

Converting Colors

RGB(204, 43, 161)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(204, 43, 161) contains.

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Color

RGB(204, 43, 161)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CC2BA1
RGB	204, 43, 161
RGB Percent	80%, 17%, 63%
CMY	0.2000, 0.8314, 0.3686
CMYK	0.00, 0.79, 0.21, 0.20
HSL	316°, 65%, 48%
HSV	316°, 79%, 80%
XYZ	32.1987, 17.1383, 35.3292
YIQ	104.5910, 58.0780, 70.8300

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

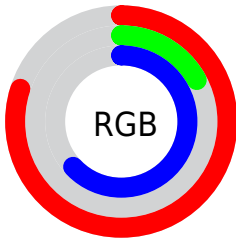
Format	Color
R_{YB}	204, 43, 161
Decimal	13380513
CIE _{Lab}	48.43, 70.82, -26.34
CIE _{LCh}	48, 75.561, 339.600
Yxy	17.1383, 0.3803, 0.2024
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291570593 (0xFFCC2BA1)
YUV	104.5910, 27.8096, 87.1817
Hunter-Lab	41.3985, 66.3857, -21.6188

Details

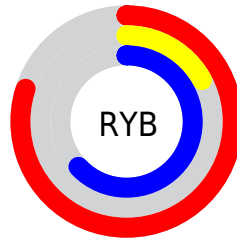
The RGB color **204, 43, 161** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC0099**. The color can be described as middle muted rose. A complement of this color would be **43, 204, 86**, and the grayscale version is **104, 104, 104**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 107, 216**, and **145, 0, 109** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **204, 23, 156**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **204, 63, 166**.

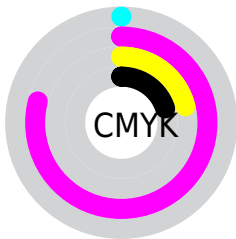
Distribution



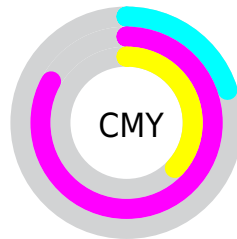
- Red (80%)
- Green (17%)
- Blue (63%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Blue (63%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (37%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 204, 43, 161 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 204, 43, 161 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



204, 43, 161



204, 43, 161

255, 255, 255



174, 0, 135



255, 107, 216



145, 0, 109



255, 136, 245



117, 0, 84



255, 165, 255



88, 0, 61



255, 194, 255



62, 0, 39



255, 224, 255



32, 0, 16

255, 254, 255



0, 0, 0



204, 43, 161



204, 43, 161



204, 23, 156



204, 63, 166

■ 204, 2, 150

■ 204, 84, 172

■ 204, 0, 150

■ 204, 104, 177

■ 204, 125, 183

■ 204, 145, 188

■ 204, 165, 194

■ 204, 186, 199

■ 204, 206, 205

■ 204, 227, 210

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139, 86, 215



204, 43, 161



224, 15, 98

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



204, 43, 161



121, 119, 0



0, 141, 196

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



204, 43, 161



43, 204, 86

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 142, 135



204, 43, 161



43, 133, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



204, 43, 161



174, 95, 0



0, 139, 67



0, 134, 236

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



204, 43, 161



219, 44, 56



0, 139, 67



0, 142, 177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



204, 43, 161



255, 194, 239



86, 43, 204



128, 91, 118



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



204, 43, 161



255, 13, 190



204, 43, 81



102, 92, 99



166, 0, 121



38, 0, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



204, 43, 161



255, 13, 190



43, 204, 166



102, 92, 99



166, 0, 121



38, 0, 28

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 43, 161 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 204, 43, 161 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 204, 43, 161 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 43, 161.

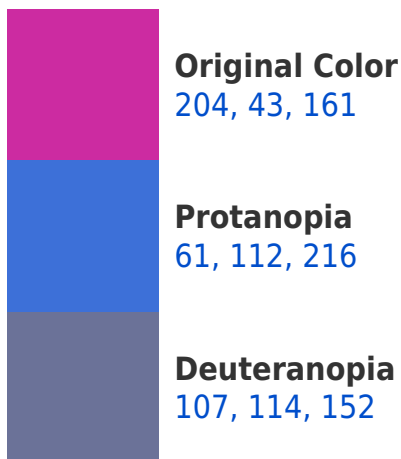


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 204, 43, 161.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
197, 73, 77

Trichromacy



Original Color

204, 43, 161



Protanomaly

113, 87, 196



Deuteranomaly

142, 88, 155



Tritanomaly

200, 62, 108

Monochromacy



Original Color

204, 43, 161



Achromatopsia

105, 105, 105



Achromatomaly

141, 82, 125

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 204, 43, 161 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(204, 43, 161) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(204, 43, 161)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(204, 43, 161) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(204, 43, 161) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 204, 43, 161 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(204, 43, 161) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(204, 43, 161) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(204, 43, 161)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(204, 43, 161); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 43, 161);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(204, 43,  
161) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 204, 43, 161 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(204, 43, 161) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(204, 43,  
161) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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