

Converting Colors

RGB(208, 187, 191)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(208, 187, 191) contains.

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Color

RGB(208, 187, 191)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0BBBB
RGB	208, 187, 191
RGB Percent	82%, 73%, 75%
CMY	0.1843, 0.2667, 0.2510
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.08, 0.18
HSL	349°, 18%, 77%
HSV	349°, 10%, 82%
XYZ	53.1867, 52.7121, 56.6614
YIQ	193.7350, 11.2320, 5.6960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

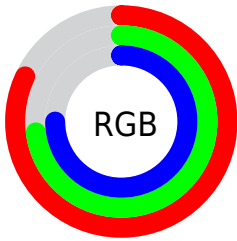
Format	Color
R _Y B	208, 187, 191
Decimal	13679551
CIE Lab	77.70, 8.13, 0.69
CIE LCh	78, 8.156, 4.859
Yxy	52.7121, 0.3272, 0.3243
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291869631 (0xFFD0BBBF)
YUV	193.7350, -1.3484, 12.5104
Hunter-Lab	72.6031, 3.7079, 4.5507

Details

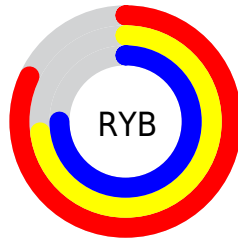
The RGB color **208, 187, 191** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **187, 208, 204**, and the grayscale version is **194, 194, 194**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 243, 247**, and **154, 134, 138** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **208, 166, 174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **208, 208, 208**.

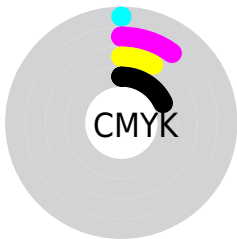
Distribution



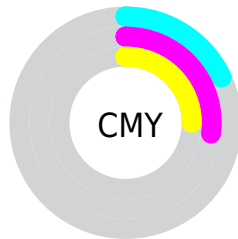
- Red (82%)
- Green (73%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (73%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (8%)
- Black (18%)




- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (27%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 208, 187, 191 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 208, 187, 191 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 208, 187, 191

 208, 187, 191

255, 255, 255

 180, 160, 164

 255, 243, 247

 154, 134, 138

 127, 109, 112

 102, 84, 88

 78, 61, 65

 55, 39, 43

 33, 19, 22

 0, 0, 0

 208, 187, 191

 208, 187, 191

 208, 166, 174

 208, 208, 208

 208, 145, 157


 208, 229, 225

 208, 125, 140

 208, 249, 242

 208, 104, 124

 208, 255, 255

 208, 83, 107

 208, 62, 90

 208, 41, 73

 208, 21, 56

 208, 0, 40

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



203, 188, 199



208, 187, 191



208, 188, 184

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208, 187, 191



188, 194, 180



178, 195, 205

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



208, 187, 191



187, 208, 204

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



174, 196, 200



208, 187, 191



180, 196, 185

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



208, 187, 191



197, 192, 177



175, 197, 193



186, 192, 207

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208, 187, 191



206, 189, 180



175, 197, 193



176, 195, 204

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208, 187, 191



255, 247, 249



204, 187, 208



128, 122, 123



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208, 187, 191



255, 224, 230



208, 193, 187



105, 94, 96



168, 0, 32



41, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208, 187, 191



255, 224, 230



187, 202, 208



105, 94, 96



168, 0, 32



41, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 187, 191 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

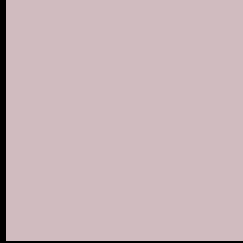
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 187, 191 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

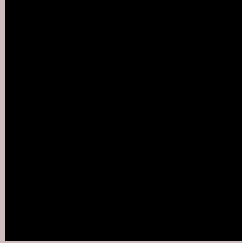
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 208, 187, 191 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 187, 191.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 187, 191.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
208, 187, 191

Protanopia
195, 191, 193

Deuteranopia
211, 186, 191



Tritanopia
209, 186, 200

Trichromacy



Original Color

208, 187, 191

Protanomaly

200, 190, 192

Deuteranomaly

210, 186, 191

Tritanomaly

209, 186, 197

Monochromacy



Original Color

208, 187, 191

Achromatopsia

194, 194, 194

Achromatomaly

199, 191, 193

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 208, 187, 191 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(208, 187, 191) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 187, 191)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 187, 191) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 187, 191) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 208, 187, 191 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

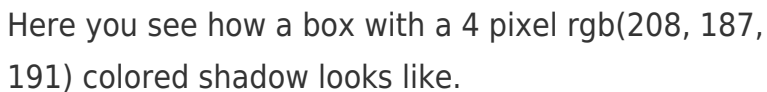
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 187, 191) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 187, 191) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 187, 191)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 187, 191); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 187, 191); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 187, 191) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 208, 187, 191 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 187, 191) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
187, 191) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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