

Converting Colors

RGB(206, 250, 102)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(206, 250, 102) contains.

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Color

RGB(206, 250, 102)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CEFA66
RGB	206, 250, 102
RGB Percent	81%, 98%, 40%
CMY	0.1922, 0.0196, 0.6000
CMYK	0.18, 0.00, 0.59, 0.02
HSL	78°, 94%, 69%
HSV	78°, 59%, 98%
XYZ	62.0375, 82.4523, 25.2155
YIQ	219.9720, 21.2840, -55.3560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

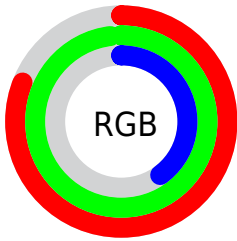
Format	Color
RYB	102, 250, 146
Decimal	13564518
CIELab	92.77, -35.13, 64.72
CIELCh	93, 73.644, 118.496
Yxy	82.4523, 0.3656, 0.4859
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291754598 (0xFFCEFA66)
YUV	219.9720, -58.1602, -12.2534
Hunter-Lab	90.8033, -36.9532, 47.0978

Details

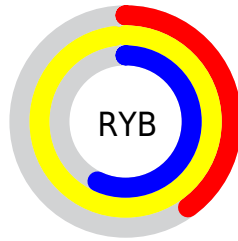
The RGB color **206, 250, 102** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFF66**. A complement of this color would be **146, 102, 250**, and the grayscale version is **221, 221, 221**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 158**, and **148, 193, 44** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **199, 250, 77**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **213, 250, 127**.

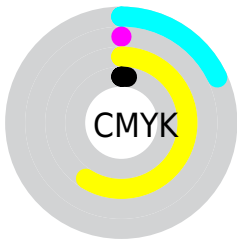
Distribution



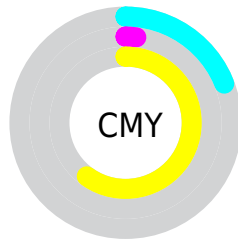
- Red (81%)
- Green (98%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (40%)
- Yellow (98%)
- Blue (57%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (59%)
- Black (2%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 206, 250, 102 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 206, 250, 102 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 206, 250, 102

 206, 250, 102

255, 255, 255

 177, 221, 74


 255, 255, 158

 148, 193, 44

 255, 255, 186

 120, 166, 0

 255, 255, 215

 93, 140, 0

 255, 255, 244

 65, 114, 0

 36, 89, 0

 0, 65, 0

 0, 43, 0


 0, 17, 0

 206, 250, 102

 206, 250, 102

 199, 250, 77

 213, 250, 127

 191, 250, 52

 221, 250, 152

 184, 250, 27

 228, 250, 177

 176, 250, 2

 236, 250, 202

 176, 250, 0

 243, 250, 227

 251, 250, 252

 255, 250, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



255, 229, 84



206, 250, 102



111, 255, 157

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



206, 250, 102



0, 255, 255



255, 171, 241

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



206, 250, 102



146, 102, 250

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 188, 255



206, 250, 102



50, 243, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



206, 250, 102



0, 255, 255



231, 217, 255



255, 178, 171

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



206, 250, 102



0, 255, 204



231, 217, 255



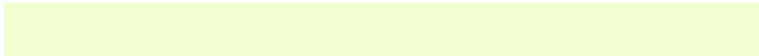
255, 175, 255

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



206, 250, 102



241, 255, 209



250, 144, 102



119, 128, 99



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



206, 250, 102



201, 255, 74



134, 250, 102



121, 125, 112



133, 189, 0



43, 61, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



146, 102, 250



128, 74, 255



218, 102, 250



116, 112, 125



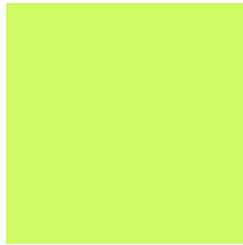
56, 0, 189



18, 0, 61

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 206, 250, 102 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

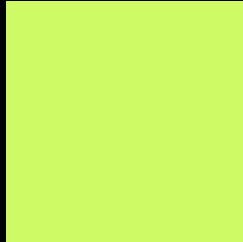
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 206, 250, 102 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 206, 250, 102 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 206, 250, 102.

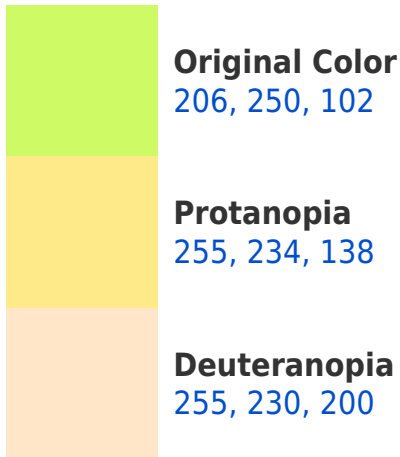


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 206, 250, 102.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

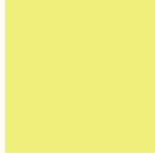
224, 235, 253

Trichromacy



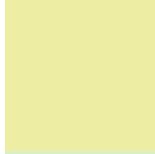
Original Color

206, 250, 102



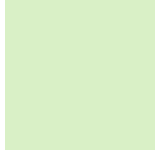
Protanomaly

237, 240, 125



Deuteranomaly

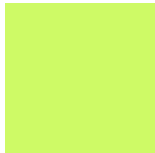
237, 237, 164



Tritanomaly

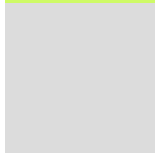
217, 240, 198

Monochromacy



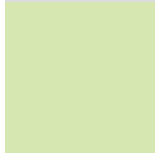
Original Color

206, 250, 102



Achromatopsia

220, 220, 220



Achromatomaly

215, 231, 177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 206, 250, 102 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(206, 250, 102)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(206, 250, 102)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 250, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(206, 250, 102) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 206, 250, 102 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(206, 250, 102) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(206, 250, 102) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(206, 250, 102) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(206, 250, 102); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 250, 102);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(206, 250,  
102) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 206, 250, 102 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(206, 250, 102) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(206,  
250, 102) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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