

Converting Colors

RGB(205, 16, 136)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(205, 16, 136) contains.

RGB(205, 16, 136)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(205, 16, 136)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CD1088
RGB	205, 16, 136
RGB Percent	80%, 6%, 53%
CMY	0.1961, 0.9373, 0.4667
CMYK	0.00, 0.92, 0.34, 0.20
HSL	322°, 86%, 43%
HSV	322°, 92%, 80%
XYZ	29.8061, 15.1273, 24.6415
YIQ	86.1910, 74.1240, 77.3880

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

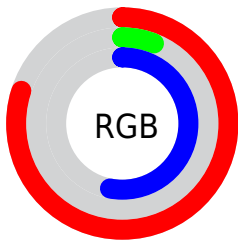
Format	Color
R_{YB}	205, 16, 136
Decimal	13439112
CIE _{Lab}	45.81, 73.28, -15.31
CIE _{LCh}	46, 74.866, 348.197
Yxy	15.1273, 0.4284, 0.2174
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291629192 (0xFFCD1088)
YUV	86.1910, 24.5558, 104.1955
Hunter-Lab	38.8938, 68.7283, -10.3379

Details

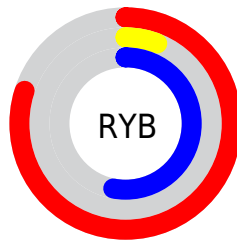
The RGB color **205, 16, 136** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3399**. The color can be described as dark washed rose. A complement of this color would be **16, 205, 85**, and the grayscale version is **86, 86, 86**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 93, 189**, and **145, 0, 86** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **205, 0, 130**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205, 36, 143**.

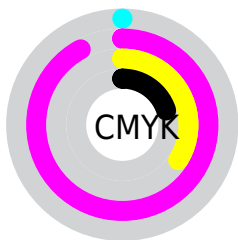
Distribution



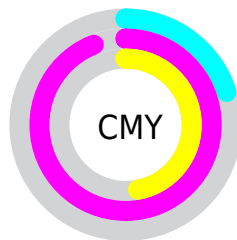
- Red (80%)
- Green (6%)
- Blue (53%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Blue (53%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (92%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (20%)





- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 205, 16, 136 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 205, 16, 136 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 205, 16, 136

 205, 16, 136

255, 255, 255

 175, 0, 111

 255, 93, 189

 145, 0, 86

 255, 123, 217

 116, 0, 63

 255, 153, 246

 87, 0, 41

 255, 182, 255


 59, 0, 20

 255, 212, 255

 25, 0, 1

 255, 242, 255


 0, 0, 0


 205, 16, 136

 205, 16, 136

 205, 0, 130

 205, 36, 143


 205, 57, 151

 205, 77, 158

 205, 98, 166

 205, 118, 173

 205, 139, 181

 205, 160, 188

 205, 180, 196

 205, 201, 203

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



156, 69, 193



205, 16, 136



214, 12, 74

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



205, 16, 136



97, 117, 0



0, 133, 202

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



205, 16, 136



16, 205, 85

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 135, 146



205, 16, 136



0, 128, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



205, 16, 136



153, 97, 0



0, 133, 81



0, 124, 233

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



205, 16, 136



203, 50, 33



0, 133, 81



0, 134, 185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



205, 16, 136



255, 184, 229



82, 16, 205



128, 84, 112



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



205, 16, 136



255, 0, 162



205, 16, 44



102, 92, 98



166, 0, 105



38, 0, 24

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



205, 16, 136



255, 0, 162



16, 205, 177



102, 92, 98



166, 0, 105



38, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 205, 16, 136 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

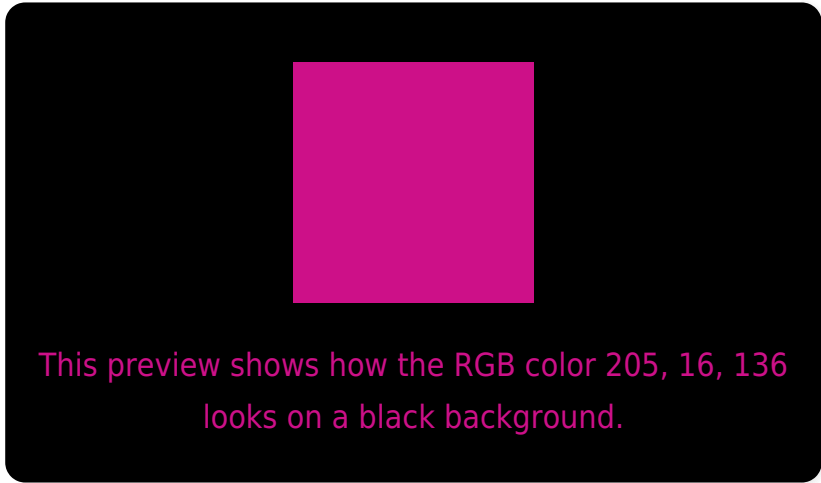
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 205, 16, 136 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 16, 136.

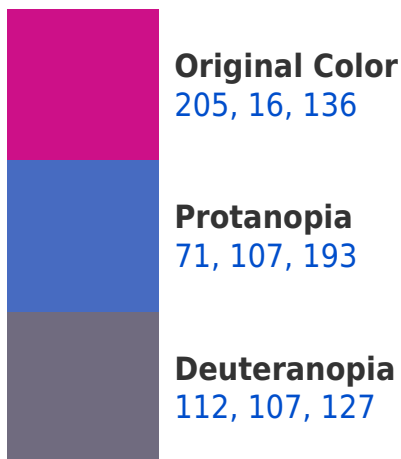


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 16, 136.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
200, 55, 57

Trichromacy



Original Color

205, 16, 136



Protanomaly

120, 74, 172



Deuteranomaly

146, 74, 130



Tritanomaly

202, 41, 86

Monochromacy



Original Color

205, 16, 136



Achromatopsia

86, 86, 86



Achromatomaly

129, 61, 104

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 205, 16, 136 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(205, 16, 136) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 16, 136)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 16, 136) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 16, 136) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 205, 16, 136 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 16, 136) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 16, 136) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 16, 136)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 16, 136); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 16, 136);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 16,  
136) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 205, 16, 136 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 16, 136) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205, 16,  
136) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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