

Converting Colors

RGB(208, 172, 252)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(208, 172, 252) contains.

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Color

RGB(208, 172, 252)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0ACFC
RGB	208, 172, 252
RGB Percent	82%, 67%, 99%
CMY	0.1843, 0.3255, 0.0118
CMYK	0.17, 0.32, 0.00, 0.01
HSL	267°, 93%, 83%
HSV	267°, 32%, 99%
XYZ	58.3356, 49.9432, 98.6608
YIQ	191.8840, -4.2240, 32.5120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

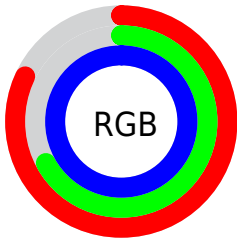
Format	Color
R _Y B	208, 172, 252
Decimal	13675772
CIE Lab	76.03, 28.21, -34.85
CIE LCh	76, 44.843, 308.990
Yxy	49.9432, 0.2819, 0.2413
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291865852 (0xFFD0ACFC)
YUV	191.8840, 29.6372, 14.1337
Hunter-Lab	70.6705, 23.6711, -33.3035

Details

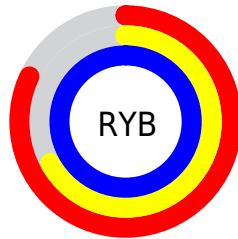
The RGB color **208, 172, 252** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99FF**. A complement of this color would be **216, 252, 172**, and the grayscale version is **192, 192, 192**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 228, 255**, and **153, 119, 195** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **194, 147, 252**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **222, 197, 252**.

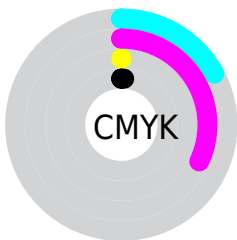
Distribution



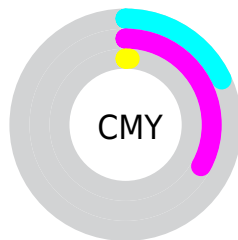
- Red (82%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (99%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (99%)



- Cyan (17%)
- Magenta (32%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (1%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (1%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 208, 172, 252 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 208, 172, 252 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 208, 172, 252

255, 255, 255


 255, 228, 255

 208, 172, 252


 180, 145, 223

 153, 119, 195

 126, 94, 168

 100, 70, 141

 74, 47, 115

 50, 25, 90

 25, 3, 66

 0, 0, 44

 0, 1, 22

■ 208, 172, 252

■ 208, 172, 252

■ 194, 147, 252

■ 222, 197, 252

■ 180, 122, 252

■ 236, 222, 252

■ 166, 96, 252

■ 250, 248, 252

■ 153, 71, 252

255, 255, 252

■ 139, 46, 252

■ 125, 21, 252

■ 113, 0, 252

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



146, 187, 255



208, 172, 252



249, 159, 218

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208, 172, 252



238, 175, 110



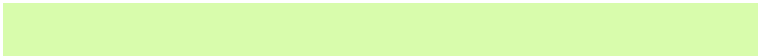
7, 209, 199

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



208, 172, 252



216, 252, 172

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



103, 207, 156



208, 172, 252



202, 189, 104

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



208, 172, 252



255, 161, 137



157, 200, 121



0, 207, 238

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208, 172, 252



255, 155, 191



157, 200, 121



55, 209, 185

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208, 172, 252



241, 230, 255



172, 216, 252



119, 112, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208, 172, 252



202, 158, 255



248, 172, 252



118, 112, 125



85, 0, 189



28, 0, 61

Inverse Universe

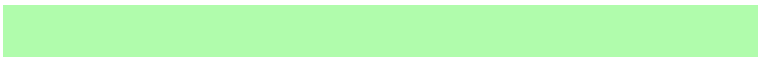
The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



252, 172, 216



255, 158, 211



176, 252, 172



125, 112, 119



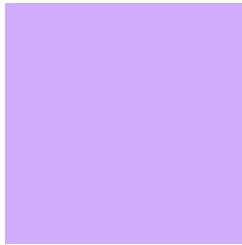
189, 0, 104



61, 0, 34

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 172, 252 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

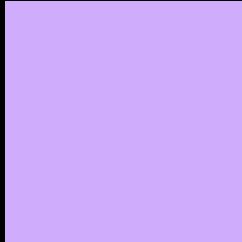
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 172, 252 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 208, 172, 252 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 172, 252.

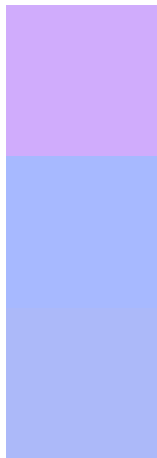


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 172, 252.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
208, 172, 252

Protanopia
167, 185, 255

Deuteranopia
172, 185, 249



Tritanopia
199, 183, 197

Trichromacy



Original Color
208, 172, 252

Protanomaly
182, 180, 254

Deuteranomaly
185, 180, 250

Tritanomaly
202, 179, 217

Monochromacy



Original Color
208, 172, 252

Achromatopsia
192, 192, 192

Achromatomaly
198, 185, 214

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 208, 172, 252 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 172, 252)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 172, 252)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 172, 252) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 172, 252) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 208, 172, 252 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 172, 252) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 172, 252) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 172, 252)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 172, 252); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 172, 252);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 172,  
252) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 208, 172, 252 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 172, 252) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
172, 252) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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