

Converting Colors

RGB(207, 207, 212)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(207, 207, 212) contains.

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Color

RGB(207, 207, 212)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CFCFD4
RGB	207, 207, 212
RGB Percent	81%, 81%, 83%
CMY	0.1882, 0.1882, 0.1686
CMYK	0.02, 0.02, 0.00, 0.17
HSL	240°, 5%, 82%
HSV	240°, 2%, 83%
XYZ	59.9286, 62.6445, 71.2204
YIQ	207.5700, -1.6050, 1.5550

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

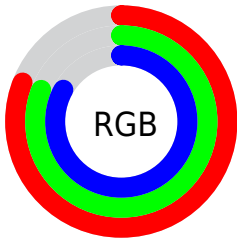
Format	Color
RYB	207, 207, 212
Decimal	13619156
CIELab	83.25, 0.92, -2.48
CIElCh	83, 2.649, 290.432
Yxy	62.6445, 0.3092, 0.3233
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291809236 (0xFFCFCFD4)
YUV	207.5700, 2.1840, -0.4999
Hunter-Lab	79.1483, -3.3549, 2.0526

Details

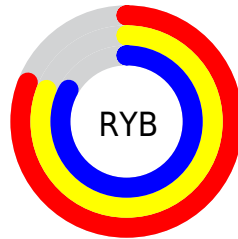
The RGB color `207, 207, 212` is a light color, and the websafe version is hex `CCCCCC`. A complement of this color would be `212, 212, 207`, and the grayscale version is `208, 208, 208`.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is `255, 255, 255`, and `153, 153, 157` is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get `186, 186, 212`, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is `228, 228, 212`.

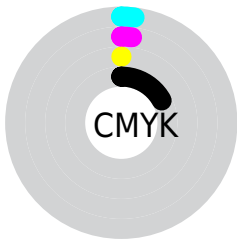
Distribution



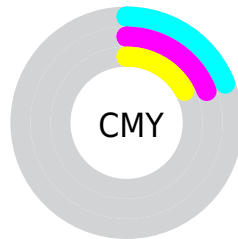
- Red (81%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (83%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (81%)
- Blue (83%)



- Cyan (2%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (17%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (17%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 207, 207, 212 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 207, 207, 212 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 207, 207, 212

255, 255, 255

■ 207, 207, 212

■ 179, 179, 184

■ 153, 153, 157

■ 127, 127, 131

■ 102, 102, 106

■ 78, 78, 82

■ 55, 55, 59


■ 34, 34, 37

■ 11, 11, 17

■ 0, 0, 0

 207, 207, 212

 207, 207, 212

 186, 186, 212


 228, 228, 212


 165, 165, 212

 249, 249, 212

 143, 143, 212

 255, 255, 212


 122, 122, 212

 101, 101, 212

 80, 80, 212

 59, 59, 212

 37, 37, 212

 16, 16, 212

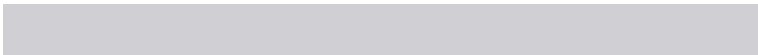
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



204, 208, 212



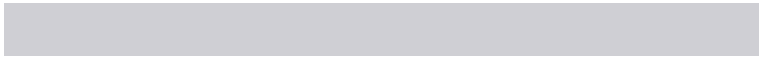
207, 207, 212



210, 206, 211

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



207, 207, 212



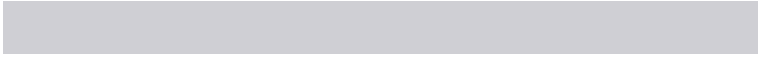
212, 206, 204



203, 209, 206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



207, 207, 212



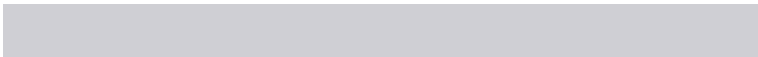
212, 212, 207

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



205, 208, 204



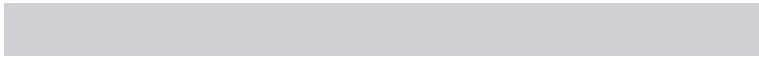
207, 207, 212



210, 207, 203

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



207, 207, 212



213, 206, 206



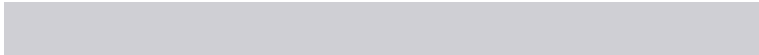
208, 208, 203



202, 209, 209

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



207, 207, 212



212, 206, 209



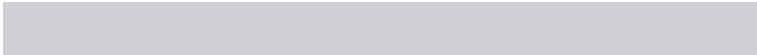
208, 208, 203



203, 209, 206

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



207, 207, 212



252, 252, 255



207, 212, 212



126, 126, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



207, 207, 212



247, 247, 255



210, 207, 212



103, 103, 107



0, 0, 171



0, 0, 43

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



212, 207, 212



255, 247, 255



210, 212, 207



107, 103, 107



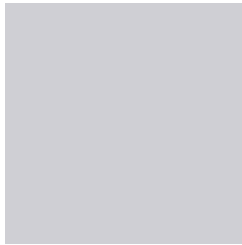
171, 0, 171



43, 0, 43

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 207, 207, 212 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

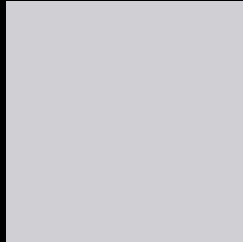
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 207, 207, 212 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

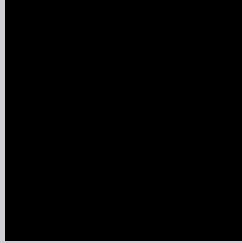
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

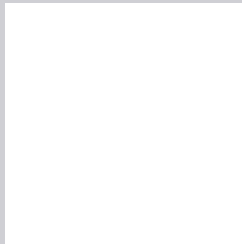
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 207, 207, 212 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 207, 207, 212.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 207, 207, 212.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy

	Original Color 207, 207, 212
	Protanopia 210, 206, 212
	Deuteranopia 225, 201, 213



Tritanopia
209, 205, 222

Trichromacy



Original Color

207, 207, 212

Protanomaly

209, 206, 212

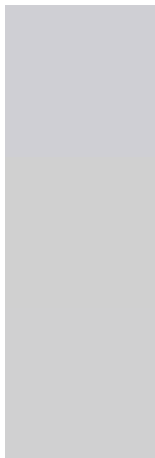
Deuteranomaly

218, 203, 213

Tritanomaly

208, 206, 218

Monochromacy



Original Color

207, 207, 212

Achromatopsia

208, 208, 208

Achromatomaly

208, 208, 209

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 207, 207, 212 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(207, 207, 212) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 207, 212)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 207, 212) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 207, 212) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 207, 207, 212 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

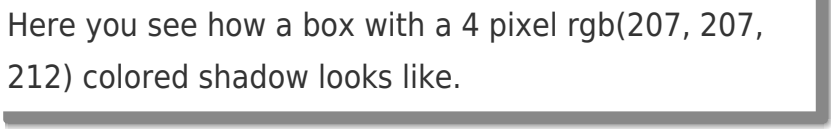
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 207, 212) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 207, 212) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 207, 212)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 207, 212); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 207, 212);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 207,  
212) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 207, 207, 212 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 207, 212) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207,  
207, 212) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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