

# Converting Colors

RGB(204, 181, 126)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(204, 181, 126) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(204, 181, 126)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCB57E
RGB	204, 181, 126
RGB Percent	80%, 71%, 49%
CMY	0.2000, 0.2902, 0.5059
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.38, 0.20
HSL	42°, 43%, 65%
HSV	42°, 38%, 80%
XYZ	45.1916, 47.3915, 26.5043
YIQ	181.6070, 31.3630, -12.2290

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

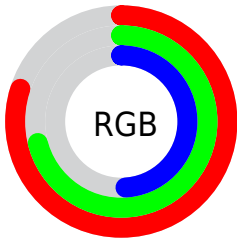
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	159, 204, 126
Decimal	13415806
CIELab	74.44, 0.42, 31.05
CIELCh	74, 31.056, 89.216
Yxy	47.3915, 0.3795, 0.3980
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291605886 (0xFFCCB57E)
YUV	181.6070, -27.4143, 19.6387
Hunter-Lab	68.8415, -3.2946, 25.3621

# Details

The RGB color **204, 181, 126** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **126, 149, 204**, and the grayscale version is **182, 182, 182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 237, 179**, and **148, 128, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **204, 175, 106**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204, 187, 146**.

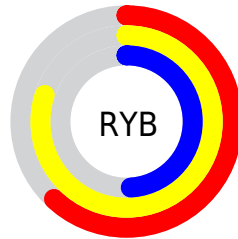
# Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (71%)

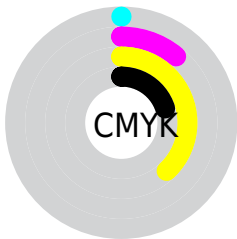
Blue (49%)



Red (62%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (49%)

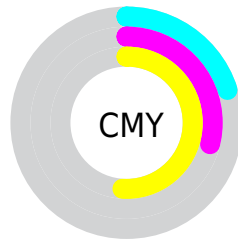


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (51%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 204, 181, 126 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 204, 181, 126 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 204, 181, 126

255, 255, 255


 255, 237, 179

 255, 255, 207

 255, 255, 235


 204, 181, 126

 176, 154, 101

 148, 128, 76

 122, 103, 53

 96, 79, 30


 71, 57, 6


 47, 35, 0

 22, 15, 0


 0, 0, 0

 204, 181, 126


 204, 181, 126


 204, 175, 106

 204, 187, 146

 204, 169, 85


 204, 193, 167

 204, 163, 65

 204, 199, 187

 204, 157, 44

 204, 205, 208

 204, 151, 24

 204, 211, 228

 204, 145, 4

 204, 217, 248

 204, 144, 0

 204, 223, 255

 204, 229, 255

 204, 235, 255

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



227, 171, 135



204, 181, 126



174, 190, 133

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204, 181, 126



92, 198, 210



219, 167, 213

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204, 181, 126



126, 149, 204

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



186, 176, 233



204, 181, 126



107, 194, 231

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204, 181, 126



109, 199, 181



145, 186, 240



237, 162, 185

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204, 181, 126



152, 194, 145



145, 186, 240



209, 170, 221

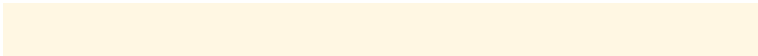


# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



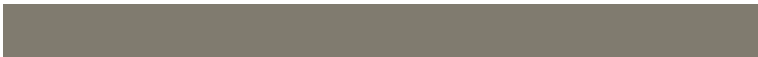
204, 181, 126



255, 247, 227



204, 126, 149



128, 123, 111



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204, 181, 126



255, 220, 138



188, 204, 126



102, 99, 92



166, 117, 0



38, 27, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



126, 149, 204



138, 172, 255



142, 126, 204



92, 95, 102



0, 49, 166



0, 11, 38



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 181, 126 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

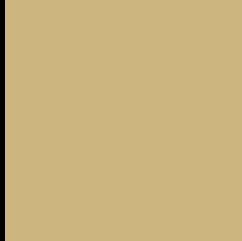
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 181, 126 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

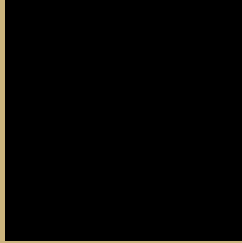
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 204, 181, 126 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 181, 126.

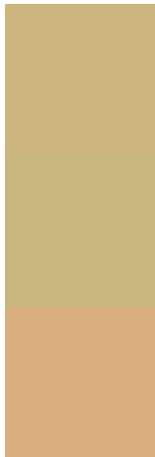


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 181, 126.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
204, 181, 126

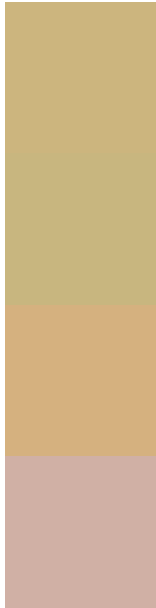
**Protanopia**  
198, 183, 127

**Deuteranopia**  
218, 175, 127



**Tritanopia**  
211, 173, 187

# Trichromacy



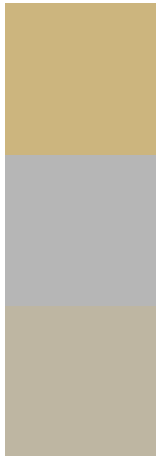
**Original Color**  
204, 181, 126

**Protanomaly**  
200, 182, 127

**Deuteranomaly**  
213, 177, 127

**Tritanomaly**  
208, 176, 165

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
204, 181, 126

**Achromatopsia**  
182, 182, 182

**Achromatomaly**  
190, 182, 162

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 204, 181, 126 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(204, 181, 126) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 181, 126)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 181, 126) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 181, 126) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 204, 181, 126 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 181, 126) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 181, 126) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 181, 126)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 181, 126); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 181, 126);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 181,  
126) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 204, 181, 126 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 181, 126) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
181, 126) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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