

Converting Colors

RGB(208, 186, 153)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(208, 186, 153) contains.

RGB(208, 186, 153)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(208, 186, 153)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0BA99
RGB	208, 186, 153
RGB Percent	82%, 73%, 60%
CMY	0.1843, 0.2706, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.26, 0.18
HSL	36°, 37%, 71%
HSV	36°, 26%, 82%
XYZ	49.3211, 50.8276, 37.3482
YIQ	188.8160, 23.7050, -5.5990

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

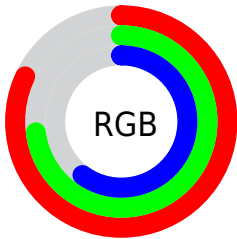
Format	Color
RYB	190, 208, 153
Decimal	13679257
CIELab	76.57, 2.76, 19.61
CIELCh	77, 19.803, 81.976
Yxy	50.8276, 0.3587, 0.3697
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291869337 (0xFFD0BA99)
YUV	188.8160, -17.6573, 16.8244
Hunter-Lab	71.2935, -1.2766, 18.8455

Details

The RGB color **208, 186, 153** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **C9C999**. A complement of this color would be **153, 175, 208**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 242, 207**, and **153, 133, 102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **208, 178, 132**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **208, 194, 174**.

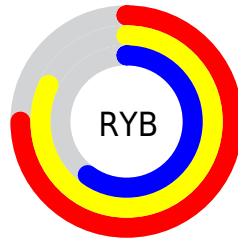
Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (73%)

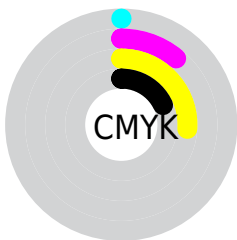
Blue (60%)



Red (75%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (60%)

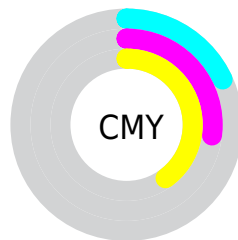


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (27%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 208, 186, 153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 208, 186, 153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 208, 186, 153

255, 255, 255

 255, 242, 207


 255, 255, 236

 208, 186, 153

 180, 159, 127


 153, 133, 102

 127, 108, 78


 101, 84, 55

 76, 61, 33

 53, 39, 11

 31, 19, 0


 0, 0, 0

 208, 186, 153


 208, 186, 153

 208, 178, 132


 208, 194, 174

 208, 169, 111

 208, 203, 195

 208, 161, 91


 208, 211, 215

 208, 153, 70

 208, 219, 236

 208, 144, 49

 208, 228, 255

 208, 136, 28

 208, 236, 255

 208, 128, 7

 208, 244, 255

 208, 125, 0

 208, 253, 255

 208, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



222, 180, 161



208, 186, 153



189, 192, 155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208, 186, 153



140, 199, 202



208, 180, 212

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



208, 186, 153



153, 175, 208

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



186, 186, 223



208, 186, 153



144, 197, 217

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



208, 186, 153



149, 199, 183



162, 192, 225



223, 177, 195

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208, 186, 153



175, 195, 161



162, 192, 225



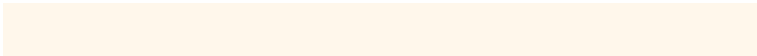
201, 182, 216

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208, 186, 153



255, 247, 235



208, 153, 175



128, 122, 115



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208, 186, 153



255, 222, 173



203, 208, 153



105, 100, 94



168, 101, 0



41, 24, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



153, 175, 208



173, 206, 255



158, 153, 208



94, 98, 105



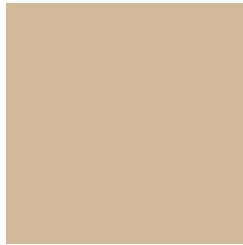
0, 67, 168



0, 16, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 186, 153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

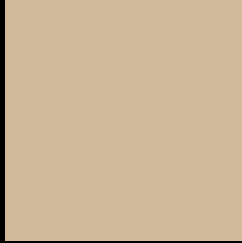
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 186, 153 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

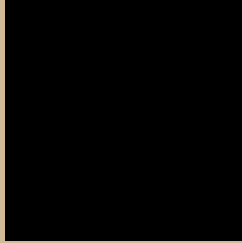
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 208, 186, 153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 186, 153.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 186, 153.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
208, 186, 153

Protanopia
200, 189, 154

Deuteranopia
219, 182, 154



Tritanopia
213, 180, 194

Trichromacy



Original Color

208, 186, 153

Protanomaly

203, 188, 154

Deuteranomaly

215, 183, 154

Tritanomaly

211, 182, 179

Monochromacy



Original Color

208, 186, 153

Achromatopsia

189, 189, 189

Achromatomaly

196, 188, 176

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 208, 186, 153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(208, 186, 153) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 186, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 186, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 186, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 208, 186, 153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 186, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 186, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 186, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 186, 153); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 186, 153);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 186,  
153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 208, 186, 153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 186, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
186, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor