

Converting Colors

RGB(206, 189, 146)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(206, 189, 146) contains.

RGB(206, 189, 146)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(206, 189, 146)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEBD92
RGB	206, 189, 146
RGB Percent	81%, 74%, 57%
CMY	0.1922, 0.2588, 0.4275
CMYK	0.00, 0.08, 0.29, 0.19
HSL	43°, 38%, 69%
HSV	43°, 29%, 81%
XYZ	48.8395, 51.5923, 34.5783
YIQ	189.1810, 23.9350, -9.7690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

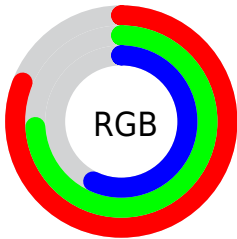
Format	Color
R_{YB}	170, 206, 146
Decimal	13548946
CIE _{Lab}	77.04, -0.54, 23.96
CIE _{LCh}	77, 23.962, 91.289
Yxy	51.5923, 0.3617, 0.3821
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291739026 (0xFFCEBD92)
YUV	189.1810, -21.2882, 14.7503
Hunter-Lab	71.8278, -4.3271, 21.7369

Details

The RGB color **206, 189, 146** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC99**. A complement of this color would be **146, 163, 206**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 245, 200**, and **151, 136, 95** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **206, 183, 125**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **206, 195, 167**.

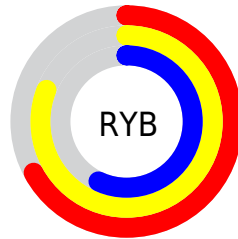
Distribution



Red (81%)

Green (74%)

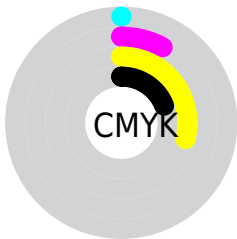
Blue (57%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (81%)

Blue (57%)

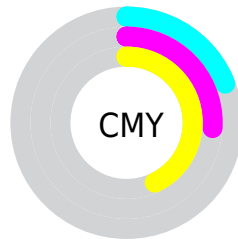


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (8%)

Yellow (29%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (19%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 206, 189, 146 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 206, 189, 146 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 206, 189, 146

 206, 189, 146


255, 255, 255

 178, 162, 120

 255, 245, 200


 151, 136, 95

 255, 255, 228

 125, 111, 71

 99, 86, 48

 74, 63, 26

 51, 41, 2


 28, 21, 0


 0, 0, 0

 206, 189, 146

 206, 189, 146

 206, 183, 125


 206, 195, 167

 206, 177, 105


 206, 201, 187

 206, 171, 84

 206, 207, 208

 206, 166, 64

 206, 212, 228

 206, 160, 43

 206, 218, 249

 206, 154, 22

 206, 224, 255

 206, 148, 2

 206, 230, 255

 206, 148, 0

 206, 236, 255

 206, 242, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



225, 182, 152



206, 189, 146



182, 196, 152

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



206, 189, 146



128, 202, 212



220, 178, 212

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



206, 189, 146



146, 163, 206

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



195, 184, 228



206, 189, 146



139, 198, 228

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



206, 189, 146



136, 203, 190



165, 192, 234



234, 174, 190

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



206, 189, 146



165, 199, 162



165, 192, 234



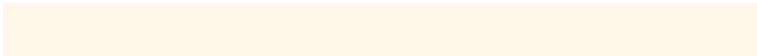
213, 179, 218

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



206, 189, 146



255, 248, 232



206, 146, 163



128, 124, 113



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



206, 189, 146



255, 230, 166



193, 206, 146



102, 99, 92



166, 119, 0



38, 27, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



146, 163, 206



166, 191, 255



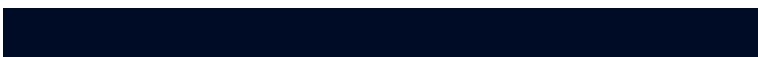
159, 146, 206



92, 95, 102



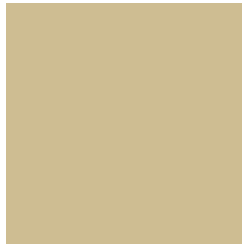
0, 47, 166



0, 11, 38

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 206, 189, 146 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 206, 189, 146 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

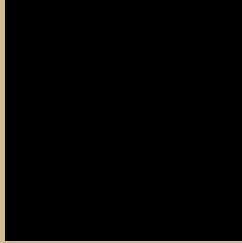
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 206, 189, 146 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 206, 189, 146.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 206, 189, 146.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
206, 189, 146

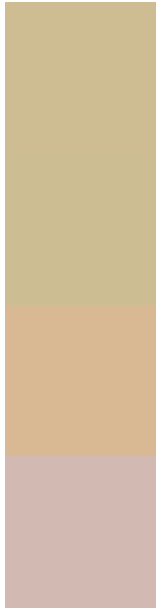
Protanopia
203, 190, 146

Deuteranopia
223, 183, 147



Tritanopia
212, 182, 196

Trichromacy



Original Color

206, 189, 146

Protanomaly

204, 190, 146

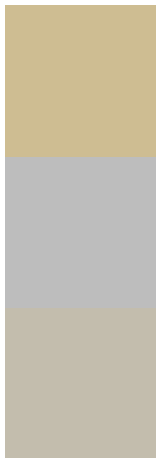
Deuteranomaly

217, 185, 147

Tritanomaly

210, 185, 178

Monochromacy



Original Color

206, 189, 146

Achromatopsia

189, 189, 189

Achromatomaly

195, 189, 173

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 206, 189, 146 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(206, 189, 146) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 189, 146)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 189, 146) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 189, 146) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 206, 189, 146 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 189, 146) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 189, 146) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 189, 146)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 189, 146); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 189, 146); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 189, 146) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 206, 189, 146 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 189, 146) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
189, 146) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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