

Converting Colors

RGB(209, 0, 246)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(209, 0, 246) contains.

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Color

RGB(209, 0, 246)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D100F6
RGB	209, 0, 246
RGB Percent	82%, 0%, 96%
CMY	0.1804, 1.0000, 0.0353
CMYK	0.15, 1.00, 0.00, 0.04
HSL	291°, 100%, 48%
HSV	291°, 100%, 96%
XYZ	42.9290, 20.2091, 88.8269
YIQ	90.5350, 45.5980, 120.8140

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

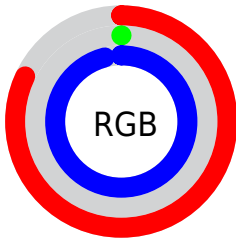
Format	Color
R_{YB}	209, 0, 246
Decimal	13697270
CIE _{Lab}	52.07, 90.21, -69.51
CIE _{LCh}	52, 113.883, 322.384
Yxy	20.2091, 0.2825, 0.1330
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291887350 (0xFFD100F6)
YUV	90.5350, 76.6442, 103.8938
Hunter-Lab	44.9546, 91.7868, -85.6845

Details

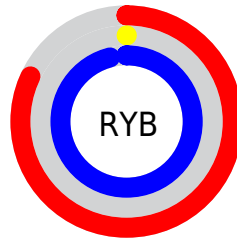
The RGB color **209, 0, 246** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC00FF**. The color can be described as light saturated magenta. A complement of this color would be **37, 246, 0**, and the grayscale version is **90, 90, 90**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 96, 255**, and **149, 0, 188** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **209, 0, 246**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **213, 25, 246**.

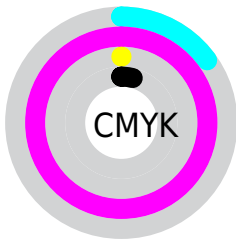
Distribution



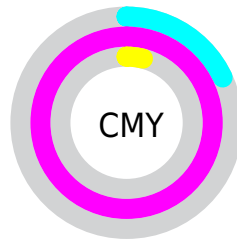
- Red (82%)
- Green (0%)
- Blue (96%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (15%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (100%)
- Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 209, 0, 246 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 209, 0, 246 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



209, 0, 246



209, 0, 246

255, 255, 255



179, 0, 217



255, 96, 255



149, 0, 188



255, 128, 255



119, 0, 161



255, 159, 255



89, 0, 134



255, 189, 255



59, 0, 107



255, 219, 255



23, 0, 82



255, 250, 255



0, 0, 58




0, 2, 35




0, 0, 10

 209, 0, 246


 213, 25, 246


 216, 49, 246

 220, 74, 246

 224, 98, 246

 228, 123, 246

 231, 148, 246

 235, 172, 246

 239, 197, 246

 242, 221, 246

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



0, 111, 255



209, 0, 246



255, 0, 154

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209, 0, 246



172, 112, 0



0, 160, 197

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209, 0, 246



37, 246, 0

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 158, 95



209, 0, 246



77, 140, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



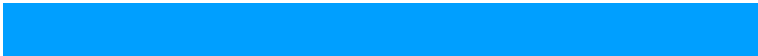
209, 0, 246



240, 46, 0



0, 153, 0



0, 159, 255

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209, 0, 246



255, 0, 90



0, 153, 0



0, 160, 164

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209, 0, 246



243, 179, 255



0, 41, 246



121, 82, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209, 0, 246



217, 0, 255



246, 0, 164



121, 110, 122



158, 0, 186



50, 0, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



246, 0, 37



255, 0, 38



0, 246, 82



122, 110, 112



186, 0, 28



59, 0, 9

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 0, 246 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

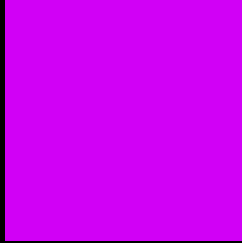
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 0, 246 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

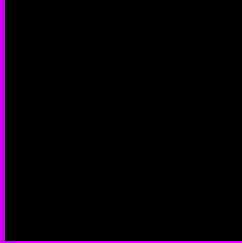
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 209, 0, 246 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 0, 246.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 0, 246.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


209, 0, 246

Protanopia

12, 121, 255

Deuteranopia

0, 128, 226



Tritanopia
190, 96, 103

Trichromacy



Original Color

209, 0, 246



Protanomaly

84, 77, 252



Deuteranomaly

76, 81, 233



Tritanomaly

197, 61, 155

Monochromacy



Original Color

209, 0, 246



Achromatopsia

91, 91, 91



Achromatomaly

134, 58, 147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 209, 0, 246 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 0, 246)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 0, 246)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 0, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 0, 246) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 209, 0, 246 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 0, 246) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 0, 246) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 0, 246) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(209, 0, 246); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 0, 246);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 0,  
246) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 209, 0, 246 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 0, 246) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209, 0,  
246) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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