

Converting Colors

RGB(207, 183, 87)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(207, 183, 87) contains.

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Color

RGB(207, 183, 87)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFB757
RGB	207, 183, 87
RGB Percent	81%, 72%, 34%
CMY	0.1882, 0.2824, 0.6588
CMYK	0.00, 0.12, 0.58, 0.19
HSL	48°, 56%, 58%
HSV	48°, 58%, 81%
XYZ	44.3859, 47.8205, 15.9077
YIQ	179.2320, 45.1200, -24.7680

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

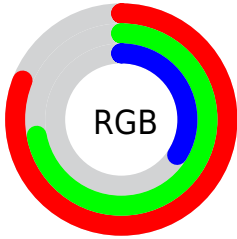
Format	Color
RYB	117, 207, 87
Decimal	13612887
CIELab	74.71, -3.08, 51.06
CIELCh	75, 51.156, 93.453
Yxy	47.8205, 0.4105, 0.4423
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291802967 (0xFFCFB757)
YUV	179.2320, -45.4704, 24.3525
Hunter-Lab	69.1524, -6.4452, 34.7677

Details

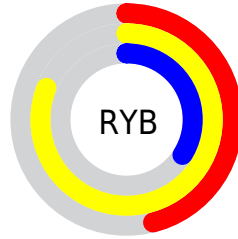
The RGB color **207, 183, 87** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCC66**. The color can be described as light muted orange. A complement of this color would be **87, 111, 207**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 239, 140**, and **150, 130, 35** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **207, 179, 66**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **207, 187, 108**.

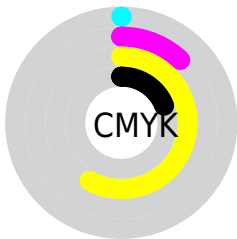
Distribution



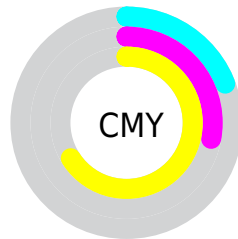
- Red (81%)
- Green (72%)
- Blue (34%)



- Red (46%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (34%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (12%)
- Yellow (58%)
- Black (19%)



















- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (28%)
- Yellow (66%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 207, 183, 87 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 207, 183, 87 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 207, 183, 87	 207, 183, 87
 255, 255, 255	 178, 156, 61
 255, 239, 140	 150, 130, 35
 255, 255, 167	 122, 105, 1
 255, 255, 195	 95, 81, 0
 255, 255, 223	 69, 59, 0
 255, 255, 252	 44, 37, 0
	 17, 17, 0
	 0, 0, 0

 207, 183, 87

 207, 183, 87

■ 207, 179, 66

■ 207, 187, 108

■ 207, 175, 46

■ 207, 191, 128

■ 207, 171, 25

■ 207, 195, 149

■ 207, 166, 4

■ 207, 200, 170

■ 207, 166, 0

■ 207, 204, 191

■ 207, 208, 211

■ 207, 212, 232

■ 207, 216, 253

■ 207, 220, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



246, 166, 100



207, 183, 87



158, 196, 102

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



207, 183, 87



0, 207, 234



247, 152, 227

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



207, 183, 87



87, 111, 207

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



195, 169, 255



207, 183, 87



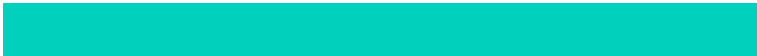
0, 200, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



207, 183, 87



0, 208, 188



114, 187, 255



255, 144, 180

Rectangle

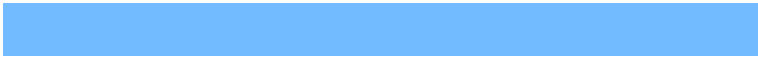
The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



207, 183, 87



119, 202, 126



114, 187, 255



232, 157, 240

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



207, 183, 87



255, 246, 212



207, 87, 111



128, 122, 102



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



207, 183, 87



255, 219, 77



171, 207, 87



105, 102, 94



168, 135, 0



41, 33, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



87, 111, 207



77, 112, 255



123, 87, 207



94, 96, 105



0, 34, 168



0, 8, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 207, 183, 87 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

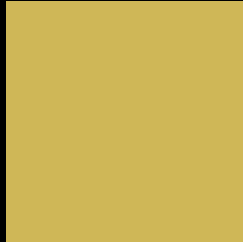
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 207, 183, 87 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 207, 183, 87 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 207, 183, 87.

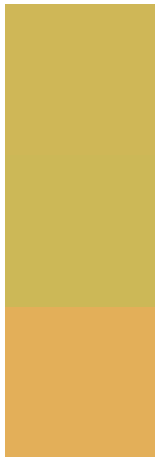


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 207, 183, 87.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
207, 183, 87

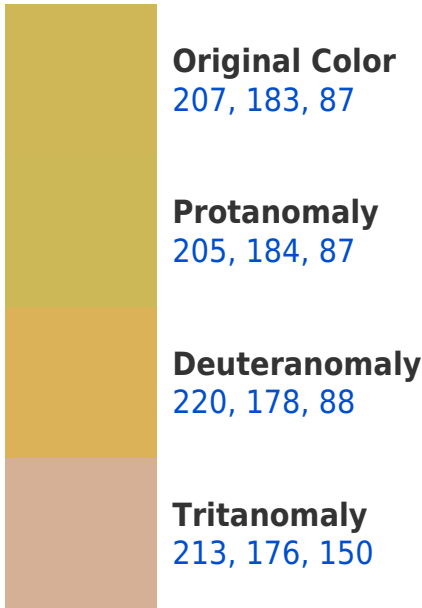
Protanopia
204, 184, 87

Deuteranopia
227, 175, 89

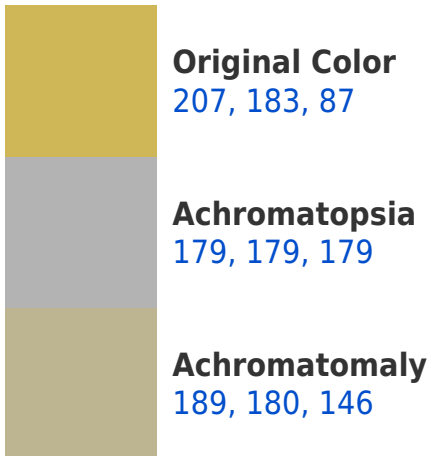


Tritanopia
216, 172, 186

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 207, 183, 87 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 183, 87)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 183, 87)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 183, 87) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 183, 87) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 207, 183, 87 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 183, 87) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 183, 87) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 183, 87)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 183, 87); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 183, 87);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 183,  
87) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 207, 183, 87 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 183, 87) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
183, 87) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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