

Converting Colors

RGB(205, 227, 205)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(205, 227, 205) contains.

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Color

RGB(205, 227, 205)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CDE3CD
RGB	205, 227, 205
RGB Percent	80%, 89%, 80%
CMY	0.1961, 0.1098, 0.1961
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.10, 0.11
HSL	120°, 28%, 85%
HSV	120°, 10%, 89%
XYZ	63.6654, 72.3251, 68.3622
YIQ	217.9140, -6.0500, -11.5060

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

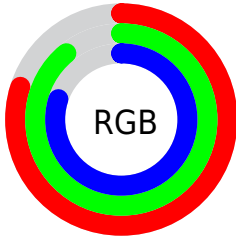
Format	Color
R_{YB}	205, 227, 227
Decimal	13493197
CIE Lab	88.12, -11.33, 8.27
CIE LCh	88, 14.029, 143.888
Yxy	72.3251, 0.3115, 0.3539
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291683277 (0xFFCDE3CD)
YUV	217.9140, -6.3666, -11.3256
Hunter-Lab	85.0442, -15.1994, 11.8710

Details

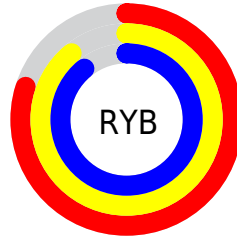
The RGB color **205, 227, 205** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **227, 205, 227**, and the grayscale version is **218, 218, 218**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is 255, 255, 255, and **151, 172, 151** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **182, 227, 182**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **228, 227, 228**.

Distribution



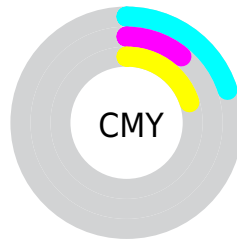
- Red (80%)
- Green (89%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (89%)
- Blue (89%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (10%)
- Black (11%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (11%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 205, 227, 205 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 205, 227, 205 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 205, 227, 205


255, 255, 255

 205, 227, 205


 177, 199, 178


 151, 172, 151

 125, 145, 125

 100, 119, 100

 76, 95, 76

 53, 71, 53

 31, 48, 32

 10, 28, 9

 0, 0, 0

 205, 227, 205

 205, 227, 205

 182, 227, 182

 228, 227, 228

 160, 227, 160

 250, 227, 250

 137, 227, 137

 255, 227, 255

 114, 227, 114

 92, 227, 92

 69, 227, 69

 46, 227, 46

 23, 227, 23

 1, 227, 1

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



220, 224, 197



205, 227, 205



193, 229, 218

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



205, 227, 205



204, 223, 247



250, 212, 211

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



205, 227, 205



227, 205, 227

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



247, 212, 224



205, 227, 205



220, 219, 245

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



205, 227, 205



191, 227, 242



236, 215, 237



246, 215, 200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



205, 227, 205



188, 229, 227



236, 215, 237



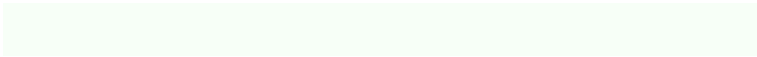
250, 212, 215

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



205, 227, 205



247, 255, 247



227, 227, 205



122, 128, 122



0, 0, 0



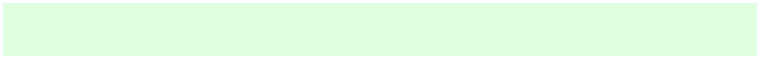
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



205, 227, 205



224, 255, 224



205, 227, 216



103, 115, 103



0, 179, 0



0, 51, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



227, 205, 227



255, 224, 255



227, 205, 216



115, 103, 115



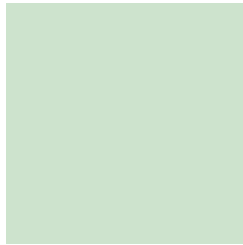
179, 0, 179



51, 0, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 205, 227, 205 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

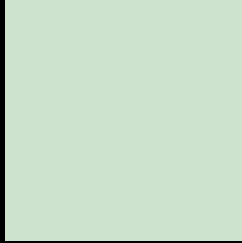
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 205, 227, 205 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

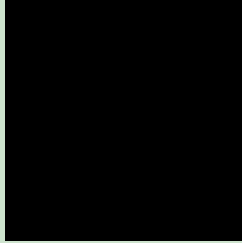
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

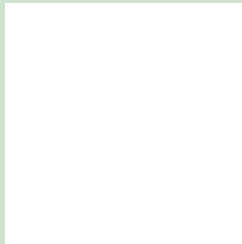
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 205, 227, 205 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 227, 205.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 227, 205.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

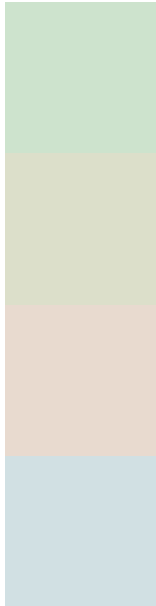
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
211, 222, 240

Trichromacy



Original Color

205, 227, 205

Protanomaly

220, 223, 202

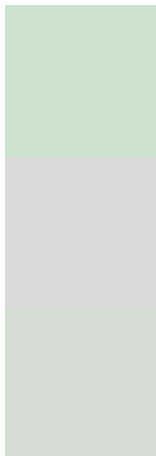
Deuteranomaly

232, 218, 207

Tritanomaly

209, 224, 227

Monochromacy



Original Color

205, 227, 205

Achromatopsia

218, 218, 218

Achromatomaly

213, 221, 213

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 205, 227, 205 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 227, 205)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 227, 205)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 227, 205) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 227, 205) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 205, 227, 205 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 227, 205) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 227, 205) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(205, 227, 205)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 227, 205); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 227, 205);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 227,  
205) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 205, 227, 205 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 227, 205) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205,  
227, 205) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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