

Converting Colors

RGB(205, 149, 0)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(205, 149, 0) contains.

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Color

RGB(205, 149, 0)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CD9500
RGB	205, 149, 0
RGB Percent	80%, 58%, 0%
CMY	0.1961, 0.4157, 1.0000
CMYK	0.00, 0.27, 1.00, 0.20
HSL	44°, 100%, 40%
HSV	44°, 100%, 80%
XYZ	35.9243, 34.4740, 4.7607
YIQ	148.7580, 81.2050, -34.4670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

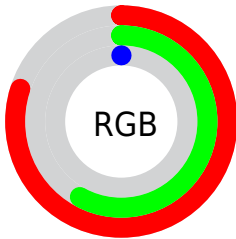
Format	Color
RYB	77, 205, 0
Decimal	13473024
CIELab	65.34, 10.92, 69.78
CIElCh	65, 70.627, 81.107
Yxy	34.4740, 0.4780, 0.4587
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291663104 (0xFFCD9500)
YUV	148.7580, -73.3377, 49.3242
Hunter-Lab	58.7146, 6.4640, 36.2928

Details

The RGB color **205, 149, 0** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9900**. The color can be described as dark washed orange. A complement of this color would be **0, 56, 205**, and the grayscale version is **149, 149, 149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 203, 74**, and **145, 99, 0** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **205, 149, 0**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205, 155, 20**.

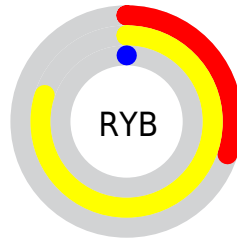
Distribution



Red (80%)

Green (58%)

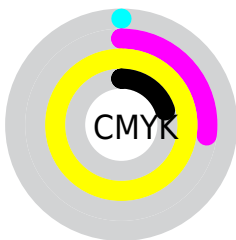
Blue (0%)



Red (30%)

Yellow (80%)

Blue (0%)

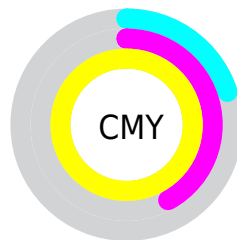


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (100%)

Black (20%)



Cyan (20%)

















Magenta (42%)

Yellow (100%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 205, 149, 0 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 205, 149, 0 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 205, 149, 0	 205, 149, 0
255, 255, 255	 175, 123, 0
 255, 203, 74	 145, 99, 0
 255, 231, 102	 116, 75, 0
 255, 255, 129	 88, 53, 0
 255, 255, 157	 61, 31, 0
 255, 255, 186	 36, 10, 0
 255, 255, 214	 0, 0, 0
 255, 255, 244	

 205, 149, 0

 205, 155, 20


 205, 160, 41


 205, 166, 62

 205, 171, 82

 205, 177, 103

 205, 183, 123

 205, 188, 144

 205, 194, 164

 205, 199, 185

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



249, 123, 60



205, 149, 0



146, 169, 11

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



205, 149, 0



0, 188, 202



216, 121, 239

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



205, 149, 0



0, 56, 205

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



119, 150, 255



205, 149, 0



0, 184, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



205, 149, 0



0, 187, 137



0, 172, 255



255, 97, 180

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



205, 149, 0



97, 178, 54



0, 172, 255



191, 131, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



205, 149, 0



255, 234, 179



205, 0, 58



128, 115, 82



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



205, 149, 0



255, 185, 0



161, 205, 0



102, 99, 92



166, 120, 0



38, 28, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



0, 56, 205



0, 70, 255



44, 0, 205



92, 95, 102



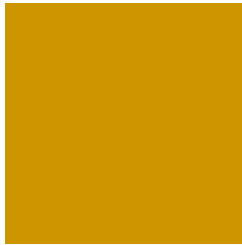
0, 45, 166



0, 10, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 205, 149, 0 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

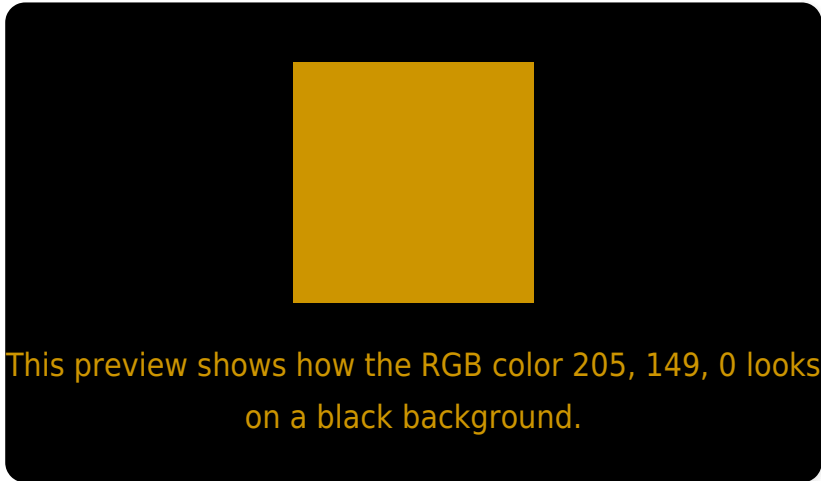
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 205, 149, 0 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 149, 0.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 149, 0.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
205, 149, 0

Protanopia
179, 159, 12

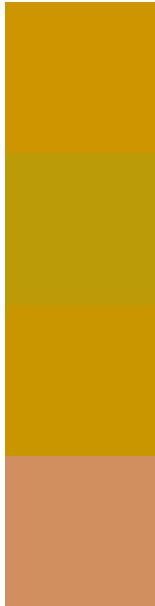
Deuteranopia
201, 151, 0



Tritanopia

212, 138, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color

205, 149, 0

Protanomaly

188, 155, 8

Deuteranomaly

202, 150, 0

Tritanomaly

209, 142, 95

Monochromacy



Original Color

205, 149, 0

Achromatopsia

149, 149, 149

Achromatomaly

169, 149, 95

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 205, 149, 0 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 149, 0)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 149, 0)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 149, 0) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 149, 0) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 205, 149, 0 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 149, 0) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 149, 0) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 149, 0)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 149, 0); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 149, 0);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 149,  
0) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 205, 149, 0 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 149, 0) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
149, 0) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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