

Converting Colors

RGB(208, 190, 189)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(208, 190, 189) contains.

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Color

RGB(208, 190, 189)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0BEBD
RGB	208, 190, 189
RGB Percent	82%, 75%, 74%
CMY	0.1843, 0.2549, 0.2588
CMYK	0.00, 0.09, 0.09, 0.18
HSL	3°, 17%, 78%
HSV	3°, 9%, 82%
XYZ	53.6112, 53.9109, 55.7243
YIQ	195.2680, 11.0490, 3.5050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

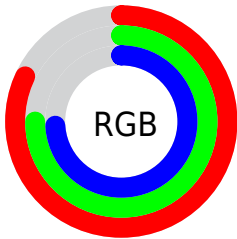
Format	Color
R _Y B	208, 190, 189
Decimal	13680317
CIE Lab	78.41, 6.18, 2.80
CIE LCh	78, 6.785, 24.357
Yxy	53.9109, 0.3284, 0.3302
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291870397 (0xFFD0BEBD)
YUV	195.2680, -3.0901, 11.1660
Hunter-Lab	73.4241, 1.8411, 6.3994

Details

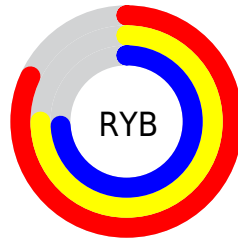
The RGB color **208, 190, 189** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **189, 207, 208**, and the grayscale version is **195, 195, 195**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 246, 245**, and **154, 137, 136** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **208, 170, 168**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **208, 210, 210**.

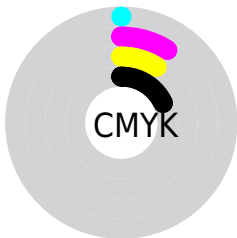
Distribution



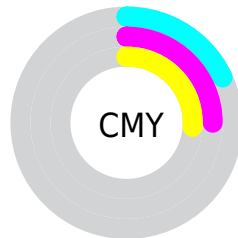
- Red (82%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (74%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (74%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (26%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 208, 190, 189 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 208, 190, 189 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 208, 190, 189

255, 255, 255

 255, 246, 245

 208, 190, 189

 180, 163, 162

 154, 137, 136

 128, 111, 110

 102, 87, 86


 78, 64, 63

 55, 42, 41

 34, 21, 21

 0, 0, 0

 208, 190, 189


 208, 190, 189

 208, 170, 168

 208, 210, 210

 208, 151, 147

 208, 229, 231

 208, 131, 127

 208, 249, 251

 208, 111, 106

 208, 255, 255

 208, 91, 85

 208, 72, 64

 208, 52, 43

 208, 32, 23

 208, 13, 2

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



206, 190, 195



208, 190, 189



206, 191, 184

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208, 190, 189



186, 197, 186



186, 195, 206

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



208, 190, 189



189, 207, 208

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



181, 197, 204



208, 190, 189



181, 198, 192

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



208, 190, 189



194, 195, 182



179, 198, 199



194, 193, 205

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208, 190, 189



203, 192, 182



179, 198, 199



184, 196, 206

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208, 190, 189



255, 248, 247



208, 189, 207



128, 123, 122



0, 0, 0



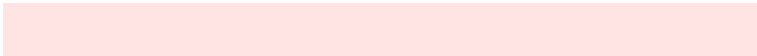
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208, 190, 189



255, 228, 227



208, 199, 189



105, 95, 94



168, 9, 0



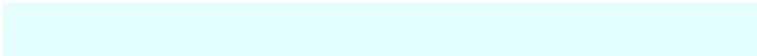
41, 2, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



189, 207, 208



227, 254, 255



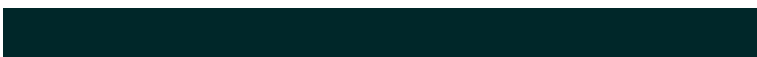
189, 198, 208



94, 104, 105



0, 159, 168



0, 39, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 190, 189 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 190, 189 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

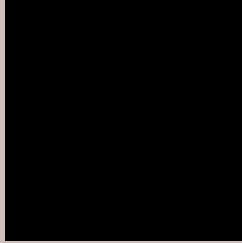
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 208, 190, 189 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 190, 189.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 190, 189.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
208, 190, 189

Protanopia
198, 193, 191

Deuteranopia
214, 188, 189



Tritanopia
210, 188, 203

Trichromacy



Original Color

208, 190, 189

Protanomaly

202, 192, 190

Deuteranomaly

212, 189, 189

Tritanomaly

209, 189, 198

Monochromacy



Original Color

208, 190, 189

Achromatopsia

195, 195, 195

Achromatomaly

200, 193, 193

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 208, 190, 189 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(208, 190, 189) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 190, 189)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 190, 189) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 190, 189) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 208, 190, 189 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

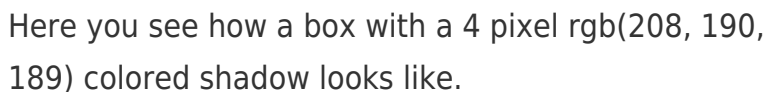
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 190, 189) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 190, 189) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 190, 189)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 190, 189); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 190, 189);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 190,  
189) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 208, 190, 189 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 190, 189) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
190, 189) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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