

Converting Colors

RGB(206, 213, 186)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(206, 213, 186) contains.

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Color

RGB(206, 213, 186)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CED5BA
RGB	206, 213, 186
RGB Percent	81%, 84%, 73%
CMY	0.1922, 0.1647, 0.2706
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.13, 0.16
HSL	76°, 24%, 78%
HSV	76°, 13%, 84%
XYZ	58.1108, 64.2555, 55.7942
YIQ	207.8290, 4.4950, -9.8810

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

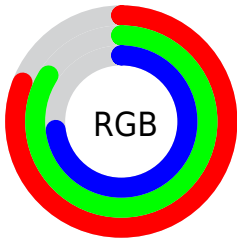
Format	Color
R _{YB}	186, 213, 193
Decimal	13555130
CIE Lab	84.10, -7.09, 12.54
CIE LCh	84, 14.406, 119.489
Yxy	64.2555, 0.3262, 0.3607
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291745210 (0xFFCED5BA)
YUV	207.8290, -10.7617, -1.6040
Hunter-Lab	80.1595, -10.8775, 14.8435

Details

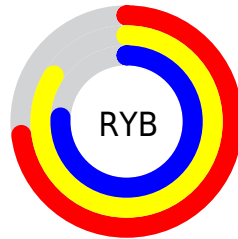
The RGB color **206, 213, 186** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **C9C999**. A complement of this color would be **193, 186, 213**, and the grayscale version is **208, 208, 208**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 242**, and **152, 158, 133** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **200, 213, 165**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **212, 213, 207**.

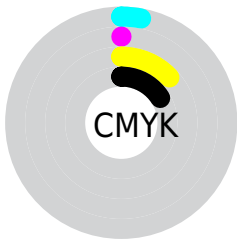
Distribution



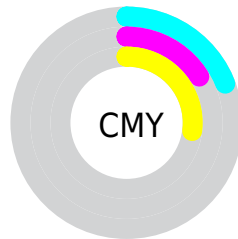
- Red (81%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (73%)



- Red (73%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (76%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (13%)
- Black (16%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (27%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 206, 213, 186 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 206, 213, 186 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 206, 213, 186

255, 255, 255


 255, 255, 242

 206, 213, 186

 178, 185, 159

 152, 158, 133

 126, 132, 108

 101, 107, 83

 77, 83, 60

 54, 60, 38

 32, 38, 18

 5, 18, 0

 0, 0, 0

■ 206, 213, 186

■ 206, 213, 186

■ 200, 213, 165

■ 212, 213, 207

■ 195, 213, 143

■ 217, 213, 229

■ 189, 213, 122

■ 223, 213, 250

■ 184, 213, 101

■ 228, 213, 255

■ 178, 213, 79

■ 234, 213, 255

■ 173, 213, 58

■ 239, 213, 255

■ 167, 213, 37

■ 245, 213, 255

■ 162, 213, 16

■ 250, 213, 255

■ 158, 213, 0

■ 255, 213, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



221, 209, 183



206, 213, 186



191, 216, 196

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



206, 213, 186



181, 215, 233



237, 201, 210

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



206, 213, 186



193, 186, 213

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



228, 203, 224



206, 213, 186



195, 211, 237

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



206, 213, 186



175, 217, 223



212, 206, 233



239, 201, 197

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



206, 213, 186



182, 218, 204



212, 206, 233



235, 201, 215

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



206, 213, 186



252, 255, 245



213, 193, 186



126, 128, 121



0, 0, 0



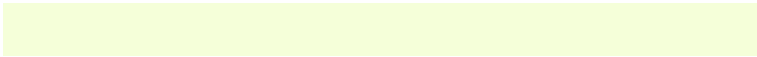
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



206, 213, 186



245, 255, 217



193, 213, 186



104, 107, 96



127, 171, 0



32, 43, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



193, 186, 213



227, 217, 255



206, 186, 213



99, 96, 107



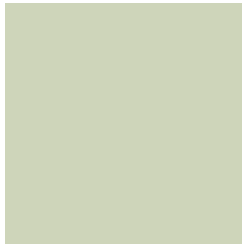
44, 0, 171



11, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 206, 213, 186 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

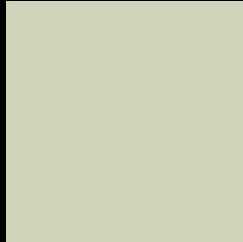
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 206, 213, 186 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

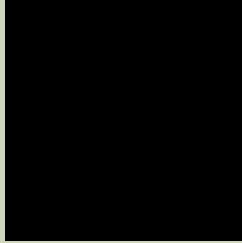
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

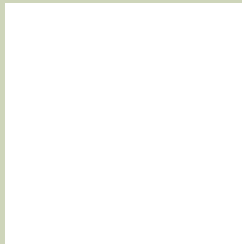
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 206, 213, 186 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 206, 213, 186.

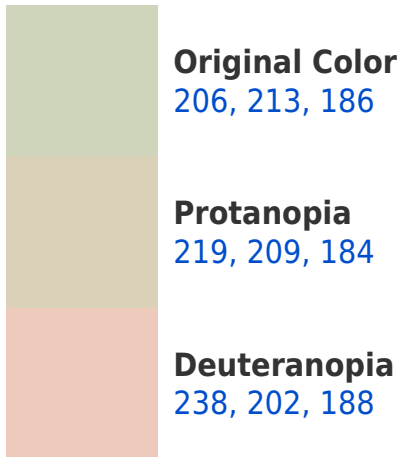


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 206, 213, 186.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

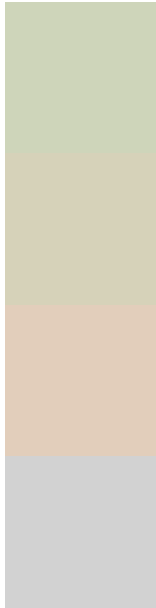
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
212, 208, 224

Trichromacy



Original Color
206, 213, 186

Protanomaly
214, 210, 185

Deuteranomaly
226, 206, 187

Tritanomaly
210, 210, 210

Monochromacy



Original Color
206, 213, 186

Achromatopsia
208, 208, 208

Achromatomaly
207, 210, 200

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 206, 213, 186 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 213, 186)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 213, 186)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 213, 186) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 213, 186) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 206, 213, 186 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 213, 186) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 213, 186) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(206, 213, 186)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 213, 186); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 213, 186);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 213,  
186) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 206, 213, 186 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 213, 186) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
213, 186) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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