

Converting Colors

RGB(208, 204, 204)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(208, 204, 204) contains.

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Color

RGB(208, 204, 204)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0CCCC
RGB	208, 204, 204
RGB Percent	82%, 80%, 80%
CMY	0.1843, 0.2000, 0.2000
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.18
HSL	0°, 4%, 81%
HSV	0°, 2%, 82%
XYZ	58.5044, 60.9553, 65.8088
YIQ	205.1960, 2.3840, 0.8480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

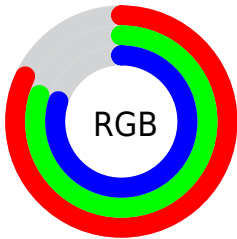
Format	Color
RYB	208, 204, 204
Decimal	13683916
CIELab	82.35, 1.38, 0.48
CIElCh	82, 1.462, 19.133
Yxy	60.9553, 0.3158, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291873996 (0xFFD0CCCC)
YUV	205.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591
Hunter-Lab	78.0739, -2.8709, 4.6759

Details

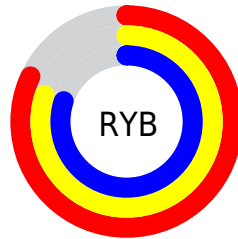
The RGB color **208, 204, 204** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **204, 208, 208**, and the grayscale version is **205, 205, 205**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **154, 150, 150** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **208, 183, 183**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **208, 225, 225**.

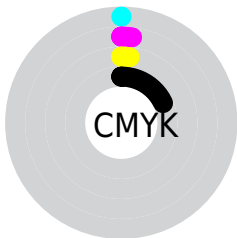
Distribution



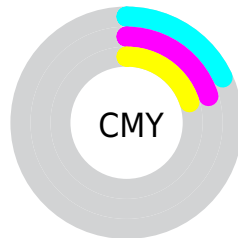
- Red (82%)
- Green (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (80%)
- Blue (80%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (2%)
- Yellow (2%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (20%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 208, 204, 204 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 208, 204, 204 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 208, 204, 204

255, 255, 255

■ 208, 204, 204

■ 180, 177, 177

■ 154, 150, 150

■ 128, 124, 124

■ 103, 99, 99

■ 79, 75, 75

■ 56, 53, 53


■ 34, 32, 32

■ 13, 7, 7

■ 0, 0, 0

 208, 204, 204

 208, 204, 204

 208, 183, 183


 208, 225, 225


 208, 162, 162

 208, 246, 246

 208, 142, 142

 208, 255, 255

 208, 121, 121

 208, 100, 100

 208, 79, 79

 208, 58, 58

 208, 38, 38

 208, 17, 17

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



207, 204, 205



208, 204, 204



208, 204, 203

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208, 204, 204



203, 205, 203



203, 205, 208

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



208, 204, 204



204, 208, 208

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



202, 206, 207



208, 204, 204



202, 206, 204

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



208, 204, 204



205, 205, 202



202, 206, 206



205, 205, 207

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208, 204, 204



207, 204, 202



202, 206, 206



203, 205, 207

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208, 204, 204



255, 252, 252



208, 204, 208



128, 126, 126



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208, 204, 204



255, 250, 250



208, 206, 204



105, 102, 102



168, 0, 0



41, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



204, 208, 208



250, 255, 255



204, 206, 208



102, 105, 105



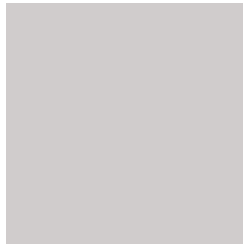
0, 168, 168



0, 41, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 204, 204 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

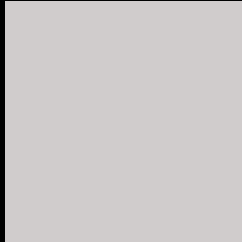
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 204, 204 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

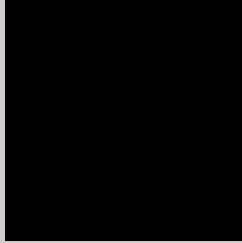
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

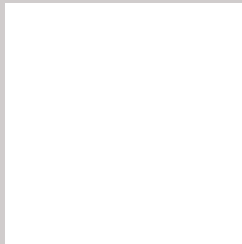
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 208, 204, 204 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 204, 204.

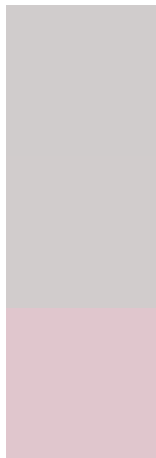


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 204, 204.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
208, 204, 204

Protanopia
209, 204, 204

Deuteranopia
224, 198, 205



Tritanopia
210, 202, 218

Trichromacy



Original Color

208, 204, 204

Protanomaly

209, 204, 204

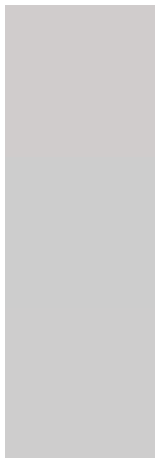
Deuteranomaly

218, 200, 205

Tritanomaly

209, 203, 213

Monochromacy



Original Color

208, 204, 204

Achromatopsia

205, 205, 205

Achromatomaly

206, 205, 205

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 208, 204, 204 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(208, 204, 204) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 204, 204)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 204, 204) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 204, 204) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 208, 204, 204 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 204, 204) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 204, 204) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 204, 204)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 204, 204); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 204, 204);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 204,  
204) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 208, 204, 204 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 204, 204) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
204, 204) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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