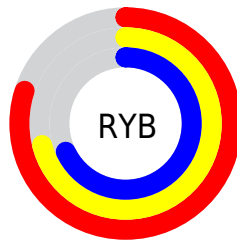
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (70%)

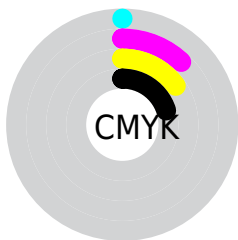
Blue (68%)



Red (80%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (68%)

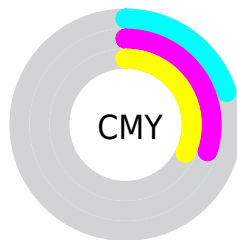


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (12%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (30%)


Yellow (32%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 204, 179, 173 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 204, 179, 173 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 204, 179, 173


255, 255, 255


 255, 235, 228

 204, 179, 173


 176, 152, 146

 150, 126, 121

 124, 101, 96

 98, 77, 72


 74, 55, 50


 51, 33, 29

 31, 11, 3

 0, 0, 0

 204, 179, 173


 204, 179, 173

 204, 163, 153

 204, 195, 193

 204, 146, 132

 204, 212, 214

 204, 130, 112

 204, 228, 234

 204, 113, 91

 204, 245, 255

 204, 97, 71

 204, 255, 255

 204, 80, 51

 204, 64, 30

 204, 47, 10

 204, 39, 0

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



204, 178, 182



204, 179, 173



199, 181, 167

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204, 179, 173



169, 189, 177



178, 184, 203

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204, 179, 173



173, 198, 204

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



167, 187, 201



204, 179, 173



162, 190, 187

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204, 179, 173



179, 187, 169



162, 189, 196



190, 181, 199

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204, 179, 173



193, 183, 166



162, 189, 196



174, 185, 203



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



204, 179, 173



255, 245, 242



204, 173, 198



128, 121, 120



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

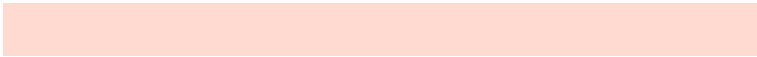


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204, 179, 173



255, 218, 209



204, 194, 173



102, 94, 92



166, 32, 0



38, 7, 0

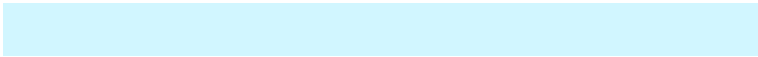


# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173, 198, 204



209, 246, 255



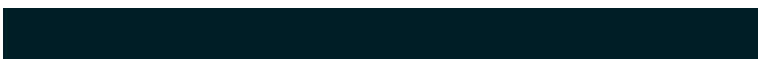
173, 183, 204



92, 100, 102



0, 134, 166



0, 31, 38



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 179, 173 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

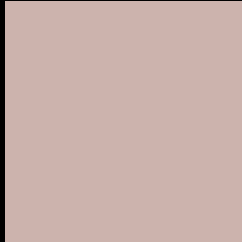
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 179, 173 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

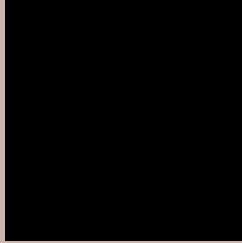
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 204, 179, 173 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 179, 173.






This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 179, 173.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy

	<b>Original Color</b> 204, 179, 173
	<b>Protanopia</b> 190, 184, 176
	<b>Deuteranopia</b> 206, 178, 173



**Tritanopia**  
206, 176, 190

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

204, 179, 173

**Protanomaly**

195, 182, 175

**Deuteranomaly**

205, 178, 173

**Tritanomaly**

205, 177, 184

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

204, 179, 173

**Achromatopsia**

186, 186, 186

**Achromatomaly**

193, 183, 181

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 204, 179, 173 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(204, 179, 173) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 179, 173)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 179, 173) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 179, 173) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 204, 179, 173 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 179, 173) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 179, 173) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 179, 173)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 179, 173); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 179, 173);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 179,  
173) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 204, 179, 173 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 179, 173) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
179, 173) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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