

Converting Colors

RGB(205, 196, 174)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(205, 196, 174) contains.

RGB(205, 196, 174)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(205, 196, 174)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDC4AE
RGB	205, 196, 174
RGB Percent	80%, 77%, 68%
CMY	0.1961, 0.2314, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.04, 0.15, 0.20
HSL	43°, 24%, 74%
HSV	43°, 15%, 80%
XYZ	52.5567, 55.5150, 47.9898
YIQ	196.1830, 12.4260, -4.9340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

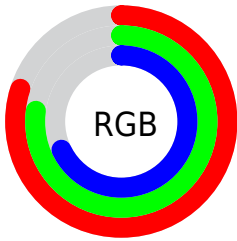
Format	Color
RYB	187, 205, 174
Decimal	13485230
CIELab	79.34, -0.54, 12.17
CIELCh	79, 12.182, 92.551
Yxy	55.5150, 0.3368, 0.3557
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291675310 (0xFFCDC4AE)
YUV	196.1830, -10.9362, 7.7325
Hunter-Lab	74.5084, -4.4793, 13.9680

Details

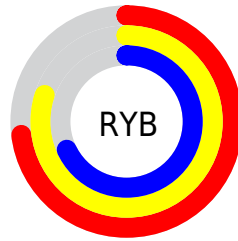
The RGB color **205, 196, 174** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **174, 183, 205**, and the grayscale version is **196, 196, 196**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 253, 229**, and **151, 142, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **205, 190, 154**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205, 202, 195**.

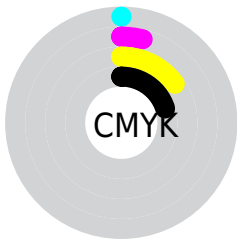
Distribution



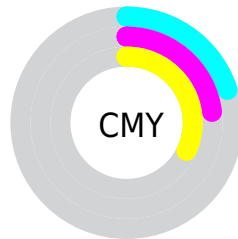
- Red (80%)
- Green (77%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 205, 196, 174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 205, 196, 174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 205, 196, 174

255, 255, 255

■ 255, 253, 229

■ 205, 196, 174

■ 177, 169, 147

■ 151, 142, 122

■ 125, 117, 97

■ 99, 92, 73

■ 75, 69, 50

■ 52, 47, 29

■ 32, 26, 4

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 205, 196, 174


■ 205, 196, 174

 205, 190, 154


 205, 202, 195

 205, 184, 133


 205, 208, 215

 205, 178, 113


 205, 214, 235

 205, 172, 92


 205, 220, 255

 205, 166, 72


 205, 226, 255

 205, 160, 51

 205, 232, 255

 205, 154, 31

 205, 238, 255

 205, 148, 10

 205, 244, 255

 205, 145, 0

 205, 250, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



215, 192, 177



205, 196, 174



192, 200, 177

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



205, 196, 174



168, 203, 208



212, 190, 207

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



205, 196, 174



174, 183, 205

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



200, 193, 216



205, 196, 174



174, 201, 216

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



205, 196, 174



171, 203, 197



186, 197, 219



220, 189, 196

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



205, 196, 174



183, 201, 182



186, 197, 219



209, 191, 210

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



205, 196, 174



255, 251, 242



205, 174, 183



128, 125, 120



0, 0, 0



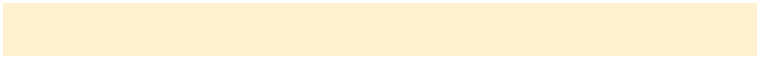
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



205, 196, 174



255, 242, 209



199, 205, 174



102, 99, 92



166, 118, 0



38, 27, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174, 183, 205



209, 222, 255



180, 174, 205



92, 95, 102



0, 48, 166



0, 11, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 205, 196, 174 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 205, 196, 174 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

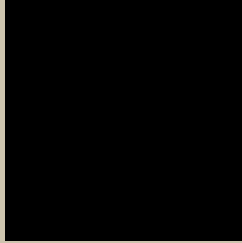
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

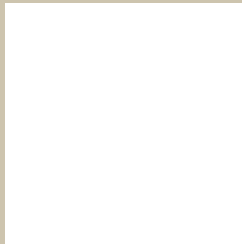
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 205, 196, 174 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 196, 174.

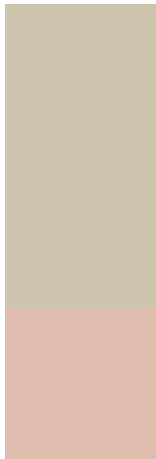


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 196, 174.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
205, 196, 174

Protanopia
205, 196, 174

Deuteranopia
223, 189, 175



Tritanopia
209, 191, 206

Trichromacy



Original Color

205, 196, 174

Protanomaly

205, 196, 174

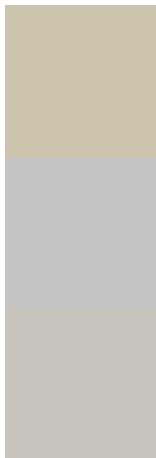
Deuteranomaly

216, 192, 175

Tritanomaly

208, 193, 194

Monochromacy



Original Color

205, 196, 174

Achromatopsia

196, 196, 196

Achromatomaly

199, 196, 188

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 205, 196, 174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(205, 196, 174) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 196, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 196, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 196, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 205, 196, 174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 196, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 196, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 196, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 196, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 196, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 196,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 205, 196, 174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 196, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
196, 174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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