

Converting Colors

RGB(204, 208, 186)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(204, 208, 186) contains.

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Color

RGB(204, 208, 186)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CCD0BA
RGB	204, 208, 186
RGB Percent	80%, 82%, 73%
CMY	0.2000, 0.1843, 0.2706
CMYK	0.02, 0.00, 0.11, 0.18
HSL	71°, 19%, 77%
HSV	71°, 11%, 82%
XYZ	56.3206, 61.4943, 55.3555
YIQ	204.2960, 4.6780, -7.6900

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

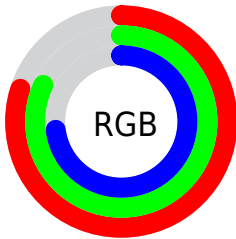
Format	Color
R _{YB}	186, 208, 190
Decimal	13422778
CIE Lab	82.64, -5.22, 10.45
CIE LCh	83, 11.685, 116.555
Yxy	61.4943, 0.3252, 0.3551
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291612858 (0xFFCCD0BA)
YUV	204.2960, -9.0199, -0.2596
Hunter-Lab	78.4183, -9.0319, 13.0399

Details

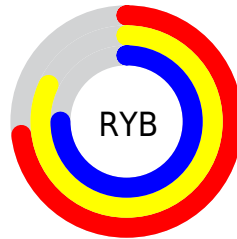
The RGB color **204, 208, 186** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **190, 186, 208**, and the grayscale version is **204, 204, 204**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 242**, and **150, 154, 133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **200, 208, 165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **208, 208, 207**.

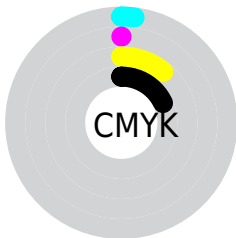
Distribution



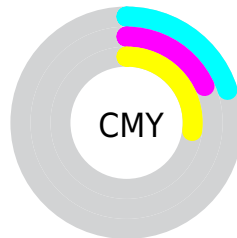
- Red (80%)
- Green (82%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (82%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 204, 208, 186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 204, 208, 186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 204, 208, 186


255, 255, 255

 255, 255, 242


 204, 208, 186

 177, 180, 159


 150, 154, 133


 124, 128, 108

 99, 103, 83

 75, 79, 60

 52, 56, 38

 31, 34, 18

 1, 13, 0

 0, 0, 0

 204, 208, 186

 204, 208, 186

 200, 208, 165

 208, 208, 207

 196, 208, 144

 212, 208, 228

 193, 208, 124


 215, 208, 248

 189, 208, 103


 219, 208, 255

 185, 208, 82

 223, 208, 255

 181, 208, 61

 227, 208, 255

 178, 208, 40

 230, 208, 255

 174, 208, 20

 234, 208, 255

 170, 208, 0

 238, 208, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



216, 204, 184



204, 208, 186



192, 211, 193

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204, 208, 186



182, 210, 224



227, 198, 207

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204, 208, 186



190, 186, 208

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



219, 200, 218



204, 208, 186



193, 207, 227

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204, 208, 186



178, 212, 215



206, 203, 225



230, 199, 196

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204, 208, 186



185, 212, 200



206, 203, 225



225, 199, 211

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



204, 208, 186



254, 255, 247



208, 190, 186



127, 128, 122



0, 0, 0



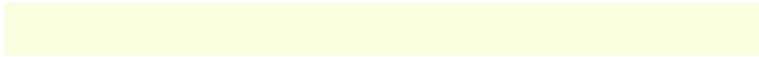
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204, 208, 186



249, 255, 222



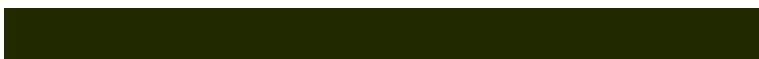
193, 208, 186



103, 105, 94



138, 168, 0



33, 41, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



190, 186, 208



228, 222, 255



201, 186, 208



96, 94, 105



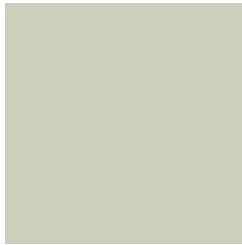
31, 0, 168



7, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 208, 186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 208, 186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

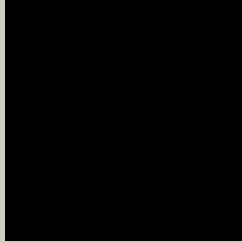
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

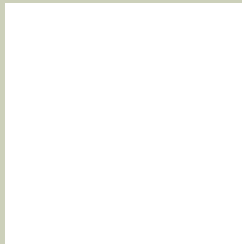
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 204, 208, 186 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 208, 186.

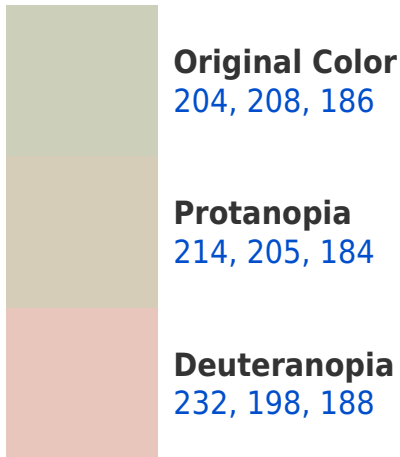



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 208, 186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

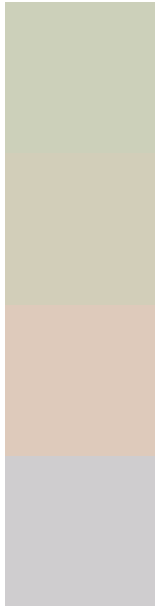
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
209, 203, 219

Trichromacy



Original Color

204, 208, 186

Protanomaly

210, 206, 185

Deuteranomaly

222, 202, 187

Tritanomaly

207, 205, 207

Monochromacy



Original Color

204, 208, 186

Achromatopsia

204, 204, 204

Achromatomaly

204, 205, 197

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 204, 208, 186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(204, 208, 186) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 208, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 208, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 208, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 204, 208, 186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 208, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 208, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 208, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 208, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 208, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 208,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 204, 208, 186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 208, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204,  
208, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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