

Converting Colors

RGB(205, 106, 193)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(205, 106, 193) contains.

RGB(205, 106, 193)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(205, 106, 193)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CD6AC1
RGB	205, 106, 193
RGB Percent	80%, 42%, 76%
CMY	0.1961, 0.5843, 0.2431
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.06, 0.20
HSL	307°, 50%, 61%
HSV	307°, 48%, 80%
XYZ	39.9565, 27.1375, 53.5842
YIQ	145.5190, 31.0770, 48.0450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

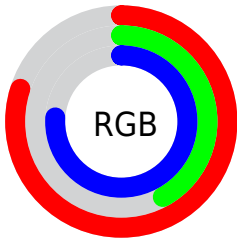
Format	Color
R _Y B	205, 106, 193
Decimal	13462209
CIE Lab	59.10, 50.85, -28.42
CIE LCh	59, 58.248, 330.800
Yxy	27.1375, 0.3311, 0.2249
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291652289 (0xFFCD6AC1)
YUV	145.5190, 23.4081, 52.1648
Hunter-Lab	52.0936, 45.7480, -24.5209

Details

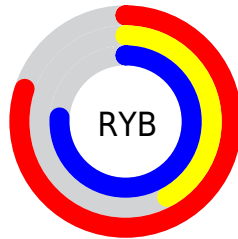
The RGB color **205, 106, 193** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC66CC**. A complement of this color would be **106, 205, 118**, and the grayscale version is **145, 145, 145**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 160, 250**, and **149, 53, 139** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **205, 86, 191**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205, 127, 195**.

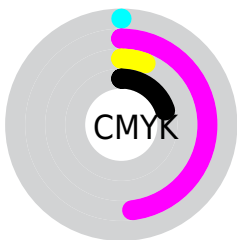
Distribution



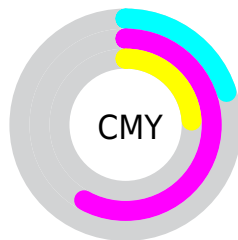
- Red (80%)
- Green (42%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (58%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 205, 106, 193 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 205, 106, 193 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 205, 106, 193

 205, 106, 193


255, 255, 255

 176, 79, 166

 255, 160, 250

 149, 53, 139

 255, 188, 255

 121, 23, 113

 255, 217, 255

 95, 0, 89

 255, 246, 255


 68, 0, 65

 46, 0, 43

 0, 0, 20

 0, 0, 0

 205, 106, 193

 205, 106, 193

■ 205, 86, 191

■ 205, 127, 195

■ 205, 65, 188

■ 205, 147, 198

■ 205, 45, 186

■ 205, 168, 200

■ 205, 24, 183

■ 205, 188, 203

■ 205, 4, 181

■ 205, 209, 205

■ 205, 0, 180

■ 205, 229, 208

■ 205, 250, 210

■ 205, 255, 213

■ 205, 255, 215

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



144, 128, 231



205, 106, 193



233, 93, 143

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



205, 106, 193



167, 140, 27



0, 166, 193

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



205, 106, 193



106, 205, 118

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 166, 142



205, 106, 193



116, 154, 46

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



205, 106, 193



207, 121, 51



31, 163, 90



0, 160, 231

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



205, 106, 193



235, 96, 109



31, 163, 90



0, 167, 177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



205, 106, 193



255, 219, 251



118, 106, 205



128, 106, 125



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



205, 106, 193



255, 107, 237



205, 106, 144



102, 92, 101



166, 0, 146



38, 0, 34

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



205, 106, 193



255, 107, 237



106, 205, 167



102, 92, 101



166, 0, 146



38, 0, 34

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 205, 106, 193 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

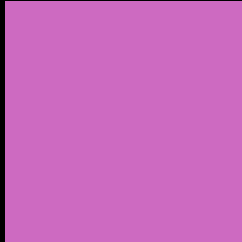
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 205, 106, 193 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 205, 106, 193 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 106, 193.

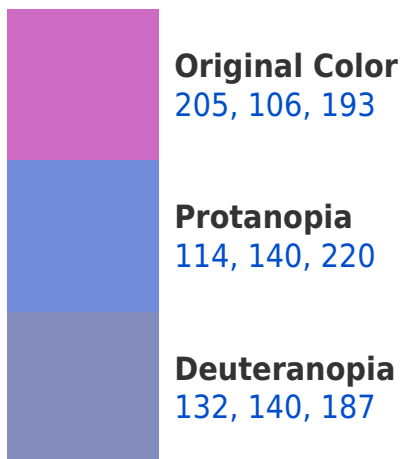


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 106, 193.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
198, 120, 129

Trichromacy



Original Color

205, 106, 193



Protanomaly

147, 128, 210



Deuteranomaly

159, 128, 189



Tritanomaly

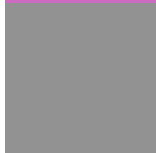
201, 115, 152

Monochromacy



Original Color

205, 106, 193



Achromatopsia

146, 146, 146



Achromatomaly

167, 131, 163

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 205, 106, 193 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 106, 193)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 106, 193)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 106, 193) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 106, 193) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 205, 106, 193 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

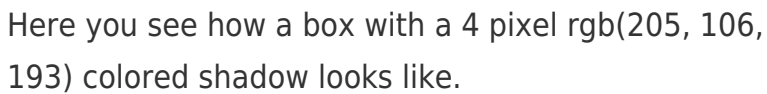
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 106, 193) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 106, 193) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 106, 193)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 106, 193); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 106, 193);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 106,  
193) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 205, 106, 193 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 106, 193) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
106, 193) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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