

Converting Colors

RGB(207, 160, 179)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(207, 160, 179) contains.

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Color

RGB(207, 160, 179)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFA0B3
RGB	207, 160, 179
RGB Percent	81%, 63%, 70%
CMY	0.1882, 0.3725, 0.2980
CMYK	0.00, 0.23, 0.14, 0.19
HSL	336°, 33%, 72%
HSV	336°, 23%, 81%
XYZ	46.4396, 41.6617, 48.2417
YIQ	176.2190, 21.9130, 15.8730

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

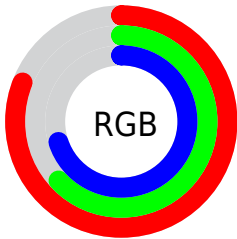
Format	Color
R _Y B	207, 160, 179
Decimal	13607091
CIE Lab	70.64, 20.37, -3.10
CIE LCh	71, 20.608, 351.361
Yxy	41.6617, 0.3406, 0.3056
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291797171 (0xFFCFA0B3)
YUV	176.2190, 1.3710, 26.9949
Hunter-Lab	64.5459, 15.4724, 0.8686

Details

The RGB color **207, 160, 179** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **160, 207, 188**, and the grayscale version is **176, 176, 176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 215, 235**, and **152, 108, 126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **207, 139, 167**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **207, 181, 191**.

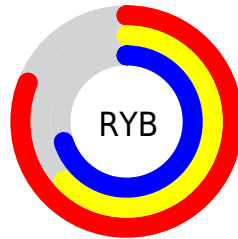
Distribution



Red (81%)

Green (63%)

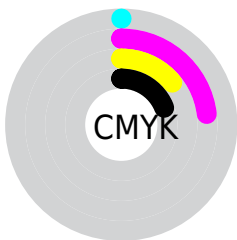
Blue (70%)



Red (81%)

Yellow (63%)

Blue (70%)

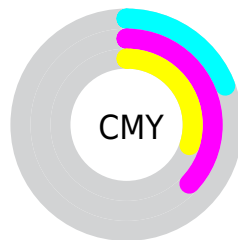


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (23%)

Yellow (14%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (19%)

Magenta (37%)

Yellow (30%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 207, 160, 179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 207, 160, 179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 207, 160, 179

 207, 160, 179

255, 255, 255

 179, 134, 152

 255, 215, 235

 152, 108, 126

 255, 243, 255

 126, 84, 101

 100, 60, 77

 76, 38, 55

 52, 16, 33


 34, 0, 11


 0, 0, 0

 207, 160, 179

 207, 160, 179

 207, 139, 167

 207, 181, 191

 207, 119, 154

 207, 201, 204

 207, 98, 142

 207, 222, 216

 207, 77, 130

 207, 243, 228

 207, 57, 117

 207, 255, 241

 207, 36, 105

 207, 255, 253

 207, 15, 93

 207, 255, 255

 207, 0, 84

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



192, 164, 196



207, 160, 179



212, 160, 160

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



207, 160, 179



173, 176, 138



126, 181, 201

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



207, 160, 179



160, 207, 188

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



122, 183, 186



207, 160, 179



151, 181, 149

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



207, 160, 179



192, 170, 136



132, 183, 167



144, 176, 209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



207, 160, 179



209, 162, 149



132, 183, 167



122, 182, 197

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



207, 160, 179



255, 237, 244



187, 160, 207



128, 117, 121



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



207, 160, 179



255, 186, 214



207, 164, 160



105, 94, 98



168, 0, 68



41, 0, 16

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207, 160, 179



255, 186, 214



160, 203, 207



105, 94, 98



168, 0, 68



41, 0, 16

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 207, 160, 179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

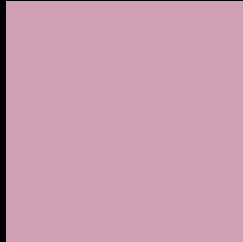
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 207, 160, 179 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 207, 160, 179 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 207, 160, 179.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 207, 160, 179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
207, 160, 179

Protanopia
172, 172, 186

Deuteranopia
188, 168, 178



Tritanopia
206, 161, 173

Trichromacy



Original Color
207, 160, 179

Protanomaly
185, 168, 183

Deuteranomaly
195, 165, 178

Tritanomaly
206, 161, 175

Monochromacy



Original Color
207, 160, 179

Achromatopsia
176, 176, 176

Achromatomaly
187, 170, 177

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 207, 160, 179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 160, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 160, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 160, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 160, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 207, 160, 179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 160, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 160, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 160, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 160, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 160, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 160,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 207, 160, 179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 160, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
160, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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