

Converting Colors

RGB(205, 207, 98)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(205, 207, 98) contains.

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Color

RGB(205, 207, 98)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDCF62
RGB	205, 207, 98
RGB Percent	80%, 81%, 38%
CMY	0.1961, 0.1882, 0.6157
CMYK	0.01, 0.00, 0.53, 0.19
HSL	61°, 53%, 60%
HSV	61°, 53%, 81%
XYZ	49.6943, 58.4866, 20.2252
YIQ	193.9760, 33.7970, -34.3230

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

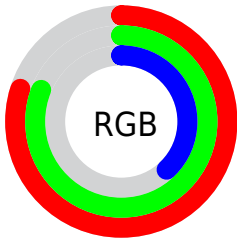
Format	Color
RYB	98, 207, 100
Decimal	13487970
CIELab	81.01, -15.34, 53.14
CIELCh	81, 55.311, 106.099
Yxy	58.4866, 0.3870, 0.4555
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291678050 (0xFFCDCF62)
YUV	193.9760, -47.3162, 9.6680
Hunter-Lab	76.4765, -17.8451, 37.8536

Details

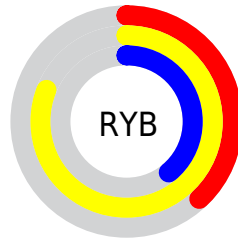
The RGB color **205, 207, 98** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. A complement of this color would be **100, 98, 207**, and the grayscale version is **194, 194, 194**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 152**, and **148, 153, 45** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **205, 207, 77**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205, 207, 119**.

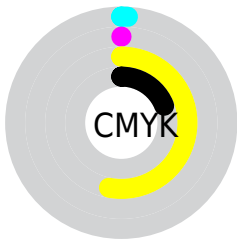
Distribution



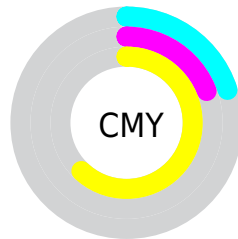
- Red (80%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (38%)



- Red (38%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (39%)



- Cyan (1%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (53%)
- Black (19%)



















- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 205, 207, 98 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 205, 207, 98 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 205, 207, 98	 205, 207, 98
 255, 255, 255	 176, 180, 72
 255, 255, 152	 148, 153, 45
 255, 255, 179	 121, 127, 14
 255, 255, 207	 94, 102, 0
 255, 255, 236	 69, 78, 0
	 43, 55, 0
	 18, 34, 0
	 0, 7, 0
	 0, 0, 0

■ 205, 207, 98

■ 205, 207, 98

■ 205, 207, 77

■ 205, 207, 119

■ 204, 207, 57

■ 206, 207, 139

■ 204, 207, 36

■ 206, 207, 160

■ 203, 207, 15

■ 207, 207, 181

■ 203, 207, 0

■ 207, 207, 202

■ 207, 207, 222

■ 208, 207, 243

■ 208, 207, 255

■ 208, 207, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



253, 190, 99



205, 207, 98



146, 219, 127

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



205, 207, 98



0, 224, 255



255, 161, 227

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



205, 207, 98



100, 98, 207

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



241, 177, 255



205, 207, 98



13, 214, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



205, 207, 98



0, 228, 228



166, 197, 255



255, 159, 175

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



205, 207, 98



97, 224, 157



166, 197, 255



255, 165, 244

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



205, 207, 98



254, 255, 214



207, 100, 98



127, 128, 103



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



205, 207, 98



252, 255, 94



151, 207, 98



104, 105, 94



165, 168, 0



40, 41, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



100, 98, 207



97, 94, 255



154, 98, 207



94, 94, 105



3, 0, 168



1, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 205, 207, 98 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 205, 207, 98 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 205, 207, 98 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 207, 98.

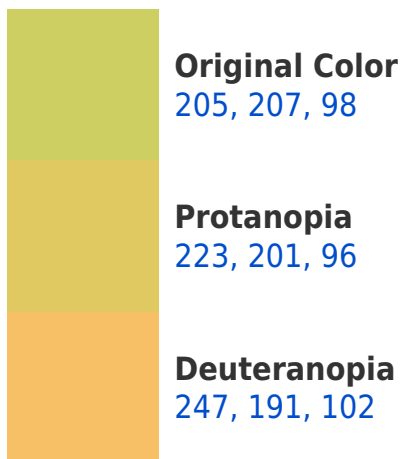



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 207, 98.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

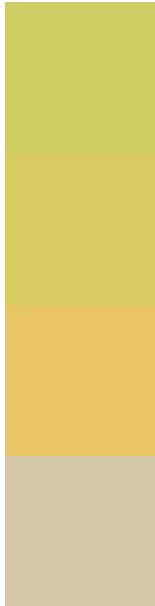
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
217, 195, 210

Trichromacy



Original Color
205, 207, 98

Protanomaly
216, 203, 97

Deuteranomaly
232, 197, 101

Tritanomaly
213, 199, 169

Monochromacy



Original Color
205, 207, 98

Achromatopsia
194, 194, 194

Achromatomaly
198, 199, 159

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 205, 207, 98 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 207, 98)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 207, 98)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 207, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 207, 98) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 205, 207, 98 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 207, 98) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 207, 98) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 207, 98) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 207, 98); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 207, 98);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 207,  
98) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 205, 207, 98 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 207, 98) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
207, 98) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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