

Converting Colors

RGB(208, 69, 208)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(208, 69, 208) contains.

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Color

RGB(208, 69, 208)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D045D0
RGB	208, 69, 208
RGB Percent	82%, 27%, 82%
CMY	0.1843, 0.7294, 0.1843
CMYK	0.00, 0.67, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	300°, 60%, 54%
HSV	300°, 67%, 82%
XYZ	39.5257, 22.2202, 61.8802
YIQ	126.4070, 38.2250, 72.6970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

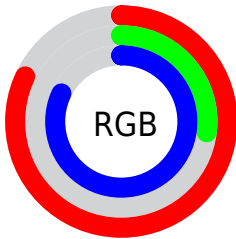
Format	Color
R_{YB}	208, 69, 208
Decimal	13649360
CIE _{Lab}	54.26, 70.36, -44.53
CIE _{LCh}	54, 83.268, 327.674
Yxy	22.2202, 0.3197, 0.1797
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291839440 (0xFFD045D0)
YUV	126.4070, 40.2253, 71.5571
Hunter-Lab	47.1383, 67.1811, -44.8353

Details

The RGB color **208, 69, 208** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC33CC**. The color can be described as light muted magenta. A complement of this color would be **69, 208, 69**, and the grayscale version is **126, 126, 126**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 128, 255**, and **150, 0, 153** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **208, 48, 208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **208, 90, 208**.

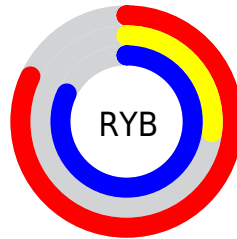
Distribution



Red (82%)

Green (27%)

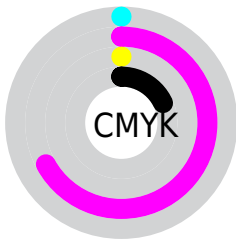
Blue (82%)



Red (82%)

Yellow (27%)

Blue (82%)

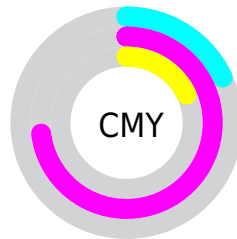


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (67%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (18%)



Cyan (18%)


Magenta (73%)

Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 208, 69, 208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 208, 69, 208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 208, 69, 208

 208, 69, 208


255, 255, 255

 179, 35, 180

 255, 128, 255

 150, 0, 153

 255, 156, 255

 121, 0, 126

 255, 185, 255

 94, 0, 101

 255, 215, 255

 67, 0, 76


 255, 244, 255


 39, 0, 53

 0, 0, 30

 0, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0


 208, 69, 208

 208, 69, 208

 208, 48, 208

 208, 90, 208

 208, 27, 208

 208, 111, 208

 208, 7, 208

 208, 131, 208

 208, 0, 208

 208, 152, 208

 208, 173, 208

 208, 194, 208

 208, 215, 208

 208, 235, 208

 208, 255, 208

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



104, 113, 255



208, 69, 208



249, 13, 139

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



208, 69, 208



162, 125, 0



0, 160, 195

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



208, 69, 208



69, 208, 69

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 159, 122



208, 69, 208



91, 145, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



208, 69, 208



215, 93, 0



0, 155, 44



0, 155, 252

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



208, 69, 208



252, 26, 91



0, 155, 44



0, 160, 172

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



208, 69, 208



255, 204, 255



69, 69, 208



128, 97, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



208, 69, 208



255, 51, 255



208, 69, 139



105, 94, 105



168, 0, 168



41, 0, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208, 69, 208



255, 51, 255



69, 208, 139



105, 94, 105



168, 0, 168



41, 0, 41

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 69, 208 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

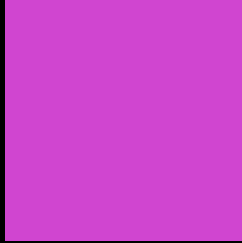
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 208, 69, 208 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

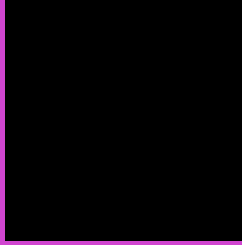
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 208, 69, 208 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 69, 208.

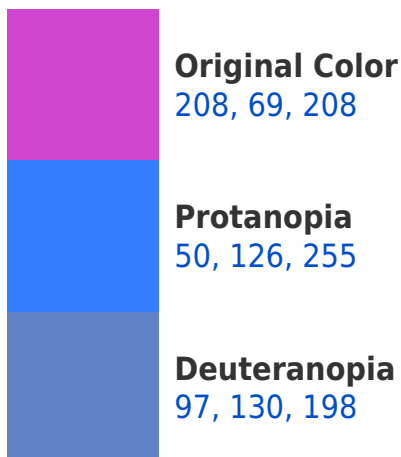


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 208, 69, 208.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
196, 101, 108

Trichromacy



Original Color

208, 69, 208



Protanomaly

107, 105, 238



Deuteranomaly

137, 108, 202



Tritanomaly

200, 89, 144

Monochromacy



Original Color

208, 69, 208



Achromatopsia

126, 126, 126



Achromatomaly

156, 105, 156

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 208, 69, 208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(208, 69, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(208, 69, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 69, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(208, 69, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 208, 69, 208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(208, 69, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(208, 69, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(208, 69, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(208, 69, 208); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 69, 208);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(208, 69,  
208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 208, 69, 208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(208, 69, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(208, 69,  
208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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