

Converting Colors

RGB(208, 231, 221)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(208, 231, 221) contains.

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Color

RGB(208, 231, 221)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D0E7DD
RGB	208, 231, 221
RGB Percent	82%, 91%, 87%
CMY	0.1843, 0.0941, 0.1333
CMYK	0.10, 0.00, 0.04, 0.09
HSL	154°, 32%, 86%
HSV	154°, 10%, 91%
XYZ	67.6395, 75.7822, 79.4691
YIQ	222.9830, -10.4980, -7.9860

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

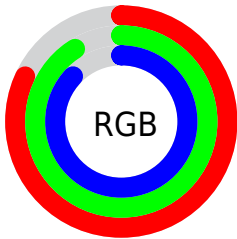
Format	Color
R_{YB}	208, 223, 231
Decimal	13690845
CIE _{Lab}	89.76, -9.45, 2.27
CIE _{LCh}	90, 9.723, 166.493
Yxy	75.7822, 0.3035, 0.3400
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291880925 (0xFFD0E7DD)
YUV	222.9830, -0.9776, -13.1401
Hunter-Lab	87.0530, -13.6496, 6.8123

Details

The RGB color **208, 231, 221** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **231, 208, 218**, and the grayscale version is **223, 223, 223**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 255, 255**, and **154, 175, 166** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **185, 231, 211**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **231, 231, 231**.

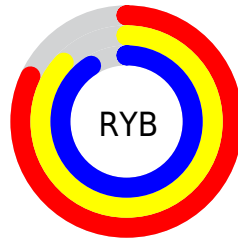
Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (91%)

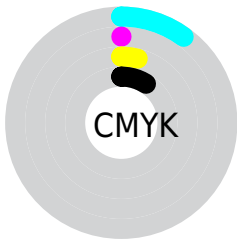
Blue (87%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (87%)

Blue (91%)

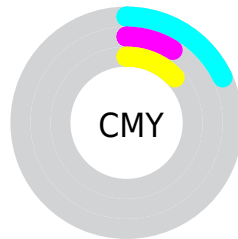


Cyan (10%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (4%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (18%)

Magenta (9%)

Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 208, 231, 221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 208, 231, 221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 208, 231, 221

255, 255, 255

■ 208, 231, 221

■ 180, 203, 193

■ 154, 175, 166

■ 127, 149, 140

■ 102, 123, 114

■ 78, 98, 90

■ 55, 74, 66

■ 33, 52, 44


■ 13, 30, 24

■ 0, 0, 0

 208, 231, 221

 208, 231, 221

 185, 231, 211

 231, 231, 231

 162, 231, 201

 254, 231, 241

 139, 231, 191

 255, 231, 251

 116, 231, 181

 255, 231, 255

 93, 231, 171

 69, 231, 161

 46, 231, 151

 23, 231, 141

 0, 231, 131

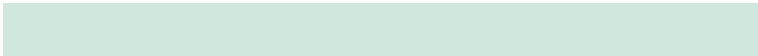
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



217, 229, 213



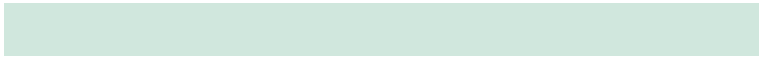
208, 231, 221



203, 231, 231

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208, 231, 221



222, 225, 243



244, 221, 213

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



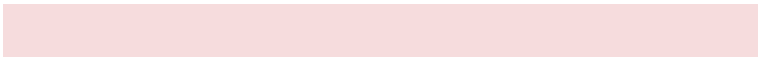
208, 231, 221



231, 208, 218

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



246, 220, 221



208, 231, 221



234, 222, 239

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



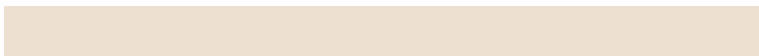
208, 231, 221



212, 228, 243



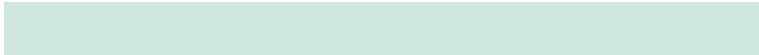
242, 220, 230



238, 224, 208

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208, 231, 221



203, 231, 236



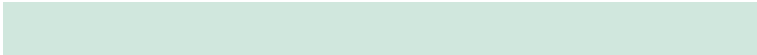
242, 220, 230



246, 220, 215

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208, 231, 221



247, 255, 252



218, 231, 208



122, 128, 125



0, 0, 0



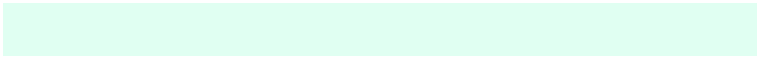
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208, 231, 221



224, 255, 242



208, 230, 231



103, 115, 110



0, 179, 101



0, 51, 29

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



231, 208, 218



255, 224, 238



231, 209, 208



115, 103, 108



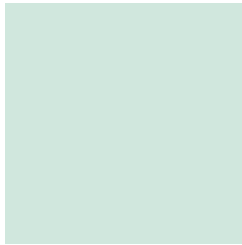
179, 0, 78



51, 0, 22

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 231, 221 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

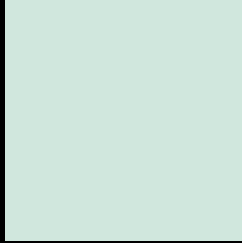
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 231, 221 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

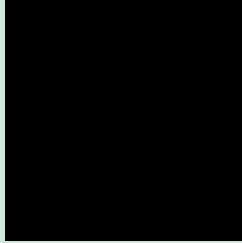
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

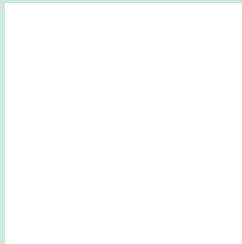
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 208, 231, 221 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 231, 221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 231, 221.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
212, 227, 245

Trichromacy



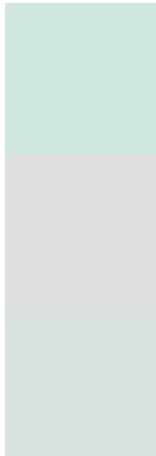
Original Color
208, 231, 221

Protanomaly
223, 227, 218

Deuteranomaly
233, 223, 223

Tritanomaly
211, 228, 236

Monochromacy



Original Color
208, 231, 221

Achromatopsia
223, 223, 223

Achromatomaly
218, 226, 222

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 208, 231, 221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 231, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 231, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 231, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 231, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 208, 231, 221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

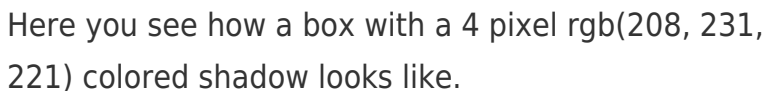
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 231, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 231, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(208, 231, 221)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 231, 221); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 231, 221); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 231, 221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 208, 231, 221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 231, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208,  
231, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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