

Converting Colors

RGB(209, 117, 169)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(209, 117, 169) contains.

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Color

RGB(209, 117, 169)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	D175A9
RGB	209, 117, 169
RGB Percent	82%, 46%, 66%
CMY	0.1804, 0.5412, 0.3373
CMYK	0.00, 0.44, 0.19, 0.18
HSL	326°, 50%, 64%
HSV	326°, 44%, 82%
XYZ	39.8172, 29.1425, 41.0626
YIQ	150.4360, 38.1400, 35.6760

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

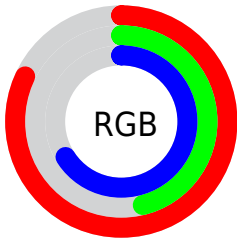
Format	Color
R _{YB}	209, 117, 169
Decimal	13727145
CIE _{Lab}	60.91, 42.63, -11.90
CIE _{LCh}	61, 44.256, 344.404
Yxy	29.1425, 0.3619, 0.2649
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4291917225 (0xFFD175A9)
YUV	150.4360, 9.1521, 51.3606
Hunter-Lab	53.9838, 37.1860, -7.3101

Details

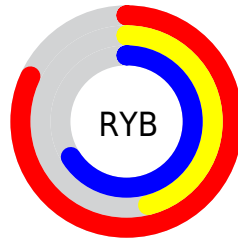
The RGB color **209, 117, 169** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **117, 209, 157**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **255, 171, 224**, and **152, 65, 117** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **209, 96, 160**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **209, 138, 178**.

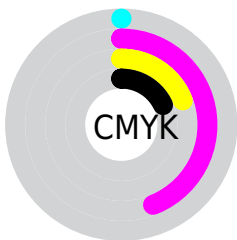
Distribution



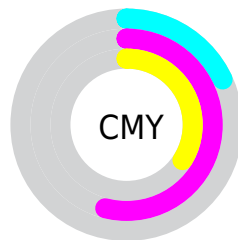
- Red (82%)
- Green (46%)
- Blue (66%)



- Red (82%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (66%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (19%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (54%)
- Yellow (34%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 209, 117, 169 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 209, 117, 169 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 209, 117, 169

255, 255, 255

 255, 171, 224

 255, 199, 253

 255, 228, 255

 209, 117, 169

 180, 91, 143

 152, 65, 117

 125, 39, 92

 99, 8, 69

 72, 0, 46

 50, 0, 26

 9, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 209, 117, 169

 209, 117, 169

209, 96, 160

209, 138, 178

209, 75, 151

209, 159, 187

209, 54, 142

209, 180, 196

209, 33, 133

209, 201, 205

209, 13, 124

209, 221, 214

209, 0, 118

209, 242, 224

209, 255, 233

209, 255, 242

209, 255, 251

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



174, 129, 203



209, 117, 169



221, 115, 130

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



209, 117, 169



152, 151, 68



0, 164, 201

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



209, 117, 169



117, 209, 157

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 167, 165



209, 117, 169



108, 160, 89

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



209, 117, 169



188, 138, 71



45, 166, 125



0, 157, 222

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



209, 117, 169



217, 120, 105



45, 166, 125



0, 166, 190

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



209, 117, 169



255, 222, 241



157, 117, 209



128, 107, 119



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



209, 117, 169



255, 120, 196



209, 117, 123



105, 94, 100



168, 0, 95



41, 0, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



209, 117, 169



255, 120, 196



117, 209, 203



105, 94, 100



168, 0, 95



41, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 117, 169 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

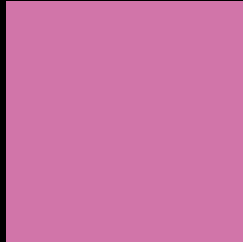
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 209, 117, 169 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 209, 117, 169 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 117, 169.

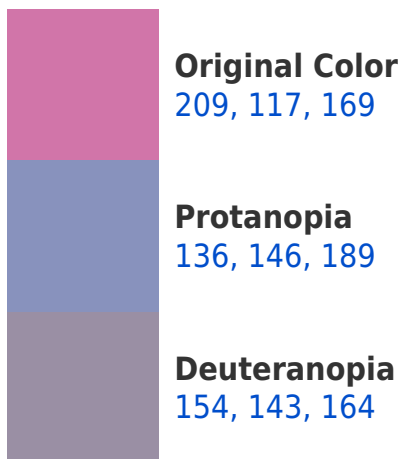



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 209, 117, 169.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
205, 124, 133

Trichromacy



Original Color

209, 117, 169



Protanomaly

163, 135, 182



Deuteranomaly

174, 134, 166



Tritanomaly

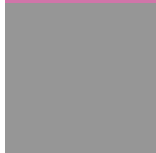
206, 121, 146

Monochromacy



Original Color

209, 117, 169



Achromatopsia

150, 150, 150



Achromatomaly

171, 138, 157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 209, 117, 169 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(209, 117, 169)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(209, 117, 169)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(209, 117, 169) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(209, 117, 169) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 209, 117, 169 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(209, 117, 169) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(209, 117, 169) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(209, 117, 169)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 117, 169); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 117, 169); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(209, 117, 169) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 209, 117, 169 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(209, 117, 169) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(209,  
117, 169) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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