

Converting Colors

RGB(205, 76, 71)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(205, 76, 71) contains.

RGB(205, 76, 71)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(205, 76, 71)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CD4C47
RGB	205, 76, 71
RGB Percent	80%, 30%, 28%
CMY	0.1961, 0.7020, 0.7216
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.65, 0.20
HSL	2°, 57%, 54%
HSV	2°, 65%, 80%
XYZ	28.8986, 18.6030, 8.0288
YIQ	114.0010, 78.4890, 25.7930

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

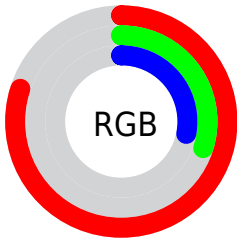
Format	Color
RYB	205, 76, 71
Decimal	13454407
CIELab	50.22, 50.79, 30.30
CIElCh	50, 59.140, 30.824
Yxy	18.6030, 0.5204, 0.3350
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291644487 (0xFFCD4C47)
YUV	114.0010, -21.1995, 79.8061
Hunter-Lab	43.1311, 44.1186, 19.1550

Details

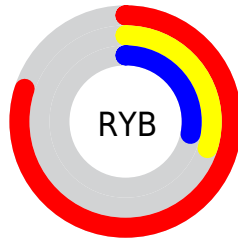
The RGB color **205, 76, 71** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3333**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **71, 200, 205**, and the grayscale version is **114, 114, 114**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 130, 120**, and **144, 14, 27** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **205, 56, 50**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **205, 96, 92**.

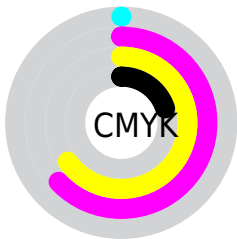
Distribution



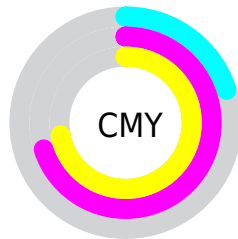
- Red (80%)
- Green (30%)
- Blue (28%)



- Red (80%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Blue (28%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (20%)



- Cyan (20%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (72%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 205, 76, 71 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 205, 76, 71 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 205, 76, 71  205, 76, 71

255, 255, 255  174, 48, 48

 255, 130, 120  144, 14, 27

 255, 158, 145  115, 0, 3

 255, 186, 172  85, 0, 0

 255, 215, 199  58, 0, 2

 255, 244, 227  20, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 205, 76, 71  205, 76, 71

 205, 56, 50  205, 96, 92

 205, 37, 30

 205, 115, 112


 205, 17, 9

 205, 135, 132

 205, 8, 0

 205, 155, 153

 205, 175, 173

 205, 194, 194

 205, 214, 214

 205, 234, 235

 205, 254, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



207, 67, 120



205, 76, 71



181, 98, 26

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



205, 76, 71



0, 139, 67



0, 125, 221

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



205, 76, 71



71, 200, 205

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 137, 207



205, 76, 71



0, 142, 119

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



205, 76, 71



92, 131, 17



0, 142, 170



119, 105, 207

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



205, 76, 71



156, 112, 0



0, 142, 170



0, 130, 219

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



205, 76, 71



255, 206, 204



205, 71, 201



128, 98, 97



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



205, 76, 71



255, 64, 56



205, 142, 71



102, 92, 92



166, 6, 0



38, 1, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



71, 200, 205



56, 248, 255



71, 134, 205



92, 102, 102



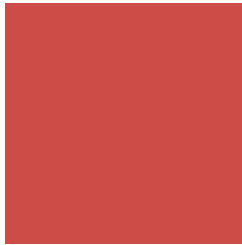
0, 160, 166



0, 37, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 205, 76, 71 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

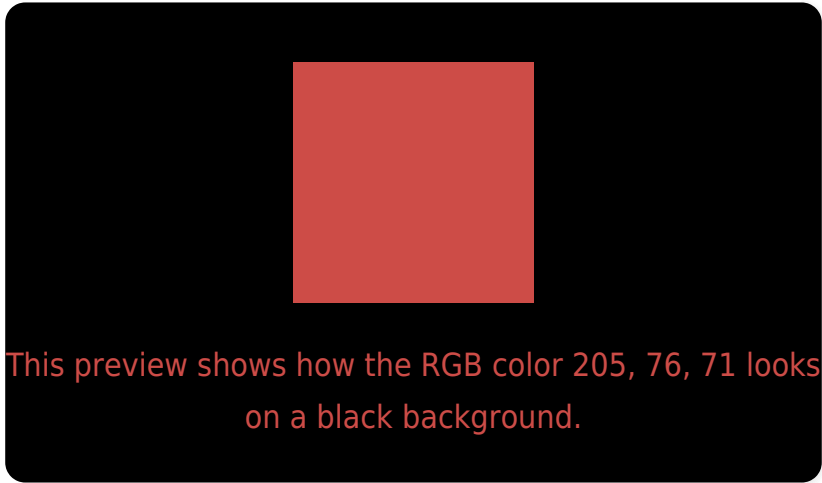
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 205, 76, 71 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 76, 71.

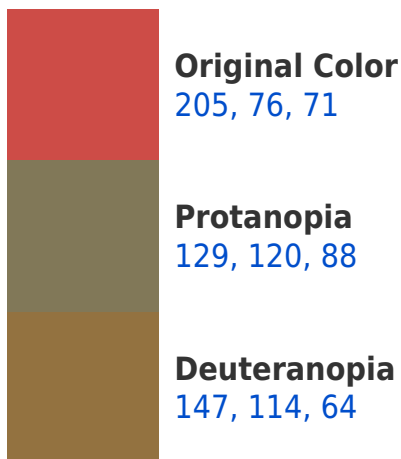


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 205, 76, 71.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
205, 75, 79

Trichromacy



Original Color

205, 76, 71

Protanomaly

157, 104, 82

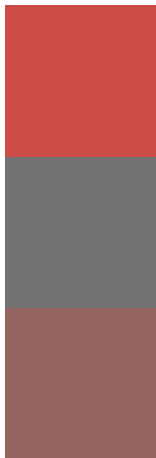
Deuteranomaly

168, 100, 67

Tritanomaly

205, 75, 76

Monochromacy



Original Color

205, 76, 71

Achromatopsia

114, 114, 114

Achromatomaly

147, 100, 98

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 205, 76, 71 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(205, 76, 71)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(205, 76, 71)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 76, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(205, 76, 71) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 205, 76, 71 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(205, 76, 71) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(205, 76, 71) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(205, 76, 71) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(205, 76, 71); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 76, 71);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(205, 76,  
71) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 205, 76, 71 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(205, 76, 71) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(205, 76,  
71) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor