

Converting Colors

RGB(208, 213, 232)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(208, 213, 232) contains.

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Color

RGB(208, 213, 232)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0D5E8
RGB	208, 213, 232
RGB Percent	82%, 84%, 91%
CMY	0.1843, 0.1647, 0.0902
CMYK	0.10, 0.08, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	227°, 34%, 86%
HSV	227°, 10%, 91%
XYZ	64.3722, 66.8246, 85.8496
YIQ	213.6710, -9.0790, 4.8490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

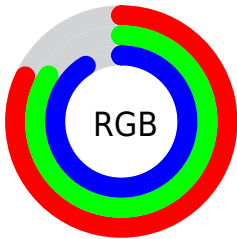
Format	Color
R _Y B	208, 212, 232
Decimal	13686248
CIE Lab	85.42, 1.96, -9.91
CIE LCh	85, 10.104, 281.175
Yxy	66.8246, 0.2966, 0.3079
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291876328 (0xFFD0D5E8)
YUV	213.6710, 9.0362, -4.9735
Hunter-Lab	81.7463, -2.4940, -5.0437

Details

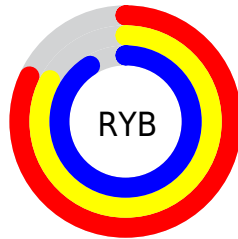
The RGB color **208, 213, 232** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **232, 227, 208**, and the grayscale version is **214, 214, 214**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **154, 158, 176** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **185, 195, 232**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **231, 231, 232**.

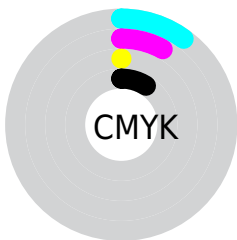
Distribution



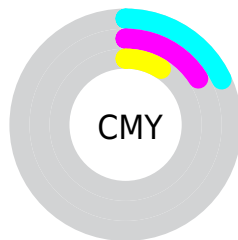
- Red (82%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (91%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (83%)
- Blue (91%)



- Cyan (10%)
- Magenta (8%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (9%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 208, 213, 232 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 208, 213, 232 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 208, 213, 232

255, 255, 255

■ 208, 213, 232

■ 180, 185, 204

■ 154, 158, 176

■ 127, 132, 150

■ 102, 107, 124

■ 78, 83, 99

■ 55, 60, 75


■ 33, 38, 52


■ 12, 18, 31


■ 0, 0, 5

 208, 213, 232

 208, 213, 232

 185, 195, 232

 231, 231, 232


 162, 176, 232


 254, 250, 232

 138, 158, 232


 255, 255, 232

 115, 140, 232

 92, 121, 232

 69, 103, 232

 46, 84, 232

 22, 66, 232

 0, 48, 232

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



197, 216, 231



208, 213, 232



220, 210, 228

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208, 213, 232



233, 208, 201



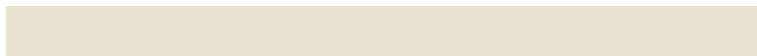
197, 219, 207

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



208, 213, 232



232, 227, 208

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



207, 217, 199



208, 213, 232



227, 211, 196

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



208, 213, 232



234, 207, 210



218, 214, 195



191, 219, 217

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208, 213, 232



227, 208, 223



218, 214, 195



200, 218, 204

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208, 213, 232



247, 249, 255



208, 232, 227



122, 123, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208, 213, 232



224, 231, 255



215, 208, 232



103, 106, 115



0, 37, 179



0, 11, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



232, 208, 213



255, 224, 231



225, 232, 208



115, 103, 106



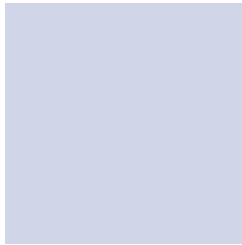
179, 0, 37



51, 0, 11

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 213, 232 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

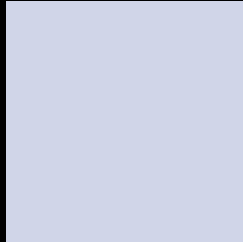
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 213, 232 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

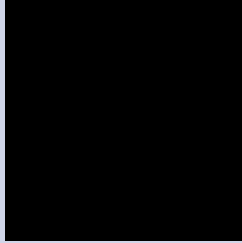
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

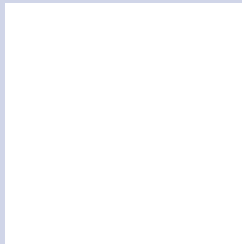
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 208, 213, 232 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 213, 232.

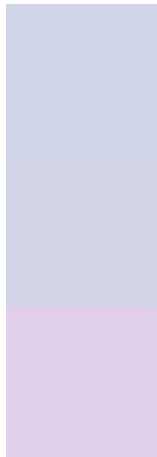


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 213, 232.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

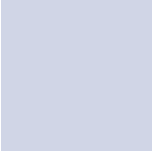
Dichromacy



Original Color
[208](#), [213](#), [232](#)

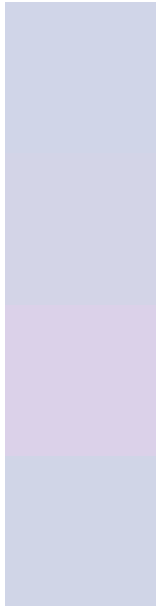
Protanopia
[212](#), [212](#), [231](#)

Deuteranopia
[225](#), [207](#), [233](#)



Tritanopia
208, 213, 230

Trichromacy



Original Color
208, 213, 232

Protanomaly
211, 212, 231

Deuteranomaly
219, 209, 233

Tritanomaly
208, 213, 231

Monochromacy



Original Color
208, 213, 232

Achromatopsia
214, 214, 214

Achromatomaly
212, 214, 221

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 208, 213, 232 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(208, 213, 232) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 213, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 213, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 213, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 208, 213, 232 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 213, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 213, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 213, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 213, 232); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 213, 232);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 213,  
232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 208, 213, 232 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 213, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
213, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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