

Converting Colors

RGB(207, 170, 154)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(207, 170, 154) contains.

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Color

RGB(207, 170, 154)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFAA9A
RGB	207, 170, 154
RGB Percent	81%, 67%, 60%
CMY	0.1882, 0.3333, 0.3961
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.26, 0.19
HSL	18°, 36%, 71%
HSV	18°, 26%, 81%
XYZ	45.9396, 44.3479, 36.7106
YIQ	179.2390, 27.1880, 2.8680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

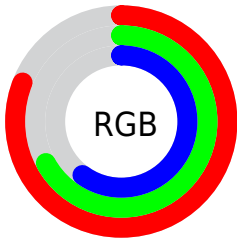
Format	Color
R _Y B	207, 177, 154
Decimal	13609626
CIE Lab	72.46, 11.10, 13.32
CIE LCh	72, 17.335, 50.199
Yxy	44.3479, 0.3617, 0.3492
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291799706 (0xFFCFAA9A)
YUV	179.2390, -12.4428, 24.3464
Hunter-Lab	66.5943, 6.5971, 13.9319

Details

The RGB color **207, 170, 154** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **154, 191, 207**, and the grayscale version is **179, 179, 179**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 225, 208**, and **152, 118, 103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **207, 156, 133**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **207, 184, 175**.

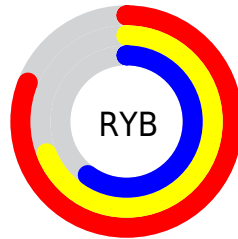
Distribution



Red (81%)

Green (67%)

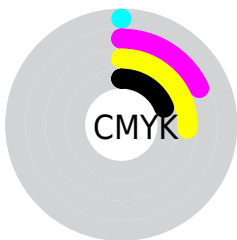
Blue (60%)



Red (81%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (60%)

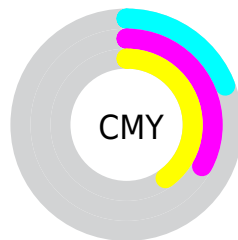


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (19%)



Cyan (19%)


Magenta (33%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 207, 170, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 207, 170, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 207, 170, 154

 207, 170, 154

255, 255, 255

 179, 143, 128

 255, 225, 208


 152, 118, 103

 255, 254, 237

 125, 93, 79


 100, 69, 56


 75, 47, 34

 51, 26, 13

 30, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 207, 170, 154

 207, 170, 154

■ 207, 156, 133

■ 207, 184, 175

■ 207, 141, 113

■ 207, 199, 195

■ 207, 127, 92

■ 207, 213, 216

■ 207, 112, 71

■ 207, 228, 237

■ 207, 98, 51

■ 207, 242, 255

■ 207, 83, 30

■ 207, 255, 255

■ 207, 69, 9

■ 207, 62, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



211, 167, 167



207, 170, 154



195, 175, 147

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



207, 170, 154



145, 187, 172



174, 175, 207

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



207, 170, 154



154, 191, 207

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



154, 181, 209



207, 170, 154



136, 187, 188

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



207, 170, 154



161, 184, 157



139, 185, 201



193, 170, 198

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



207, 170, 154



185, 178, 147



139, 185, 201



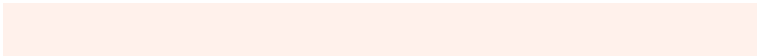
167, 177, 209

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



207, 170, 154



255, 241, 235



207, 154, 191



128, 119, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



207, 170, 154



255, 200, 176



207, 196, 154



105, 97, 94



168, 51, 0



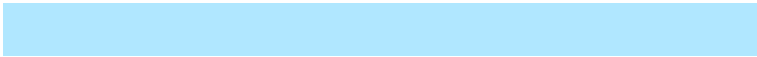
41, 12, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154, 191, 207



176, 231, 255



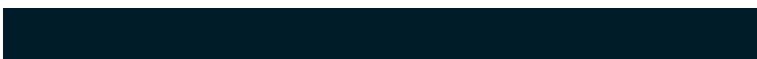
154, 165, 207



94, 101, 105



0, 117, 168



0, 28, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 207, 170, 154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

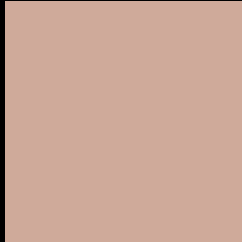
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 207, 170, 154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

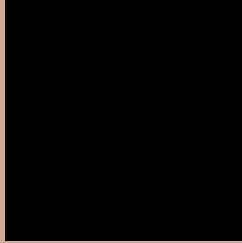
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 207, 170, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 207, 170, 154.

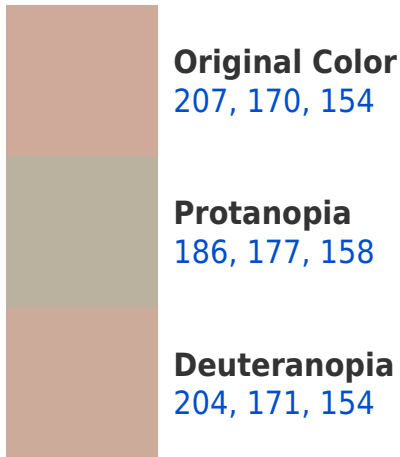


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 207, 170, 154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
210, 166, 179

Trichromacy



Original Color

207, 170, 154

Protanomaly

194, 174, 157

Deuteranomaly

205, 171, 154

Tritanomaly

209, 167, 170

Monochromacy



Original Color

207, 170, 154

Achromatopsia

179, 179, 179

Achromatomaly

189, 176, 170

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 207, 170, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 170, 154)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 170, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 170, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 170, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 207, 170, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 170, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 170, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 170, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 170, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 170, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 170,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 207, 170, 154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 170, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
170, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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