

Converting Colors

RGB(207, 71, 88)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(207, 71, 88) contains.

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Color

RGB(207, 71, 88)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	CF4758
RGB	207, 71, 88
RGB Percent	81%, 28%, 35%
CMY	0.1882, 0.7216, 0.6549
CMYK	0.00, 0.66, 0.57, 0.19
HSL	352°, 59%, 55%
HSV	352°, 66%, 81%
XYZ	29.7468, 18.4765, 11.2310
YIQ	113.6020, 75.5990, 34.1190

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

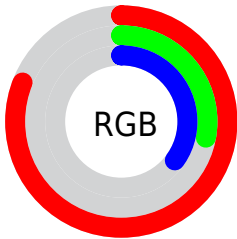
Format	Color
R_{YB}	207, 71, 88
Decimal	13584216
CIE _{Lab}	50.07, 54.69, 20.12
CIE _{LCh}	50, 58.274, 20.194
Yxy	18.4765, 0.5003, 0.3108
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291774296 (0xFFCF4758)
YUV	113.6020, -12.6218, 81.9100
Hunter-Lab	42.9842, 48.3067, 14.5976

Details

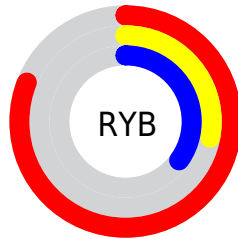
The RGB color **207, 71, 88** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC3366**. The color can be described as dark muted red. A complement of this color would be **71, 207, 190**, and the grayscale version is **114, 114, 114**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 126, 138**, and **147, 0, 43** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **207, 50, 70**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **207, 92, 106**.

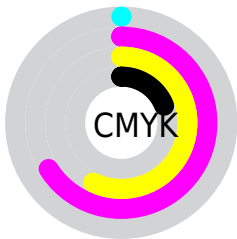
Distribution



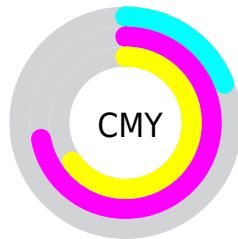
- Red (81%)
- Green (28%)
- Blue (35%)



- Red (81%)
- Yellow (28%)
- Blue (35%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Black (19%)




- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (72%)
- Yellow (65%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 207, 71, 88 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 207, 71, 88 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 207, 71, 88  207, 71, 88


255, 255, 255  177, 41, 65

 255, 126, 138  147, 0, 43

 255, 154, 164  117, 0, 23

 255, 182, 191  88, 0, 0

 255, 211, 219  61, 0, 3

 255, 240, 247  24, 0, 1

 0, 0, 0


 207, 71, 88  207, 71, 88

 207, 50, 70  207, 92, 106


 207, 30, 52

 207, 112, 124

 207, 9, 34

 207, 133, 142

 207, 0, 26

 207, 154, 160

 207, 175, 179

 207, 195, 197

 207, 216, 215

 207, 237, 233

 207, 255, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200, 70, 138



207, 71, 88



190, 90, 43

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



207, 71, 88



45, 136, 51



0, 130, 217

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



207, 71, 88



71, 207, 190

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 139, 195



207, 71, 88



0, 141, 101

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



207, 71, 88



111, 127, 0



0, 142, 152



84, 113, 213

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



207, 71, 88



169, 104, 13



0, 142, 152



0, 134, 212

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



207, 71, 88



255, 204, 210



189, 71, 207



128, 97, 101



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



207, 71, 88



255, 54, 79



207, 121, 71



105, 94, 95



168, 0, 21



41, 0, 5

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207, 71, 88



255, 54, 79



71, 157, 207



105, 94, 95



168, 0, 21



41, 0, 5

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 207, 71, 88 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

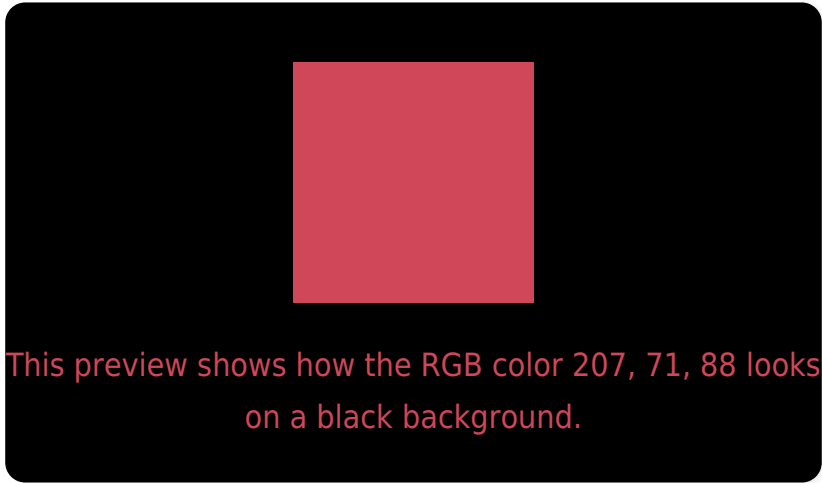
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 207, 71, 88 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 207, 71, 88.

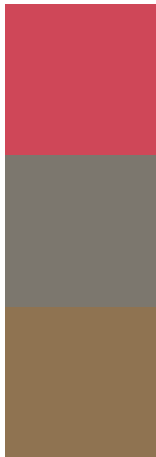


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 207, 71, 88.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
207, 71, 88

Protanopia
124, 119, 110

Deuteranopia
143, 115, 81



Tritanopia
206, 73, 77

Trichromacy



Original Color
207, 71, 88

Protanomaly
154, 102, 102

Deuteranomaly
166, 99, 84

Tritanomaly
206, 72, 81

Monochromacy



Original Color
207, 71, 88

Achromatopsia
114, 114, 114

Achromatomaly
148, 98, 105

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 207, 71, 88 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(207, 71, 88)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(207, 71, 88)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(207, 71, 88) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(207, 71, 88) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 207, 71, 88 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(207, 71, 88) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(207, 71, 88) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(207, 71, 88)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(207, 71, 88); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 71, 88);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(207, 71,  
88) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 207, 71, 88 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(207, 71, 88) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(207, 71,  
88) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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