

Converting Colors

RGB(205, 102, 84)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(205, 102, 84) contains.

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Color

RGB(205, 102, 84)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CD6654
RGB	205, 102, 84
RGB Percent	80%, 40%, 33%
CMY	0.1961, 0.6000, 0.6706
CMYK	0.00, 0.50, 0.59, 0.20
HSL	9°, 55%, 57%
HSV	9°, 59%, 80%
XYZ	31.5284, 23.1220, 11.1888
YIQ	130.7450, 67.1660, 16.2380

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

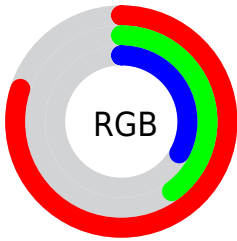
Format	Color
R _{YB}	205, 105, 84
Decimal	13461076
CIE Lab	55.20, 39.23, 29.08
CIE LCh	55, 48.832, 36.544
Yxy	23.1220, 0.4789, 0.3512
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291651156 (0xFFCD6654)
YUV	130.7450, -23.0453, 65.1216
Hunter-Lab	48.0853, 32.8891, 19.8638

Details

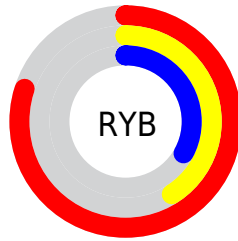
The RGB color **205, 102, 84** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6666**. The color can be described as dark muted orange. A complement of this color would be **84, 187, 205**, and the grayscale version is **131, 131, 131**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 155, 134**, and **146, 51, 38** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **205, 85, 63**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205, 119, 105**.

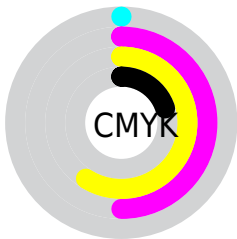
Distribution



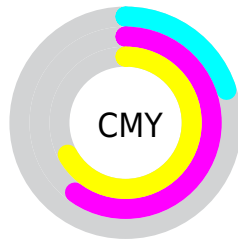
- Red (80%)
- Green (40%)
- Blue (33%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Blue (33%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (60%)
- Yellow (67%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 205, 102, 84 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 205, 102, 84 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 205, 102, 84  205, 102, 84

255, 255, 255  175, 76, 61

 255, 155, 134  146, 51, 38

 255, 183, 160  117, 24, 17

 255, 211, 187  89, 0, 0

 255, 239, 215  61, 0, 0

 255, 255, 244  32, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0

 205, 102, 84  205, 102, 84

 205, 85, 63  205, 119, 105

 205, 67, 43

 205, 137, 125

 205, 50, 22

 205, 154, 146

 205, 32, 2

 205, 172, 166

 205, 30, 0

 205, 189, 187

 205, 207, 207

 205, 224, 228

 205, 242, 248

 205, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



210, 94, 125



205, 102, 84



182, 118, 53

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



205, 102, 84



31, 151, 97



66, 134, 216

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



205, 102, 84



84, 187, 205

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 146, 209



205, 102, 84



0, 153, 140

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



205, 102, 84



102, 144, 60



0, 152, 181



147, 117, 200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



205, 102, 84



160, 128, 43



0, 152, 181



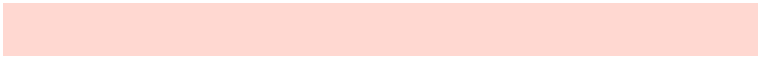
0, 138, 217

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



205, 102, 84



255, 216, 209



205, 84, 189



128, 104, 99



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



205, 102, 84



255, 101, 74



205, 161, 84



102, 93, 92



166, 25, 0



38, 6, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



84, 187, 205



74, 228, 255



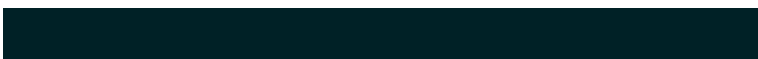
84, 128, 205



92, 100, 102



0, 141, 166



0, 33, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 205, 102, 84 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

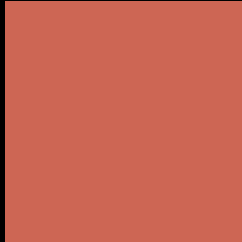
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 205, 102, 84 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 205, 102, 84 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 102, 84.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 102, 84.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
205, 102, 84

Protanopia
143, 133, 96

Deuteranopia
161, 127, 79



Tritanopia
206, 99, 106

Trichromacy



Original Color

205, 102, 84

Protanomaly

166, 122, 92

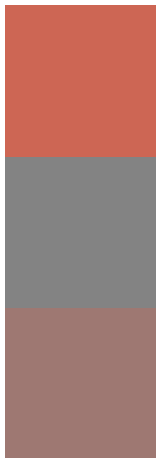
Deuteranomaly

177, 118, 81

Tritanomaly

206, 100, 98

Monochromacy



Original Color

205, 102, 84

Achromatopsia

131, 131, 131

Achromatomaly

158, 120, 114

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 205, 102, 84 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 102, 84)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 102, 84)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 102, 84) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 102, 84) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 205, 102, 84 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 102, 84) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 102, 84) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 102, 84)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 102, 84); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 102, 84);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 102,  
84) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 205, 102, 84 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 102, 84) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
102, 84) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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