

Converting Colors

RGB(208, 149, 120)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(208, 149, 120) contains.

RGB(208, 149, 120)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(208, 149, 120)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D09578
RGB	208, 149, 120
RGB Percent	82%, 58%, 47%
CMY	0.1843, 0.4157, 0.5294
CMYK	0.00, 0.28, 0.42, 0.18
HSL	20°, 48%, 64%
HSV	20°, 42%, 82%
XYZ	40.1500, 36.2609, 22.6522
YIQ	163.3350, 44.4730, 3.4890

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

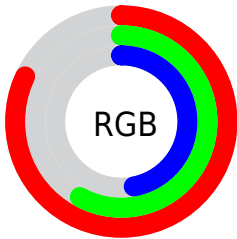
Format	Color
R _Y B	208, 163, 120
Decimal	13669752
CIE Lab	66.72, 18.62, 24.11
CIE LCh	67, 30.461, 52.328
Yxy	36.2609, 0.4053, 0.3660
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291859832 (0xFFD09578)
YUV	163.3350, -21.3642, 39.1712
Hunter-Lab	60.2170, 13.6362, 19.8484

Details

The RGB color **208, 149, 120** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9966**. A complement of this color would be **120, 179, 208**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 203, 172**, and **151, 98, 71** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **208, 135, 99**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **208, 163, 141**.

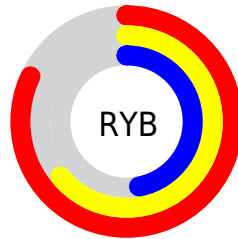
Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (58%)

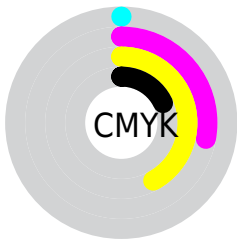
Blue (47%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (47%)

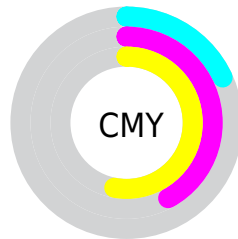


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (28%)

Yellow (42%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (42%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 208, 149, 120 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 208, 149, 120 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 208, 149, 120

 208, 149, 120


255, 255, 255

 179, 123, 95

 255, 203, 172

 151, 98, 71

 255, 232, 200

 124, 74, 48

 255, 255, 228

 97, 51, 27


 72, 29, 2


 46, 8, 0


 12, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0


 208, 149, 120


 208, 149, 120

 208, 135, 99

 208, 163, 141

 208, 121, 78

 208, 177, 162

 208, 107, 58

 208, 191, 182

 208, 93, 37

 208, 205, 203

 208, 79, 16

 208, 219, 224

 208, 69, 0

 208, 233, 245

 208, 247, 255

 208, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



217, 143, 143



208, 149, 120



188, 158, 108

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208, 149, 120



97, 177, 154



156, 158, 213

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



208, 149, 120



120, 179, 208

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



115, 167, 216



208, 149, 120



73, 177, 182

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



208, 149, 120



129, 173, 128



79, 174, 205



190, 148, 196

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208, 149, 120



170, 164, 108



79, 174, 205



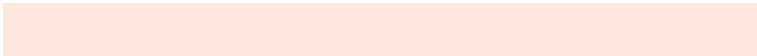
143, 161, 216

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208, 149, 120



255, 233, 222



208, 120, 180



128, 114, 107



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208, 149, 120



255, 168, 125



208, 192, 120



105, 98, 94



168, 55, 0



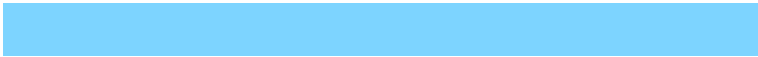
41, 13, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



120, 179, 208



125, 212, 255



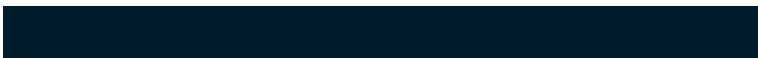
120, 136, 208



94, 101, 105



0, 113, 168



0, 27, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 149, 120 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

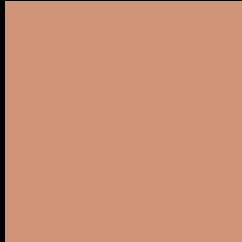
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 149, 120 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

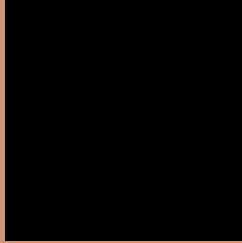
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 208, 149, 120 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 149, 120.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 149, 120.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
208, 149, 120

Protanopia
173, 162, 126

Deuteranopia
193, 156, 119



Tritanopia
211, 144, 155

Trichromacy



Original Color
208, 149, 120

Protanomaly
186, 157, 124

Deuteranomaly
198, 153, 119

Tritanomaly
210, 146, 142

Monochromacy



Original Color
208, 149, 120

Achromatopsia
163, 163, 163

Achromatomaly
179, 158, 147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 208, 149, 120 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 149, 120)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 149, 120)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 149, 120) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 149, 120) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 208, 149, 120 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 149, 120) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 149, 120) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 149, 120)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 149, 120); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 149, 120); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 149, 120) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 208, 149, 120 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 149, 120) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
149, 120) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor