

Converting Colors

RGB(206, 142, 107)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(206, 142, 107) contains.

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Color

RGB(206, 142, 107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CE8E6B
RGB	206, 142, 107
RGB Percent	81%, 56%, 42%
CMY	0.1922, 0.4431, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.31, 0.48, 0.19
HSL	21°, 50%, 61%
HSV	21°, 48%, 81%
XYZ	37.7804, 33.5294, 18.3905
YIQ	157.1460, 49.3790, 2.6830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

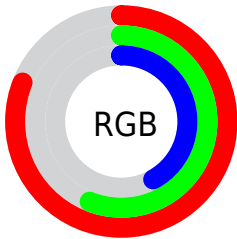
Format	Color
R _Y B	206, 161, 107
Decimal	13536875
CIE Lab	64.59, 20.27, 28.39
CIE LCh	65, 34.885, 54.470
Yxy	33.5294, 0.4212, 0.3738
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291726955 (0xFFCE8E6B)
YUV	157.1460, -24.7220, 42.8450
Hunter-Lab	57.9045, 15.1313, 21.7027

Details

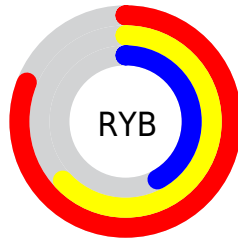
The RGB color **206, 142, 107** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **107, 171, 206**, and the grayscale version is **157, 157, 157**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 196, 159**, and **149, 91, 59** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **206, 129, 86**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **206, 155, 128**.

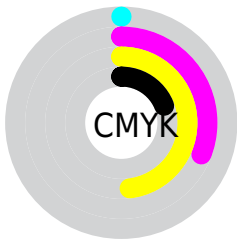
Distribution



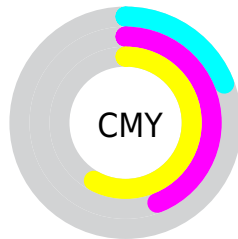
- Red (81%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (63%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (31%)
- Yellow (48%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 206, 142, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 206, 142, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 206, 142, 107


255, 255, 255

 255, 196, 159

 255, 224, 186


 255, 253, 214

 255, 255, 242

 206, 142, 107

 177, 116, 82

 149, 91, 59

 121, 68, 37

 94, 45, 15


 68, 23, 0


 43, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 206, 142, 107

 206, 129, 86

 206, 142, 107

 206, 155, 128

■ 206, 115, 66

■ 206, 169, 148

■ 206, 102, 45

■ 206, 182, 169

■ 206, 89, 25

■ 206, 195, 189

■ 206, 75, 4

■ 206, 209, 210

■ 206, 73, 0

■ 206, 222, 231

■ 206, 235, 251

■ 206, 249, 255

■ 206, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



217, 134, 132



206, 142, 107



183, 153, 94

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



206, 142, 107



74, 173, 150



152, 151, 213

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



206, 142, 107



107, 171, 206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



102, 161, 218



206, 142, 107



32, 173, 181

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



206, 142, 107



115, 169, 119



47, 169, 206



190, 140, 193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



206, 142, 107



162, 160, 95



47, 169, 206



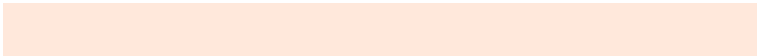
136, 154, 217

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



206, 142, 107



255, 232, 219



206, 107, 171



128, 113, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



206, 142, 107



255, 159, 107



206, 191, 107



102, 95, 92



166, 59, 0



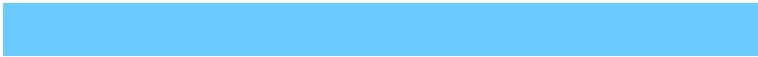
38, 14, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



107, 171, 206



107, 203, 255



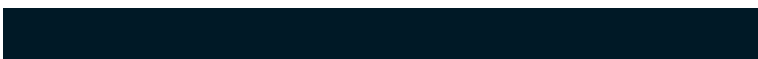
107, 122, 206



92, 98, 102



0, 107, 166



0, 25, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 206, 142, 107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

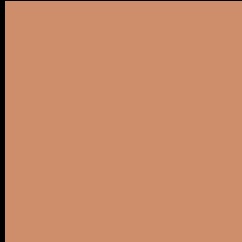
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 206, 142, 107 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

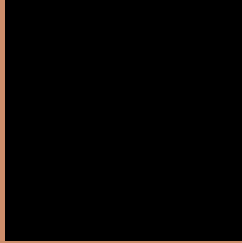
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 206, 142, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 206, 142, 107.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 206, 142, 107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
206, 142, 107

Protanopia
169, 157, 113

Deuteranopia
188, 150, 105



Tritanopia
209, 137, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color

206, 142, 107

Protanomaly

182, 152, 111

Deuteranomaly

195, 147, 106

Tritanomaly

208, 139, 132

Monochromacy



Original Color

206, 142, 107

Achromatopsia

157, 157, 157

Achromatomaly

175, 152, 139

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 206, 142, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 142, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 142, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 142, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 142, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 206, 142, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 142, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 142, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 142, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 142, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 142, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 142,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 206, 142, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 142, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
142, 107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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